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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 250 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1949. PRICE 2 ANNAS

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INDIA ELECTED TO U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL

Yugoslavia's Success Upsets Vyshinsky

FLUSHING MEADOWS, October 20 (PTI-Reuter):

INDIA, Ecuador and Yugoslavia were today elected to the Security Council by a plenary session of the General Assembly.

Voting in the first ballot for the three vacant seats were: India 56, Ecuador 57, Yugoslavia 37, and Czechoslovakia 20.

Later Yugoslavia was elected to the third place by 39 votes to Czechoslovakia's 19.

Second ballot, was necessary, as both Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia failed to secure the necessarry two-thirds majority in the first. Voting in the first ballot was Yugoslavia 37, Czechoslovakia 20.

The Assembly elected Yugoslavia two days after M. Andrei Vyashinsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, had declared that Russia would consider the election as "illegal and unjust".

ELECTED IN FIRST BALLOT

India with 56 votes and Ecuador with 57 votes were elected in the first ballot. When the meeting opened M. Vyshinsky was ruled out of order as he began attacking Yugoslavia for making "slanderous" statements on the question of the election.

The Assembly was meeting in plenary session to elect three Security Council members to take office in place of Argentina, Canada and Ukraine, who retire after two years in office.

Canada's seat was expected to be taken by India, and Argentina to be replaced by Ecuador.

The most bitter contest was for the Ukrainian vacancy.

APPLAUSE

Loud applause greeted the announcement of India's election to replace Canada as representative of the Commonwealth.

The Soviet Union had proposed Czechoslovakia while the United States and a number of other delegations supported Yugoslavia.

M. Vyshinsky took the floor on a point of order immediately after the meeting began to protest against a press release by the Yugoslav Delegation, which he said "slanderously distorted the attitude of the Soviet Union".

General Carlos Romulo, President of the Assembly, hammered in vain to rule the Soviet Delegate out of order.

M. Vyshinsky continued speaking and only when he had finished was the President able to declare that all his remarks had been out of order.

The ruling was loudly applauded.

RUSSIAN PROTEST

After Yugoslavia had been elected M. Vyshinsky protested that the Assembly's vote was a "violation of the Charter".

M. Vyshinsky said: "These elections are a violation of Article 23 of the Charter which requires geographical distribution.

"They also entail a violation of a firm tradition by which retiring members from the Council are replaced by countries of the same geographical region".

"Yugoslavia has been dragged into the Security Council not in accordance with a free election and with established traditions, but as a result of a behind-the-scenes plot between Yugoslavia and the United States and a number of other delegations who have decided to utilise for their own ends the political situation which has risen between Yugoslavia on the one hand and the Soviet Union and the peoples democracies on the other hand.

NOT REPRESENTATIVE

M. Vyshinsky concluded vehemently "The Soviet Delegation, with full determination, declares that Yugoslavia shall not, cannot and will not be considered as a representative of the Eastern European countries.

"The introduction of Yugoslavia into the Security Council shall be considered by the delegation of the Soviet Union as a new violation of the Charter undermining the very basis, the very foundation of co-operation in the United Nations".

Earlier M. Vyshinsky had declared that the countries supporting Yugoslavia "apparently counted on strengthening their position by transforming the Security Council into an obedient tool of the Anglo-American Bloc".

After finishing the Security Council election, the Assembly elected the following countries to six vacancies on the Economic and Social Council: Mexico 57 votes; Persia 55 votes; United States 54 votes; Pakistan 52 votes; Canada and Czechoslovakia 49 votes each.

The Dominican Republic was elected to a vacancy on the Trusteeship Council caused by the resignation of Costa Rica and Argentina and Iraq were elected to the Trusteeship Council. The Assembly adjourned until later today.

Mr. Stefan Wierblowski, Chairman of the Polish Delegation, in a statement after the Security Council election, declared that the election of Yugoslavia, "the candidate of the United States", violated the principles of the Charter and previous agreements.

"Such dishonest methods undermine the prestige of the United Nations and prevent it from fulfilling its basic tasks and aims".

NEW ERA OF AUSTERITY

Lean Days Face Britons

LONDON, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter)—Prime Minister Clement Attlee today reported to King George on the Government's plans for sweeping economy cuts which are expected to usher in a new era of austerity for Britain.

The discussions are not due to be announced to the nation until Monday.

Earlier today, the full Cabinet discussed the cuts that are to be made. It is believed the possibility of trimming defence expenditure was again raised.

ATTLEE MEETS CHURCHILL

Prime Minister Clement Attlee and opposition leader Winston Churchill had a further talk on defence, including atomic bomb developments here tonight.

Authoritative quarters said the talk—in which both leaders were joined by their principal colleagues—was not related to Britain's present economy plans.

C. R.'s Dipavali Message

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19.

The Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, in a message on the occasion of Dipavali says:

"May this year's Dipavali again bring all castes and communities together in simple, festive joy and contemplation of God."

TRUMAN INVITED, BUT NOT VISITING INDIA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20. (PTI-Reuter).

President Truman said today that he had no plans to visit India, but had received the usual formal invitation from Prime Minister Nehru to pay a return visit there.

The President was asked at his weekly press conference whether Prime Minister Nehru had invited him to visit India when in Washington last week.

The President replied that all distinguished visitors to the White House always asked him to return the visit. The President implied that such an invitation was a formality. The President was then asked if he contemplated a visit to India. He replied that he had no plans to visit India.

CHINESE REDS WITHIN 50 MILES OF MACAO

Hong Kong Cut Off From Kwangtung

HONG KONG, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter).

COMMUNIST troops mopping up, in within 50 miles of the tiny main Nationalist South China were today land Portuguese colony, Macao, and expected within 24 hours peacefully to occupy the important Nationalist Kwangtung Provincial port, Swatow.

Another Communist force was reported striking inland unopposed towards Kwangsi Provincial capital, Kweilin, where Nationalist General Pai Chung—his was mustering 100,000 men. The Muslim Chinese General was said to have lost two divisions in his retreat from Hunan Province that sidestepped the Communist invasion of Kwangtung.

One hundred thousand Nationalists in headlong retreat from abandoned Canton and other Kwangtung ports were reported to have evacuated their last mainland beach heads two days ago for Hainan Island, China's most southern territory.

HONG KONG DEFENDERS

In Hong Kong Lieut. General Sir Robert Mansergh arrived to take command of the colony's 36,000 British defenders, now standing to along Britain's 17-mile mainland frontier with the Communists.

The Hong Kong garrison, he declared, would "definitely" not be affected by any cuts in British defence expenditure.

Latest unconfirmed reports said the Communists, fanning out along the South China coast opposite Hong Kong, had taken Swabue, midway between Hong Kong and Swatow, and Kongmoon, important town on the west river, 50 miles north-west of Macao.

CITY CUT OFF

A PTI-Reuter despatch from Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's headquarters at Taipeh, (Formosa) capital, said arson was suspected in a fire which early today destroyed the offices of the Central Daily News, mouthpiece of the Nationalist Kuomintang Party. Hong Kong remained cut off from Kwangtung except for a local bus service and traffic on foot across Britain's mainland frontier.

LONDON, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter): The position in Britain's Far East colony of Hong Kong is satisfactory, Colonial Secretary Arthur Creech Jones told Parliament today in reply to a question.

U. S. TO MAKE MORE ATOM BOMBS

Truman's Proposal To The Congress

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20. (PTI-Reuter).

PRESIDENT TRUMAN said at his press conference today that he would recommend to Congress early next year a plan for the expansion of the United States atomic energy programme.

The President said at his weekly press conference that it had been decided to expand the facilities of the Atomic Energy Commission, the body responsible for the production of atomic bombs.

He said that this decision was not influenced by Russia's having an atomic bomb.

The President read the following statement to his weekly press conference:—"In view of certain recent statements about the construction programme of the Atomic Energy Commission, I should like to clarify the present status of a recent development within the programme. A decision has been made to expand the facilities of the Atomic Energy Commission.

"This decision is the result of careful studies directed towards finding means of increasing our production capacity in an orderly fashion.

"It is a matter which has been under consideration for many months by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Department of Defence, as well as in the National Security Council.

MORE MONEY?

"I have authorised the Atomic Energy Commission to initiate the construction programme now with funds now available, and I expect to recommend to Congress early next year a financial plan which will enable the Commission to carry its programme forward."

MILITARY CONVOY AMBUSHED

Bandits Kill Four In Malaya

SINGAPORE, Oct. 20, (PTI-Reuter): Bandits today ambushed a military convoy killing four men of a Malay regiment and wounding eight more.

Scene of the ambush was 42 miles from Kuria Lipis in Pahang.

Official figures today put bandit losses in killed during September at 85, the highest of any month this year.

CHINESE HANGED

In Kuala Lumpur, a Chinese found guilty of having been in unlawful possession of a hand grenade was hanged. He was the 74th executed under emergency regulations.

DEMAND FOR MERGER OF FRENCH INDIA

KARAIKAL, Oct. 20 (UPI): Mr. Ramanujam, leader of the Karaikal National Congress, in a statement has declared that the French Indian people are not prepared to "tolerate the extension of French domination even for one minute" and they would not be content unless French India is merged with the Indian Dominion.

Condemning the recent decision of the Karaikal Municipal Congress to request the French Government to postpone the referendum he says "what true patriots expected has happened. The decision of the Municipal Congress has not startled us and these treacheries were already foreseen. The Municipal Congress has committed a treachery which people cannot forget and forgive, and the world may know the responsible nature of this Assembly."

MOUNTBATTEN MADE FOURTH SEA LORD

LONDON, October 20 (P.T.I-Reuter): King George the Sixth has approved the appointment of Vice Admiral Earl Mountbatten of Burma his cousin, to be Fourth Sea Lord and Chief of Supplies and Transport, it was announced here tonight.

F. M. Slim In New Delhi

F. M. Sir William Slim, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, arrived in New Delhi on October 16, from Karachi on a three-day visit to India. Among those who received him at the Palam Aerodrome were Gen. K. M. Cariappa, C.-in-C. of the Indian Army; Sir Archibald Nye, U. K. High Commissioner in India and Col. B. Chatterji, Military Secretary to the Governor-General. The picture shows: F. M. Slim being introduced to Lt. Gen. Srinagesh, G.O.C.-in-C., Western Command. At left appears General K. M. Cariappa.—P.I.B.

C. I. D. LAUNCHES DRIVE ON SUGAR HOARDERS

Thirty Bags Seized: Seven Merchants Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A SERIES of raids today by the Bombay C.I.D. on provision stores, grocery shops, sweetmeat marts and co-operative stores, suspected to be hoarding huge stocks of sugar, resulted in the arrest of several merchants and the seizure of varying quantities of sugar

The merchants were arrested either for not declaring their stocks in accordance with the Sugar Control Ordinance or for not selling sugar on demand by customers.

The biggest haul of the day was at Laubaug area where several shops were raided by the Crime Branch C.I.D. under the supervision of Asst. Commissioner Hampton and Superintendent Sawant. Over 32 bags of hoarded sugar were seised by the police who arrested seven merchants.

Even co-operative stores, suspected to be hoarding huge quantities of undeclared stock, did not escape the attention of the police. At Dongri two office-bearers of a co-operative society were arrested and two bags of sugar were seized.

A sweet-meat mart at Nagdevi was searched and 420 pounds of sugar recovered. The manager and the servant of the shop were taken into custody.

P. Hirji, the proprietor of a grocery shop at Dongri, was arrested as he failed to comply with the Sugar Control Ordinance. The police, however, recovered only 28 pounds of sugar from his shop.

A clever attempt to smuggle sugar into Bombay from Poona with the object of selling it at black-market prices here was foiled by the police this afternoon. A lorry proceeding to the city was searched on suspicion at the Ghatkopar barrier when they found 15 bags of sugar concealed in the vehicle.

The bags were seized and the driver of the lorry was arrested.

Clash In East Pakistan

REDS ATTACK A MEETING

NARAYANGANJ, (East Bengal) Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—The Secretary of the Eastern Pakistan Cotton Mill Worker's Union and three others received stab injuries in a clash at a meeting of cotton mill workers, held in the suburb of Narayanganj on Friday night. The injured persons were removed to Narayanganj Hospital next morning, where the condition of the Secretary of the Union, Siraj Mian, is reported to be serious. Six persons were arrested in this connection.

It is stated that while the workers were holding a meeting under the auspices of the Eastern Pakistan Trade Union Federation and the Eastern Pakistan Cotton Mill Workers' Union, a batch of young men rushed to the pandal shouting Communist and anti-government slogans. The audience protested against this and soon a clash ensued, in the coure of which some persons attacked the Union officials with daggers.

APTE'S RELATIVES' PLEA FOR MERCY

Petition Submitted To Governor-General

AMBALA, Oct. 20 (PTI)—The relatives of Narayan Apte, condemned to death in the Gandhi Murder Case, have submitted a mercy petition to the Governor-General, praying for the commutation of the death sentence passed on him, it was learnt here today.

It is further understood that Narayan Apte will himself formally apply to the Governor-General for clemency as soon as the papers regarding the dismissal of the petition to appeal against sentence are received here from the Privy Council.

Apte's wife, it is learnt, is also submitting a separate mercy petition to the Governor-General urging him to commute the death sentence on her husband.

Quick Work In Russia

LONDON, Oct. 20. (UPI).

The average time for building a 28-storey block of flats in Moscow from start to finish is now 114 days, said Prof. J. D. Bernal, in London last night.

He added that the Soviet building technicians feel that brick-laying will be obsolete in about four years and intended to reduce the time for building flats to 30 days, using prefabricated wall blocks.

He described how bricklayers were each laying on an average 1,600 bricks a day, materials being delivered to workers by large travelling cranes on rails, which travelled right round the site. Mortar was delivered from the central mixing station in one ton hoppers within the reach of bricklayers and prefabricated plumbing units were screwed one on the top of the other according to the number of stories in the block. These buildings, using what he called "self raising cranes" were capable of lifting 45 tons, and required no support other than the building itself.

Nehru Speaking To Big Business

NEW YORK, October 20. (P.T.I): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is expected to speak principally on India's economic policy and industrial programmes when he is the guest of honour tonight of the National Foreign Trade Council and the Far East America Council of Commerce, and Industry, cables P. T. I. correspondent in New York.

These two bodies are among the leading American trade organisations interested in eastern trade.

One of them, the Far East America Council, recently carried out a survey of business conditions in the Far East, India and Pakistan.

Pandit Nehru will speak extemporaneously. He is expected to deal with various aspects of trade and commerce, including the openings for foreign capital investments in India.

About 350 prominent American businessmen are expected to attend the dinner. Pandit Nehru will be accompanied by Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Mr. R. R. Saksena and Mr. A. R. Palit chief of the Government of India's Supply Mission in the United States.

This morning, General William H. Draper, Vice-President of Messrs. Dillon and Reed, Investment Corporation executives, called on Pandit Nehru at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel and remained with him for some time.

After dinner tonight, Pandit Nehru is expected to meet Dr. L. N. Palar, the Chief Indonesian Delegate to the United Nations.

KOTTAYAM, October 20 (P.T.I): Many land-slides have been reported from Thodupuzha Hills, in Central Travancore, following heavy rains.

Wide tracts of cultivation and paddy fields are said to have been covered by deposits of mud. No loss of life has been reported.

23 CHILDREN KILLED IN FIREWORKS EXPLOSION

Gruesome Tragedy Near Madura

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20. (UPI).

TWENTY-THREE young lives were lost and seven more persons were injured in India's "worst fireworks explosion so far", in the little village of Viswanathapuram, 40 miles from Madura, in Madras Presidency an official source reported here today.

A whole factory blew up. Those killed were boys and girls below 16.

The owner of this Viswanathapuram factory, who had license to employ only four workers, had packed 30 of them in a shed measuring 18' x 12' which had only one door open, the other two exits being securely closed.

A worker was pounding gun powder in a stone mortar, but without adding water or taking the necessary safety precautions. The powder blew up. In an instant, the inside of the shed became a raging inferno. Everything else blew up, too. Of the 30 workers, 18 were trapped and burnt to death. Five more died later in the hospital. The remaining seven were also injured.

The gruesome fact emerged that all those killed were below 16 years. The youngest killed was a girl only nine years old, and the total number of girls who perished was 12. The ages of 11 boys who were also in the death roll were between 10 and 16.

An enquiry conducted under the order of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, Ministry of Works, Mines and Power, revealed that this factory had employed 24 workers below the age prescribed.

No Talks With Malan

PAKISTAN DENIAL

KARACHI, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter):—Reports that Pakistan is negotiating with South Africa for resumption of trade as a preliminary to talks on racial discrimination are entirely without foundation, the Pakistan Foreign Office spokesman said here tonight.

The spokesman said that conference between India, South Africa and Pakistan to discuss treatment of racial minorities in South Africa was under active consideration by the Pakistan Government. Pakistan was consulting other parties and the first step would be to compile an agenda.

South Africa has asked both Dominions to lift their sanctions on trade with her before the Conference takes place, it was authoritatively learned. Sanctions were imposed as a protest against the treatment of Indians and Pakistanis in the Union.

It had been rumoured here recently that, owing to the stoppage of her trade with India since devaluation of the Indian rupee, Pakistan might reopen trade with South Africa, where she could buy coal and sell jute

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Hysteria and Epilepsy (Fit) At the the time of fit the medicine should be entered in both the holes of the nose and after sneezing a dead black worm will come out and the patient will be cured for ever. Shiree Mahatma Tiyagi Baba Ansuiya Ashram Chitrakot (Banda) U.P. 1245

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Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga: Narsinhji's Pole, Baroda. (1180)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

"Atlas" machines are suitable for almost every kind of Sheet Metal Work, obtainable from M|S Roberts McLean & Co. Ltd., Ilaco House, Sir P. Mehta Road, Bombay or The Industrial Syndicate, 119, Ripon Street, Calcutta. 16. 5930

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Dunlopillo— The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army and Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay; Good Housekeeping Co., Ltd. 38, Queen's Road, Bombay; Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd., 278 and 286, Hornby Road, Bombay and The Art Flooring and Construction Co., 16, Sleater Road, Bombay 5047

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 11, invites Tenders for the supply of 65,000 Nos 'Tiles Roofing, Mangalore', returnable to him by 4 P.M. (S.T.) on 31-10-49.

Firms not on the Approved List of Tenderers of this Railway should give their Banker's Reference. Earnest Money of Rs. 1,900 required in cash with the Tender. 6078

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DIST. CONTROLLER Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 1 p.m. on 29-10-49 for the purchase of empties and condemned Commodities at the Railway's Grainshop Godowns at Thana and Kalyan. Stocks may be inspected by the intending purchasers at the Godowns on working days between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (6051)

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited from contractors for the Construction of Jorasanko Avenue and Central Automatic Exchange Buildings (Superstructure), Calcutta. The estimated cost of the work is Rs 8,23,000/- and Rs. 4,51,134/- respectively. Earnest money (Rs 20,000/- for each individual work) shall be deposited when submitting the tender. Tender papers may be purchased at a cost of Rs 50/- for each work which is not refundable. Detailed particulars may be had from the office of the undersigned on any working day during office hours. Tenders will be received upto 12 Noon on 10th of November, 1949 and will be opened at 3 P.M. on the same date

P. B GHOSH
Executive Engineer,
Calcutta Division No. II,
P-21 Mission Row Extn, Calcutta.

PUBLIC NOTICES

WASTE FOR SALE:

AT SHEE RAM MILLS LTD.

Waste Tender Forms will be available from the Office at nominal fee of Re 1/- each. Tenders will be accepted upto 4 p.m. on 10-11-1949. (6087)

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

BARODA PASSENGER TRAINS

On and from 1st November, 1949, Nos. 9 Dn. and 6 Up Baroda Passenger trains running between Bombay Central and Baroda will have Class III coaching stock, carrying Class III passengers only. (6086)

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY Artists and/or Calligraphists for illumination and writing in manuscript the Constitution of India in English. Samples of Calligraphy and illumination of the Preamble of the Constitution and terms on which the work will be undertaken should reach the Deputy Secretary, Constituent Assembly, Council House, New Delhi on or before the 31st October, 1949. 6081

NOTICE

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY have had under consideration for some time past schemes submitted by commercial parties for putting up a Gas Works and Gas Supply Company for the City of Poona. Government considers that a decision in the matter should be taken only after giving a public opportunity to all interested parties to put up their schemes for the purpose. In submitting any such schemes the sponsors must furnish as complete details as possible, about names of partners or directors, capital cost, including cost of buildings, cost of pipe lines, meters, gauges, and other appurtenance, estimated cost of coal at site, cost of labour, overheads, cost of gas, estimated demand, computed rate to consumer, total capital involved broken down into initial outlay, working capital, etc. method of raising requisite capital at different stages and a statement as to whether the scheme is self-supporting or not. Government would like to make it known that it is not intended to give any financial assistance or guarantee of custom from the Municipality or Government Departments etc.

It is proposed to provide for option for Government or Poona Municipality to take over the concern after a specified period.

The Schemes should be submitted to the Director of Industries, Old Custom House, Bombay, within one month. 6077

TENDER NOTICE NO. A/810.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Division II), Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of the following:—

1.	Groundnut oilcake (Decorticated)	1080 Tons
2.	Cotton Seed Oilcake (Undecorticated)	126 Tons
3.	Linseed Oilcake	126 Tons

The tender should be sent so as to reach him by 4 P.M. on 14-11-1949 on tender Forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office upto 1-11-1949 at Rs. 10/- (not refundable) per set in cash or by money order (cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender notice number and remitters full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must state the names of their bankers also. 6076

NO. 90. SECRETARY, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, WEST BENGAL

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form with a treasury challan for Rs. 5/- under the head "XXXVI-Misc.-Receipts of the Public Service Commission, West Bengal" not later than the 7th November, 1949 to fill a post of Principal, Bengal Silk Technological Institute, Bernampore on contract for five years. Pay Rs. 500-500 per month. Higher initial pay may be granted to an exceptionally qualified candidate on basis of age upto 33 years (Rs. 500). The initial pay of an officer already holding a substantive appointment under Government, if selected for the post, will be regulated according to Bengal Service Rules. Qualifications.—An Honours degree in Science with Chemistry and Physics or M. Sc., preferably first class: a diploma or degree in Textile Technology from a recognised Institution in India or abroad: some technical experience. Preference will be given to a candidate who has had actual experience of technical process in a Silk Weaving Mill or, failing that, in a Cotton Weaving Mill and to one who has had familiarity with the marketing of silk and experience of teaching in a technical Institute: Sound knowledge in Bengali. Age between 25 and 35 years on the 1st November, 1949. Particulars obtainable from the office of the Commission, Anderson House (top floor), Alipore, Calcutta 27, personally or on sending a self-addressed stamped envelope. The prescribed form priced at annas two available of the Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in West Bengal and the Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta. Persons residing outside West Bengal may obtain the form from the office of the Commission on sending the price in postage

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KESHAVJI CHAMPSEY, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at Medows House, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 10 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale shall be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land of agricultural ground, lying and being at Mouje Bhandup Khot Tukdi and Taluka Salsette Zilla Thana. The said piece bears no survey number but it is 11 Agricultural pieces and admeasures 3/4 Bighas 1/4 Bighas assessment is respect whereof is Rs. 6/4/8 and which admeasures according to the Plan of Mouje Napar 5309 sq. yds. and part of which admeasures 144 ft. from South to North and the West whereof admeasures 154 ft. from South to West and South thereof admeasures 306 ft. and north admeasures 346 ft. and bounded on the East by Agra Road, on the West by the estate of Bhimji Manshi on the South by the property of Sheth Padamsev Hirji Nensey and on the North by the property of Sheth Jethabhai Virdhman.

16-10-1949.

G. S. ABHYANKAR
Purchaser's Advocate

(6079)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF CARGOES LYING UNCLEARED IN THE B. P. T. DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended MENESSE & CO., will under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, sell by Public Auction at Princes Dock No. 7, Uncleared Warehouse (near Dry Dock) at 2 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 25th October, 1949, the following: Tea, chemicals, cork slabs, hardware, almonds, alum, tobacco, art silk yarn and piecegoods, C. P. goods, photo frames, elect. appliances and machinery, cycle parts, raw rubber, game requisites, paper, dry colour, petromax lamp, lead pencils, amery wheel, copper ingots, brass circles, elect. bulbs, toilet requisites, woollen carpets, machinery parts, parachutes, timber, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, ETC.

Under instructions from Controller of Accommodation, BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on 25-10-49 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Peermahomed Bldg. 1st. Floor, 13/19 Israel Moholla, Bom., 9; Cots shelves, meat safe, seghries, box etc., on 28-10-49 at 11-30 a.m. at House No. 21 Pydhoni Road:— sofas, chairs, table, frames, old springs etc. on the same day at 3-30 p.m. at Sunbeam, 474, 16th Road, Khar:— cots, chairs, cane suites, cupboard, show case, dressing table, wardrobe, E. clock, dining table, hat stand etc. Terms Cash and immediate delivery.

AUCTION SALE

Under instructions from B.P.T. Rly. and in accordance with S 55 and 56 of Indian Rlys. Act (No. IX of 1890) BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, 5-11-49 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Grain Depot 5 Bales F. P. Cotton, 24 empty Jerry cans, 400 bags cement, 1 bundle wooden broken pieces, 4 bundles rusty iron hoops 40 wooden sleepers, 9 bags crushed bones, 111 Bags G. N. seed, 2 hose pipes, 3 screw couplings, 1 broken spring, 1 crow bar and scrap bolts, 2 wagon loads firewood, 1 bag cotton seed, 1 bundle coir ropes, 1 broken case gum styrax, 1 bag starch, 2 machinery tools, 4 brass rings, 2 brass ingots, 1 bag mixed gram, 1 bag long, 1 bag mixed seed, 2 bags bhusa, 1 bag motor spare parts at 4 p.m. at Stores Depot: 7 wagon loads and 25 baskets charcoal. 50 p.c. Cash Deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

CAN EPILEPSY BE CURED?

What is epilepsy? We only know that it is a disease that since time began has attacked rich and poor alike, great and humble. Julius Caesar, Napoleon and Byron were victims. Epilepsy has always interested men of science and at last their efforts have been crowned with success because a treatment has been found that relieves the attacks in most cases. This remarkable medicine is described in plain language in an interesting booklet entitled "Can Epilepsy be Cured?" This booklet is not for sale but is given away free to epileptics. Anyone suffering from this disease should not hesitate to request a free copy.

THE EDUCATIONAL DIVISION
Department B—2112
880 Bergen Ave., Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

DR. A. GERBER

Dr. A. Gerber, representative M|s. Gerlokon Machine Tool Works who was invited by the Government of India to start a machine tool factory in India.

FILLIP TO "GROW MORE FOOD" CAMPAIGN

Successful Observance Of Gram Sudhar Saptah

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, has, in a statement conveyed his "sincere thanks to all those who responded so selflessly to the call for work and achieved such good results", during the Gram Sudhar Saptah observed on the occasion of the Gandhi Jayanti, this year.

The Minister says: "Reports received by the Government of Bombay regarding the observance of the Gram Sudhar Saptah show that the necessary atmosphere for the enthusiastic participation of cultivators in the 'Grow More Food', Campaign has now been created due to the exhortation of our leaders and the willingness of our cultivators to have trust in their advice

"The main programme during the week was compost making, and literally thousands of manure pits were dug all over the Province. The cultivators were not alone in this work but were joined by large number of officials and non-official workers, particularly home guards, boy scouts, teachers, students and volunteers from urban areas.

"I am glad to note the work done during the Saptah and wish to convey my own as well as Government's appreciation of the work done. I wish to convey by means of this statement my sincere thanks to all those who responded so selflessly to the call for work and achieved such good results".

ALLEGED CHEATING OF INSURANCE CO.

Suspect's Bail Period Extended

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Nathasingh Kisonsingh, who allegedly made incorrect entries for getting his car insured, was arrested by the General Branch, C. I. D. yesterday on charges of cheating an insurance company.

It was stated that he insured his car No. B.Y.F. 2756, through an agent of the Sentinel Insurance Company, for a year from December 1948 to December 1949. In the proposal form, it was stated, the accused submitted, that the said car was manufactured in 1939. The car was subsequently burnt in the first week of August 1949 near Bhivandi. On examination, the Manager of the Insurance Company discovered that the car was manufactured in 1934 and not in 1939 as shown in the proposal and claim forms. The matter was referred to the Regional Transport Officer, Poona, and it was revealed that the date of manufacture was changed from 1934 to 1939 in the registration book.

The Manager stated that the company would not have insured the car if it was a 1934 model.

The insurance agent Raisi Anandi, is yet to be arrested.

Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court extended bail period of the accused.

CASHIER ARRESTED: BAIL OFFERED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A cashier of a Government grain-shop, who allegedly prepared a false cash memo, and charged customers more, was apprehended by the General Branch, Bombay C.I.D., today.

Jairam Sadashiv Manjrekar, the suspect who was cashier of the Government Grain-Shop No. 109, at 75, Sandhurst Road, used to charge customers one or two rupees more by making incorrect totals of the items entered in cash memo. It was alleged that he made arangements with a coolie of the shop who kept original memo, in such cases. Manjrekar also altered figures in the duplicates.

The accused was offered bail by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Court today.

It is reliably understood that the BEST Bus Services will in the suburbs be increased and from November 1 the 'O' route buses will go upto Jogeshwari as the present "A3" Limited Service is not able to cope with the requirements.

EVEN A MAUND OF SUGAR MUST BE DECLARED

Government Amends Order

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay has amended the existing Orders regarding the weekly declaration of stocks of sugar and their movement within the Province of Bombay so as to cover, in addition to crystal sugar, crushed sugar, sugarcandy, lissa sugar and bura sugar, with immediate effect. The ban on the export of these types of sugar out of the Province continues to remain in force.

The quantity in respect of which a declaration has to be made had been reduced to one maund (82 2/7 lbs.) All persons possessing stocks of one maund or more must now declare them to the Director of Civil Supplies (Statistical Section) for the Bombay Rationed areas, to the Rationing Officer in other rationed areas and to the Mamlatdar concerned in the remaining areas.

It is not the intention of the Government to take over stocks when reasonable quantities are kept for domestic consumption, provided no sugar is obtained from ration shops, but the Government reserves the right to freeze and take over all excessive stocks.

The manufacture of Patasas (Batasas) in the Province has also been prohibited, except under a licence from the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, so far as the Bombay rationed area is concerned and elsewhere by the District Magistrate concerned. The maximum price of Patasas throughout the Province has been fixed at As. 7/- per lb.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO EXTORT MONEY

One Arrested By B.B. & C.I. Railway Police

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mulkraj Malhotra was arrested by the B.B. and C.I. Railway police for alleged attempt to extort Rs. 50 from Govind Anant Kini, a passenger.

It is stated that Kini boarded a train bound for Borivli at Bandra. Mulkraj who was also in the train is alleged to have posed as a C.I.D. Officer and demanded Rs. 50 from Kini. To prove that he was a C.I.D. officer Mulkraj produced a revolver for which he had a license issued by the District Magistrate of Hussar.

Kini, however, suspecting the accused raised a hue and cry and the accused was overpowered by the time the train reached Borivli. Mulkraj was taken into custody.

Lorry Driver On Rash Driving Charge

For alleged rash and negligent driving, Joachim Gracies, a lorry driver, was arrested by the police on Wednesday

It was alleged by the police in the Mazagaon Court today that Joachim was found driving his lorry from the wrong side along Victoria Gardens Road. As a result the lorry dashed against another lorry standing near the footpath after knocking down a boy. The young lad received serious injuries on his face and head and was removed to the hospital

With the help of the pedestrians the driver was put under arrest. He was enlarged on a bail of Rs. 1,000 by Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate.

Reserve Bank Of India Deputy Manager Retires

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A farewell function in honour of the retiring Deputy Manager, Mr. N. P. Bolar was held yesterday evening in the Reserve Bank of India. The Dy. Governor Mr. C. R. Trevor, C.I.E., presided. An address was read by Mr. P. B. Hate and was presented to Mr. N. P. Bolar in a silver casket with other souvenirs.

Mr. Trevor in his presidential speech expressed his appreciation of the services rendered to the Bank by Mr N. P. Bolar who has been associated with the Banks for the last 28 years.

After a vote of thanks was proposed by Mr. P. P. Dalal the pleasant function ended.

BANDRA MUNICIPAL BOARD

Life To Be Extended?

The life of the present Bandra Municipal Board will come to an end at the end of the month. As no fresh elections are to be held owing to the Greater Bombay Scheme, the Government will have to issue an Ordinance to give further life to the Board.

SHOLAPUR BAN ON MEETINGS EXTENDED

BOMBAY, Thursday

The order of the District Magistrate of Sholapur prohibition processions and meetings in the area of the Sholapur Municipal Borough, the Village of Shelgi and the place known as Salgurvasti has been extended for one month, from Oct. 22, 1949.

Body Washed Ashore

The dead body of a Muslim, aged about 18, was washed ashore the sea near Cuffe Parade this morning. It was taken charge of by the police and removed to the morgue for post mortem. The body is still unidentified.

During the period of ten days from 1-10-1949 the number of prosecutions launched by the BB & CI Railway against foot-board travellers on the Main Gauge Line was 36, all of whom were convicted.

"DEFRAUDING" MILK COMMISSIONER

Suburban Tea Shopkeepers' President Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Bombay Police arrested Tulsi Motiram Vyas, President of the Bombay and Suburban Tea Shopkeepers' Association for allegedly defrauding the office of the Milk Commissioner of 56 milk powder units causing the authorities to issue 635 pounds of milk powder in excess of the allotted quota.

Vyas was released on bail by the police.

Rathod Memorial Fund

BOMBAY, Thursday:— Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. and Mayor of Bombay will perform the inaugural of the Late Mr. Mavjibhai Rathod Memorial Fund on Saturday, October 22, 1949 at 9-30 a.m. at Noor Restaurant, near Noor Baug Corner, Jail Road East, Dongri, Bombay 9.

Two New Bombay Acts

BOMBAY, Thursday.

After receipt of assent of the Governor, the Bombay Municipal Boroughs (Amendment) Act, 1949, and the Bombay Public Conveyances Amendment) Act, 1949, have been published in the Bombay Government Gazette of October 19, 1949.

PROMOTING LIFT IRRIGATION

Help For Co-operative Societies

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay is encouraging co-operative societies to take up lift irrigation schemes. Financial assistance is being given to all co-operative organisations undertaking such schemes. They are either given loans, or subsidies, or both.

Applications for assistance should be addressed to the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies of the Division concerned.

Konkan Co-operative Housing Society

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour and Housing, will lay the foundation-stone of the tenements of the Konkan Co-operative Housing Society at 8-30 a.m. on Saturday, October 22, 1949 at Bhandar Gullay off Jamshedji Road, Matunga, Bombay.

Village Improvement Challenge Shield

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Sir Frederick Sykes Village Improvement Challenge Shield for the Northern Division for the year 1948 has been awarded to Afwa, in Bardoli Taluka, of Surat District.

The village of Haidar, in Broach Taluka, also did commendable development work during the year.

Prohibition Cases

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Prohibition Department of the Greater Bombay Police picked up 251 cases, arrested 136 persons and seized 110 gallons of illicit liquor, 4,795 gallons of wash, two gallons of spirit and 65 gallons of foreign liquor, during the week ended October 13 last.

HELP THEM THAT LIVE IN DARKNESS

Plea For Contributions To Happy Home For The Blind

BLESSED are those who can see, for they enjoy all the beautiful things in the world. They can see the glorious sunset, the luscious green meadows, the bright sunshine, the silvery stars and the moon and all those things in Nature which add to the joy of living.

But the blind live in a world of darkness, and by a bitter irony of fate most of the blind are poor. As India is a poor country, it is not surprising that there are more than a million blind people with us, of whom million blind people with us, of whom more than 25 per cent. are of school going age. These people are condemned for no fault of their own to lead a life of begging, destitution and misery, unless an effort is made by their fortunate brethren who are blessed with eye sight and who have the means to ameliorate the condition of the blind

AN EFFORT MADE

Such an effort was made early in 1926, when under the auspices of the Blind Relief Association, was established a Happy Home for the Blind mainly through the efforts of Mr H D Chhatrapati, the late Principal of the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind, Tardeo. This 'Home' is housed in a building at Worli, which has been provided by the Government of Bombay. At present it has 18 inmates. Since last October, educational classes are started in the "Home" itself where boys learn reading and writing, etc., in Braile Alphabet. They also learn music and cane work, and string bag making. The boys repair the cane chair sent to them by the members in Braille Alphabet. They also learn of the Public at reasonable charges

Thus they are made to feel that they are not just dependents on society, but that they work for their living and are trying to be useful citizens. The boys have a splendid orchestra of their own and their knowledge of the instruments and music is sound and deep. The blind have all the potentials, of being really efficient and capable citizens. The object of the Happy Home is to make these boys feel at home after they have been reclaimed from the streets and given them a thorough training and education. The Home is open to members of all communities and in its administration no distinction is observed, even in the matter of serving meals between any caste or creed.

FUNDS NEEDED

But all this requires funds. The cost of living is nearly thrice as much as during the pre-war years and is rapidly increasing. The limited resources of the "Home" do not permit its benefits being extended to more than 18 boys at present and there are at least 2,000 blind boys of school going age in the city of Bombay. We earnestly appeal to the generous public of Bombay to send in their contributions to the Joint Hon. Secretaries, Mrs Sohrab P Bharucha 63, Pedder Road, Bombay, or to Mr H D Doongaji, 63 Wodehouse Road, Colaba Bombay.

All contributions great or small, will be gratefully acknowledged in the Report of the "Home" and a receipt will also be promptly issued. Let those whom God has given the wonderful gift of seeing extend unstinted help to those who have not this miraculous faculty and alleviate their unevitable lot.

SEPARATE KARNATAK PROVINCE

K.P.C.C. To Discuss Issue

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, October 18.

The Council of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has been convened on October 26 at the office of the K. P. C. C., Hubli, according to an announcement by the General Secretary.

The meeting will discuss the resolution passed recently by the Congress Working Committee regarding the issue of linguistic provinces, vis-a-vis the demand for formation of a separate Karnatak Province

It is gathered that the resolution passed by the Council of the K. P. C. C. would be placed before the meeting of the general body of the K. P. C. C. which is expected to be held about November 2.

This general body meeting which is the first to be held during the past six months would be attended by the Hon'ble Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India.

It may be recalled that the last time the meeting was held in the first week of May when the resolution urging drastic action to achieve Karnatak Province was discussed

Mr. Nijalingappa, President of the K. P. C. C. is understood to be in correspondence with a view to settling the Boundary disputes of the proposed linguistic provinces amicably and presenting an agreed solution to the Working Committee.

In this connection it may be noted that the K. P. C. C. took the initiative as far back as 1948 in this direction and had approached the Maharashtra Provincial Congress but that there was no sufficient response.

First And Third M. C. P. S. Examinations Results

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Out of eleven candidate who appeared at the first M.C.P.S. Examination held in the current month, the following three have passed:—

1 Bhaya, Harbhagwan Hiranand.
3 Dalal, Hoshang Phiroshaw.
5 Laheji Abdul-Razak Abdul-Kadir.

Out of eleven candidates who appeared at the Third M.C.P.S. Examination held in the current month, the following two have passed:—

2 Jones, Derrol Clifford.
4 Mathai, Markose Nedumchalil.

M. S. EXAMINATION

The following candidates have passed the M.S. Examination held in October 1949.

No. 1 (Apte, Nilkanth Krishna).
No. 8 (Desai, Navinchandra Sungerlal).
No. 25 (Sharma, Gopal Chandra).
No. 27 (Desai, Naresh Gandabhai).

States Transport Dispute

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The industrial dispute between the State Transport and its workers at Ahmedabad has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. M. C. Shah.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE.

METRO

(Every Seat a Cool Retreat).
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Also SUNDAY MORN. at 10.

REGAL

It's Cosy! It's Comfy!! Daily At 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

JOAN CRAWFORD
FLAMINGO ROAD
NEW WARNER BROS. SMASH
ZACHARY SCOTT SYDNEY GREENSTREET DAVID BRIAN
MICHAEL CURTIZ JERRY WALD

SPECIAL!
News-flash of NEHRU in U.S.A.
Held-Over!
"SPORTSMEN OF FAR EAST"

Sunday At 10 a.m.
"DARK PASSAGE"
Humphrey Bogart, Laureen Bacall

HAPPY DIVALI TO OUR PATRONS

STRAND

Where There's Always a Good Show
Daily 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 P.M.

CHARLES K. FELDMAN presents
MYRNA ROBERT
LOY · MITCHUM
in JOHN STEINBECK'S
The Red Pony
A REPUBLIC PRODUCTION
COLOR BY
TECHNICOLOR

Morning Shows at Evening Rates
This Morning At 10-30
PRITHVI VALLABH
Sohrab Modi, Durga Khote

Tomorrow Morning at 10-30
SOHAG RAAT
Geeta Bali, Begum Para

HAPPY DIVALI TO OUR PATRONS

NEW EMPIRE

Luxurious Air Conditioned Comfort
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

Morning Shows at Reduced Rates
This Morning at 10
HENRY V (Color)
LAURENCE OLIVIER

Tomorrow Morning at 10
NAKED CITY
Barry Fitzgerald

THE BEST BET FOR DIWALI!

A. R. KARDAR'S
Dillagi

Music: NAUSHAD
Starring: SURAIYA, SHYAM.
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30.
LIBERTY Plans open 10 to 8 p.m.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Asoe Vad 30, 2005.
Muslim: Zilhej 28, 1368.
Parsi: Ardibehesht 19, 1319.
Sunrise: 6-35 a.m., Sunset: 6-13 p.m.
Hightide: 11-08, 23-49 Lowtide: 04-59, 17-22.

Today's Engagements

MAHARSHI DAYANAND DEATH ANNIVERSARY: Arya Samaj Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road at 9 a.m. Shri Shradha Mata, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. Nagindas Master and others will speak on the life and teachings of Shri Swami Dayanda, the founder of Arya Samaj.

SINDH HINDU SEVA SAMITI:—Dr. Choithram Gidwani, President of the All India Refugee Association, will meet the representatives of the press at a Press conference at 11 a.m. at office of Samiti, Chicago Radio Company premises.

TODAY'S RADIO

FRIDAY, Oct. 21.

BOMBAY—A

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) and 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee by A. Navsariwala 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 B G. Khaladkar (Shahnai) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 S. Bharucha Sangeet Kendra (Garbigeet) 8-45 News (G).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) and 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

11-0 a.m. As Bombay—B 12-45 p.m. Sarang Rang 12-50 S. Bharucha Sangeet Kendra (G Garbigeet) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 San Francisco Symp. Orch.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s), 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s) from 4-30 to 7-45 p.m., 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s) from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 p.m. D. N. Nadkarni (Puriya) 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Vinodini Dikshit (Vocal) 6-45 B. G. Khaladkar (Shahnai) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Taj Begum (Ghazalen) 7-30 P. S. Dikshit (Thumri) 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 Noel Copeland 10-15 Tiny Lobo (At Piano) 10-30 Cross Keys Led by Dhun Nasikvala.

BOMBAY—B

353 m. (850 kc/s) and 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Krishnarao Chonkar (Todi and Pad) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 D. N. Nadkarni (Sur Malhar).

353 m (850 kc/s) and 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

11-0 a.m. Divali Agai 12-0 p.m. Bade Ghulam Ali Khan 12-45 As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 P. S. Dikshit and Vinodini Dikshit (Marathi Dwandwageet) 1-10 Shreedhar Parsekar (Violin) 1-30 Narayan Datt (Bhajan aur Geet) 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Mahila Mandal.

353 m. (850 kc/s), 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m., 61.98 m. (4,840 kc/s) from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 to 5-30 p.m. As in Bombay—A 5-30 Shreedhar Parsekar (Violin) 6-0 Taj Begum (Ghazal) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 D. N. Nadkarni (Marathi Pad) 8-30 Hindi Valmanik Dal Kamgiri: (M) 8-45 Narayan Datt (Bhajan aur Geet) 9-0 Krishnarao Chonkar (Vocal) 9-30 Swar Mudrika by P. N. Dixit 9-45 Sociologist Looks at History Drift towards individualism: (E) 10-0 "Dipawali" Talk in Hindi by Sarla Gupta; "Dipawali" Sangeet Roopak by Ramesh Shastri 10-30 Shreedhar Parsekar (Violin) 11-0 Special programme of duet 11-15 Bade Ghulam Ali Khan.

BARODA

250 m. (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Mangal Naad 7-4 As in Ahmedabad 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Vocal 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Songs from Screen 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Hirjibhai R. Doctor (Dilruba) 6-25 Deepabali (Chorus) 6-35 Gramjano Mate 7-0 Deep Mala 7-15 Hirjibhai R. Doctor (Dilruba) 7-30 Ghar Ghar Diwali 7-45 Apano Prani (G) 8-0 Madhur Geeto 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Vocal 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Bharatiya Sangeet 9-30 "Deepawali" in Gujarati: Script by Ramanlal V. Desai.

AHMEDABAD

236.1 m. (920 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda 7-40 Raag Pancham by Govindrao Dantale 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Clarionet recital by Ahmad Darbar 8-30 Rasiklal Bhojak (Avasarnan Geeto) 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-25 Megh Doot 6-35 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 Rasiklal Bhojak (G. Geeto) 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 Madhur Geeto 7-45 Apano Prant (G) 8-0 Ahmed Darbar (Clarionet) 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Rasiklal Bhojak (G. Geeto) 8-45 Raag Bahar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 As in Baroda.

UNITED NATIONS DAY BROADCAST

At 8-30 p.m. on Sunday (23rd October) His Excellency Shri C. Rajagopalachari will broadcast from Delhi on United Nations Day. This will be relayed by the Bombay Station on both A & B.

At 8-30 p.m. on following day, Bombay Station will present radio feature on United Nations Day, produced by Adi Marzban.

TICKETLESS TRAVEL ON O. T. RAILWAYS

Rs. 13,000 Realised As Fines

BENARES, Oct. 20 (PTI)—More than 1,000 ticketless travellers were detected during the month of September last in the United Provinces zone of the Oudh and Tirhut Railways, it was announced here. Railway fares, penalties and fines thus realised exceeded Rs. 13,000.

SUBURBAN NOTES

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SURVEY BY TATA INSTITUTE

Greater Bombay Scheme

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
VILE PARLE, October 20.

THE Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Andheri, gets the honour of being selected by the Government of Bombay for carrying out a social and economic survey of four suburbs in the north of Bombay as a preparatory step in the execution of the Master Plan for Greater Bombay.

This survey, which will cost about Rs. 10,000 is expected to collect the necessary data for 'layouts of neighbourhood units and shopping centres"

As the necessary data essential for the purpose of implementing the Master Plan was not available, Mr. Mayer, the American Town Planning Expert, who was consulted in the drafting of the plan by the Bombay Municipality, had suggested a survey on a "sampling basis" in order to get a correct idea with regard to income, expenditure, size of families and rentals."

SCRUTINY INCOMPLETE

The Government of Bombay have so far not completed their scrutiny of the draft bill empowering Government to extend the limits of the Bombay Municipality upto Jogeshwari and Ghatkoper. The Minister of Local-Self-government, Mr. G. D. Vartak who has just returned to Bombay, will now apply his mind to the study of the various clauses of the draft bill and suggest suitable modifications which are desired by the suburban municipalities whose spokesmen are to meet him shortly. The draft bill will be introduced in the Bombay Legislature early next year.

The Bandra Municipality has invited tenders for a loan of Rs. seven lakhs at 3½ per cent. to finance the first stage of their drainage project. As the municipality is to be merged with Bombay very shortly, they should not have been in such a hurry to raise the money as the City Corporation could have easily found the necessary finance from their reserves.

Although it has been tentatively decided to have a separate budget for the suburban area, the Bombay Municipality will give financial assistance to the extent of 1 per cent. of their gross revenue to meet urgent capital expenditure of the suburban area which will be put under their charge on April 1.

MOBILE HOSPITAL

A mobile hospital for the use of the citizens of the Parle-Andheri municipal area is to be organised by the local municipality very shortly. The hospital, which will be fully equipped with the necessary outfit will take a doctor and a compounder and will be carried to the very door of the poorer citizens particularly in the 'gavthan" areas of Andheri and Vile Parle and render quick medical aid to those who need it. This service, which will cost the municipality about Rs. 2,000 a month, will come into operation by the end of this month.

A hospital containing 20 beds with all the modern equipment and facilities has been recently opened at Andheri by Dr. A. M. Desai. It will meet the long-felt needs of the suburb in the matter of medical facilities.

At a meeting of municipal councillors and prominent citizens of Parle-Andheri Municipal area held at Guzder Hall, Andheri under the chairmanship of the municipal President, Mr. Abdul Sattar Parikh on Tuesday night, it was decided to start a "keep the street clean" campaign early in November for a week.

FOOD CAMPAIGN

Meetings organised by Congress workers to give a fillip to the Grow More Food campaign in the suburbs have been largely attended by local agriculturists. On Sunday, a meeting was held at Borivli at which detailed instructions for the cultivation of 'rabi' crop was given to the Dahisar peasants by Mr. M. K. Deshpande, President of the Bandra Congress Committee and other Congress Workers. The Government Agricultural Officer who was also present on the occasion promised his whole-hearted support in solving their difficulties in the matter of growing more food crops. During the Divali week, more meetings will be held in other villages to induce peasants to push the "Grow More Food Campaign."

In Bassein taluka, thanks to the efforts of Mr. Mulla, the Mamlatdar and leading Congress workers, a large number of "Khar" lands are being rapidly reclaimed bringing under cultivation several hundred acres of land. Government's assurance of granting 80 per cent. of the cost of reclamation has given great encouragement to the peasants in this area.

TEACHERS' HOLIDAY

The Government of Bombay has opened a holiday camp on the specious grounds of the Government Physical Training Institute, Kandivli for the use of suburban primary teachers to enable them to come into closer contact with one another and exchange views on a variety of subjects.

The first camp, was opened on October 16 and will close this evening. The second batch which will consist of primary teachers of the Bombay Suburban District and secondary school students from the city and suburbs will be opened on Monday next and will close on October 30. The Deputy Educational Inspector, Bombay Division is in charge of the Camp.

DAHANU RATION SHOP GUTTED

(From Our Correspondent)
DAHANU, Oct. 20.

The biggest fire in the history of Dahanu caught the attention of passengers arriving by night train yesterday. A cloth and foodgrains ration shop run by the Dahanu Road Consumers' Co-operative Society was gutted by the fire. The damage is estimated at about Rs. 50,000. The people succeeded in bringing the fire under control in the small hours of the morning. Nobody was injured. The Prant officer, accompanied by the police Sub-Inspector and Home Guards Commandant rushed to the scene. The cause of the fire is not yet known. Police investigations are in progress.

TOWARDS RECORD FISH CATCH

Bombay Plans

As the "fish" season is beginning, the Government of Bombay are, it is learnt, making elaborate arrangements to ensure that the catches this year will beat all records.

The Director of Fisheries, Bombay, Dr. Sethna, who has recently returned from a tour of American fishing stations, has brought some novel ideas picked up at these centres. It is learnt that he is preparing a report which will be submitted to Government within a week or so.

In this connection Dr. Sethna met Mr. G. D. Tapase Minister for Fisheries, Government of Bombay and discussed for an hour the various plans, he had in view.

Mr. Tapase told a reporter of this paper today, that he would on Tuesday next, tour the inland waters of Bombay to observe the working of a new net called the Parsana net. It is claimed by the fishermen using it that it is a great improvement on the traditional net and can be manufactured at a cost, not prohibitive as far as the poorer Indian fisher folk are concerned.

The beginning of the fishing season, has it is learnt, been slightly marred by the unseasonal rains and floods, but, this, however, will not affect catches as the weather clears and brightens up.

'GROW MORE FISH' CAMPAIGN

Annual Output Increased

PATNA, Oct. 19 (PTI): As a result of the execution of "Grow More Fish" schemes of the Central and Provincial Government till March 1948, the total annual output of fish in the Indian Union has increased by 1,84,00 maunds, it is learnt here.

Till 1947, about 1,36,00,000 maunds of fish were marketed annually in the Indian Union. Working of old and new schemes is likely to increase the annual output further by 18,00,000 maunds according to the estimates of the technical advisers of the Ministry of Agriculture. In addition to this, about 1,75,000 maunds of fish is expected from deep sea fishing.

SUGAR HOARDERS SITTING TIGHT ON STOCKS

Govt. May Take Stringent Measures Soon

The recent spurt of activity on the part of the Civil Supplies Department of the Government of Bombay which culminated in an order under the Essential Commodities Act, being issued, compelling the declaration of hoarded stocks, has so far yielded no results whatever.

Not a single hoarder or blackmarketeer has come forward and voluntarily declared the excess stocks in his possession. Government's fond hopes that after the promulgation of the Order, stocks of sugar in the possession of private parties, over and above three maunds, have now been dashed to the ground, as not even an ounce of excess sugar has been declared, though the dead-line of Wednesday has been passed by a further 12 hours.

Meanwhile the Government, is thinking of more stringent measures, to make hoarders disgorge the suspected 40,000 bags of sugar, which are supposed to have gone underground. A spokesman of the Government of Bombay, stated that, at a meeting of the Congress Legislature Party recently, while there was opposition to sugar-rationing on the ground that the quantity available was too meagre, there was great unanimity of view that the laws penalising hoarders and black-marketeers should be considerably strengthened.

Many members are learnt to have suggested that flogging of convicted offenders, would be a deterrent, and softer measures may not succeed. The Government are learnt to be seriously considering the advisability of this suggestion.

Government is immediately issuing orders amending its previous order in some essential particulars, it is learnt. While the previous order banned the possession of more than three maunds of sugar, the new order, is expected to cut down this generous allowance to only one maund.

The previous order was applicable only to crystal sugar, but the new order will encompass all varieties of sugar.

Another step already taken by Government, is that it is progressively eliminating the middleman's position of the Bombay Sugar Merchants' Association, who have been all along the custodians of sugar stocks, and the sole distributing machinery under Government supervision.

Considering that the sugar supplied through their agency has created a lot of disaffection on account of poor quality. Government is now directly removing the sugar to its own godowns, and will directly distribute from now on.

Rain Forecast In Madras

All-India Weather

POONA, Oct. 20, (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Thursday October 20:—

Thunder showers have been widespread in Assam, Gangetic West Bengal, Malabar, Mysore and the south-west Deccan and occurred locally in the Konkan and south-east Madras. A few thundershowers have also occurred in and near Chhota Nagpur.

Night temperatures have fallen, from the East Punjab and Gangetic West Bengal to the North Deccan and Saurashtra.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL FRIDAY EVENING: Thunderstorm-rain will be widespread in the Madras, Deccan, Mysore, in and near the northern districts of south-east Madras. Local thundershowers are likely in the southern districts of south-east Madras, in Malabar, the South Konkan, the south Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad. A few thundershowers are also likely in Assam and along the Orissa Circars coast.

Night temperatures will fall in the central parts of the country, the north Deccan and the north Konkan.

The following is the weather chart: Ahmedabad 99 73 0 0.3 plus 0.1: Allahabad 94 65 0 0.4 minus 1.3: Bangalore 81 66 0.4 6.0 plus 1.5: Baroda 97 75 0 0.1 minus 1.3: Belgaum 82 66 0.2 0.3 minus 3.0: Banaras 92 69 0 1.3 minus 0.5: Bhopal 92 66 0 3.7 plus 2.3: BOMBAY 89 79 0 1.3 minus 0.5: Calcutta 93 75 1.0 2.0 plus 4.3: Cherrapunji 66 61 0.5 5.9 minus 7.1: Cochin 87 75 0.1 5.4 minus 3.4: Delhi 94 61 0 0.1 minus 0.3: Hyderabad 86 72 0.1 0.3 minus 1.3: Kolhapur 87 70 0.2 0.5: Lucknow 94 66 0 0 minus 1.1: Madras 90 77 0.1 1.7 minus 4.6: Mahabaleshwar 71 63 0 2.7 minus 2.1 Mysore 81 69 1.2 4.7 minus 0.3: Nagpur 89 68 0 5.2 plus 3.8: Ootacamund 65 53 0.6 5.5 plus 0.4: Patna 93 70 0 0.1 minus 1.9: Poona 86 71 0.3 1.4 minus 1.0: Rajkot 100 68 0 0.1 minus 0.3: Surat 95 75 0 2.6 plus 1.8: Trivandrum 85 75 T 1.4 minus 5.0.

Quake Shock

POONA, Oct. 20:— An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre at latitude seven degrees S. and longitude 152 degrees E. in the Pacific Ocean near Solomon Island, about 5,560 miles away from Poona, was recorded by the Seismograph in the Meteorological Office, Poona, 2.43 a.m. on Thursday.

DACOIT ARRESTED

LUCKNOW, Oct. 20 (PTI)—Birey, "the most wanted man" on the United Provinces prize list, was taken into custody on Wednesday, night the police disclosed here.

Birey was arrested after a chase in Kampil. He was recently injured in a clash with the police in Mainpuri.

Birey is alleged to have been involved in several murders and 100 armed ddacoities. A reward of Rs. 5,000 was placed on his head, dead or alive.

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OWBRIDGE'S
FAMOUS LUNG TONIC
'O' for Owbridge's, famous remedy for coughs, colds and chills. Children love the honey in it. Make sure of Owbridge's—see the 'O' is on the packet and the bottle.
THE SAFE REMEDY FOR 74 YEARS

"IN THE COURT OF THE LORD DELAY THERE MAY BE— BUT NEVER INJUSTICE"
assured the celestial sage Narad, and see how true he proved! in this
W.I.T.LTD. MINERVA PICTURE
IN CHASTE HINDI

SHOBHANA SAMARTH, NIRANJAN SHARMA, LAXMAN.
NARSINH AVATAR
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Today, Tomorrow & Sun. at 12-30 Mats.
Ad. Book: 10 to 12; 4 to 6.
CENTRAL
Producer & Director: SOHRAB MODI

Unbeatable for its Magical Music!
See and Hear Poet Pradeep's Loveliest SONGS in
Girls' School
6TH BIG WEEK AT NEW
GEETA BALI SHASHIKALA. SAJJAN. SOHAN.
WEST-END (Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30. Sat., Sun. Holi. 11-45. Adv 10 to 12, 4 to 6.)
BROADWAY (Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sat., Sun. Holi. 12-30. LIDO, Santa Cruz. (Sharda Release)

HE CAME—HE SAW—HE CONQUERED
WAS HE NAPOLEON?—NO
WAS HE ALEXANDER?—NO.
Then
He was PRINCE CHARMING from AYODHYA
He CAME to JANAKPUR
HE SAW SEETA—HE CONQUERED HER HEART—See him in
PREM ADIB Pictures
RAMVIVAH
KRISHNA 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sat., Sun. Hol 12-30. Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Booking: 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7. Also PRABHAT (Thana) A Central F. D. Release.
PARADISE 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 From Tomorrow DECCAN TALKIES. Poona.

GEMINI'S
Nishan
HINDI
FROM 21st OCTOBER
AT
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE (GIRGAUM) 'Phone 21200
DAILY 3 SHOWS 3, 6-15 and 9-30 P.M.
TICKETS MAY BE BOOKED IN ADVANCE from the 18th October.
For Rs. 2/10, 2/4 and Rs. 1/5 seats between 9-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 3-00 to 6-30 P.M. DAILY
RATES AS USUAL.
JAI HIND & RIVOLI
(BYCULLA) Phone: 41656
(MATUNGA) Phone: 61480
Daily 4 Shows:
11-45 A.M., 3, 6-15 & 9-30 P.M.
ON THE OPENING DAY, FRIDAY 21st October ONLY 3 shows at 3, 6-15 & 9-30 P.M.
TICKETS MAY BE BOOKED IN ADVANCE FROM 18TH OCTOBER FOR ALL UPPER CLASS SEATS AND 2ND CLASS (AS 10-6) ONLY AT JAI HIND.
between 11-45 A.M. and 9-45 P.M. daily.
RATES AS USUAL.

Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers, the most famous dancing partners, are reunited in "The Barkleys of Broadways"being shown at the Metro from today.

MUSICAL TECHNICOLOR AT METRO

Astaire & Rogers Together Again

The big news of M.G.M.'s exhilarating new Technicolor musical "The Barkleys of Broadway" starrting Friday at the Metro Theatre is that it reunites the captivating team of Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers whose work together in such pictures as "Flying Down to Rio", "The Gay Divorcee" and "The Top Hat" gave the screen some of its finest song-and-dance productions.

Their reunion picture presents them with a breezy, fast-paced, scintillating comedy-romance which gives them plenty of opportunity to show off their undisputed talents as the outstanding dancing partners of this generation.

The story casts them as Josh and Dinah, the Barkleys of the title and a couple whose married life is as successful as their teaming on the Broadway musical-comedy stage, despite the fact that it vacillates between stormy quarrels and impulsive kisses. It is only when Dinah meets a romantic foreign playwright who encourages her to believe that she is wasting her time in musicals and instead should be modelling her career on that of Sarah Bernhardt that a rift occurs in what had been a happy-go-lucky marital set-up. The undaunted Josh, however, is not without his own resources and before the picture's gala climax has convinced his erring wife that her place is not only beside her husband but in the realm of musical comedy rather than the so-called higher arts.

Astaire has a brilliant solo routine in an ingenious number titled "Shoes With Wings On" and he and Miss Rogers revice the memorable George and Ira Gershwin tune, "They can't Take That Away From Me" which they sang in an earlier film and which now forms the basis for one of the new musical's outstanding song-and-dance numbers.

An additional musical highlight is pianist Oscar Levant's playing of the popular Kachaturian "Sabre Dance" and Tschaikowsky's "B Flat Minor Concerto" the last with a 100-piece symphony orchestra. The double-talented Levant, incidentally, has one of his most felicitous comedy roles as the blonde-addicted friend of the Barkleys who tries desperately to patch up their differences. Other in a topnotch cast include fluttery Billie Burke, Gale Robbins and Jacques Francois, the personable French screen star making his American film debut in the role of the romantic playwright.

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10 A.M.
"Barkleys Of Broadway"

FOR DAILY ROASTED OVEN FRESH
DHANA DAL
all sorts of high class Supari and Mukhawas.
Please visit
Manilal Harjiwan Sopariwala
Near G. T. High School,
Dadisheth Agiari Lane,
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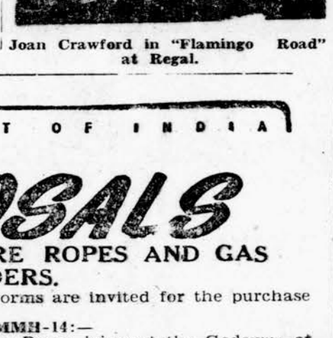

Joan Crawford in "Flamingo Road" at Regal.

GUVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
SALE OF STEEL WIRE ROPES AND GAS CYLINDERS.
Sealed tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase of the following surplus stores:—
1. TENDER NO DGD/SR-3559/MMH-14:—
Large quantity of Steel Wire Ropes lying at the Godowns of Messrs Steel Ropes Ltd., Kidderpore and Sijua (Binar).
2. TENDER NO. DGD/GAS CYLINDER/MMH-12:—
About 32,000 used Gas Cylinders in various sizes located mainly at Calcutta, Jubbulpore, Bombay and Avadi. (These cylinders cannot be used in India and will be sold only on condition that they will be exported).
Tender forms containing available particulars of stores, instructions to tenderers, opening date, conditions of sale and inspection permit can be had from the Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, and the Regional Commissioners (Disposals) Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Kanpur at Rs. 5/- per set against each tender separately in cash/Money Order.
Tenders should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals Miscellaneous Metals and Hardware Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and should reach him by 4 P M on 15-11 49
DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,
NEW DELHI.

Foreign Films Of The Week

HOLIDAY FARE AT NEW EMPIRE

"The Girl From Jones Beach"

Starring handsome Ronald Reagan, lovely Virginia Mayo and comedian Eddie Bracken, Warner Brothers' "The Girl From Jones Beach" is ideal holiday fare, especially in this weather, for the story is set amid the sands and surf off New York's Long Island beach. It is being released at New Empire today.

Artist Ronald Reagan creates a highly imaginary woman out of the composite perfections of twelve models, each of whom believes that she alone is the original of his creation. Complications arise when Eddie Bracken discovers Virginia on the beach and finds that she is the dead image of Reagan's drawings. The one fly in the ointment is that she is a school teacher with serious ideals who would never act as a model. Reagan enrols in her class for adult immigrants and poses as a Czech in order to get to know her.

This episode is one of the most hilarious in the picture, and Reagan's travesty of a Czech accent is a wow! The fat is well and truly in the fire when his twelve original models discover his deception. However, as in all comedy, things work out in the end, and Virginia, who finds herself in love with Ronnie after all, winds up in his arms.

Ronald Reagan is ideally cast as the artist, and he handles his role with a fine sense of comedy. Virginia Mayo is attractive and natural as the school teacher, and Eddie Bracken has a made to order part as Reagan's advertising agent.

Ronald and Virginia Mayo in "The Girl From Jones Beach", at the New Empire.

"FLAMINGO ROAD"

GLAMOUR ROLE FOR JOAN CRAWFORD

Joan Crawford's new dramatic offering, "Flamingo Road", directed by Michael Curtiz for Warner Bros. release, opens today at the Regal Theatre. Zachary Scott and Sydney Greenstreet are also starred in this dynamic drama, which Jerry Wald has produced under Warner Bros.' banner.

In "Flamingo Road" Joan plays a carnival girl who goes up the social ladder to riches, told against a background of corrupt politics. Besides the above trio of personalities, this drama also presents a newcomer, David Brian to the screen. Former usher, musical comedy artist and a member of the Coast Guard during the war, advance reports indicate that Brian is one of the most interesting new faces to come forward on the Hollywood scene in years. His rise from obscurity to a role in the Warner Production demonstrates a real Hollywood 'success' story.

It is also interesting to note that the same quartet which made "Mildred Pierce" such an outstanding film three years ago, is also identified with "Flamingo Road" This includes the star, Joan Crawford, the director, Curtiz, Scott and Jerry Wald. Joan won the Academy Award for her performance that year.

The supporting cast of "Flamingo Road" is one of the strongest assembled in months, with Gladys George, former silent star, Alice White, Gertrude Michael, Iris Adrian, Fred Clark and others. Merwyn Bogue, who plays Joan's belligerant, small town blind date in the drama, is better identified as Ishkabibble, Kay Kyser's comic trumpet player. For this role he combed his familiar bangs from his forehead.

EXTERNMENT ORDER ON GONDAL PLEADER

RAJKOT, Oct. 20, (PTI): Mr. Kantilal Pujani a leading pleader from Gondl has been externed from Madhya Saurashtra for a period of four months. it was learnt here today.

Mr. Pujani was arrested on September 18 in connection with disturbed conditions in Gondal a sub-division of Madhya Saurashtra, but was ordered to be released by the Saurashtra High Court vesterday following a Habeaus Corpus application filed by him against his detention under the public Safety Act.

Family Of Frustrations

A scene from "The Red Pony" at the Strand.

"THE RED PONY" AT STRAND

Brilliant All Star Cast

Republic's "The Red Pony" which comes to the Strand this week is not a lavish film by Hollywood standards, but is notable for being a well-told tale of family life.

John Steinbeck's story concerns a family whose members all suffer from frustration in varying degrees. Fred Tiflin, the father, is a misfit on his ranch. Never in sympathy with his neighbours or his ranch-loving family, he resents it deeply when they return his coolness with indifference. When Fred gives his son Tom a pony, the boy lavishes all his affection on it. Unfortunately the pony falls seriously ill, and, despite all efforts to save it, dies.

The situation seems explosive, but fortunately a boy's sorrow is a very transitory thing, however it may affect him at the time, and when the crisis is resolved we find that the family members have developed a greater tolerance and understanding of each other.

Myrna Loy is restrained as Fred's wife, while Shepperd Strudwick effectively handles the father's part. Robert Mitchum does well in the important part of the ranch foreman. Peter Miles is natural as Tom, and in refreshing contrast to most Hollywood youngsters does not act the precocious brat. The best characterisation, however, comes from Louis Calhern as the old-time frontiersman who is never tired of recounting the exploits of his fabulous youth.

The film has been directed with warmth and understanding by Lewis Milestone, while the beautiful Technicolor photography enhances its appeal. The incidental music was in the hands of Aaron Copeland, who is rapidly making a name for himself in the field of modern symphonic music.

Miss Damayanti Joshi, the well-known dancer, will give a recital at the Podar College, tonight, under the auspices of Kalavikas, a cultural institution.

Dog Kidnapped Kittens

SYDNEY.—When a cat has kittens it's nothing new. But when a dog abducts them and won't let the cat have them back it tends to create a bit of hostility.

This state of affairs arose when pet cat, Tarzana, had a litter in a kennel belonging to a dalmatian. Misty at a Sydney suburban home.

When Tarzana wasn't looking, Misty hopped in and began to care for the kittens. She found this new domestic life so interesting that she refused to let Tarzana come near.

When Misty wasn't looking Tarzana took the kittens under the house. Misty was annoyed, and fir flew for several days—until one morning their owner found Misty, Tarazana and the kittens sharing the kennel in domestic harmony.—PTI-Reuter.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

NEW EMPIRE:

"The Girl From Jones Beach" Starring Virginia Mayo, Ronald Reagan and Eddie Bracken.

STRAND:

"The Red Pony" Starring Myrna Loy, Robert Mitchum, Louis Calhern and Shepperd Strudwick.

EROS:

"Mexican Hayride" Starring Bud Abbott, Lou Costello, Virginia Grey and Luba Malina.

REGAL:

"Flamingo Road" Starring Joan Crawford, Zachary Scott, Sidney Greenstreet, Gladys George, Alice White and Gertrude Michael.

METRO:

"The Barkleys Of Broadway" Starring Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers.

LAST OF THE WAR CRIMES TRIALS

TOKYO, Oct 19 (PTI-Reuter)—The last scheduled war crimes trial in Japan ended today with a sentence of five years hard labour imposed at Yokahama on Osumu Satano, a former Japanese army officer, for beheading a captured American airman. After the verdict, Mr. Alva Carpenter, Legal Chief at General Doughas MacArthur's Supreme Allied Headquarters here, announced that for the first time in nearly four years the United States authorities were not holding any war crimes suspects in the Far East.

According to General MacArthur's Headquarters, 4,200 Japanese have been convicted of war crimes since Japan's surrender. Over 700 were executed. Over 500 were still serving prison terms and the remainder had been released after serving prison sentences. American British Australian Dutch, French and Chinese tribunals conducted 2,000 trials.

Diwali Greetings
TO OUR PATRONS
Wishing you A HAPPY DIWALI and PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR we take this Opportunity of Thanking You for your kind Co-operation and esteemed patronage.
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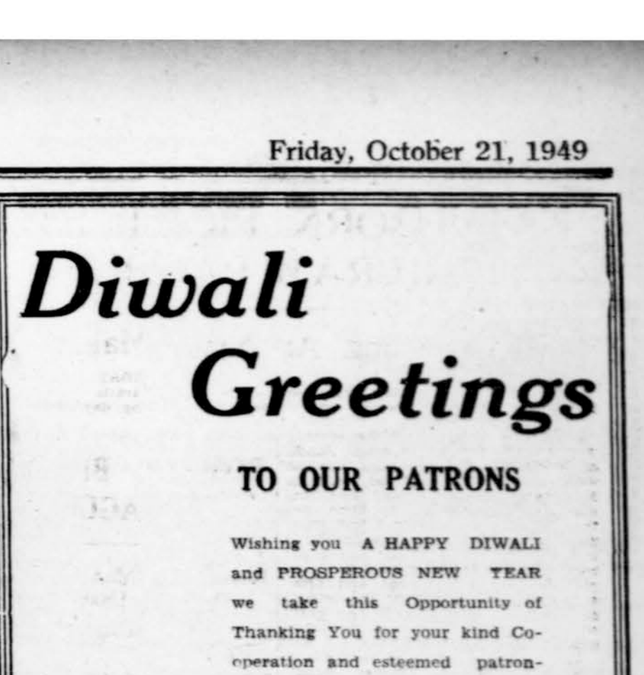

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by using world-famous Zam-Buk

Rub in Zam-Buk gently, and relief comes quickly. The rich medicinal oils in this wonderful herbal ointment get right into the skin, to give the most effective benefit to strained, wearied, aching muscles. For all muscular pains, for cramp and stiffness of the joints, and for sore aching feet, Zam-Buk is a real blessing. Guaranteed free from animal fat.
ALWAYS USE
Zam-Buk
SOOTHING, HEALING, ANTISEPTIC OINTMENT
Excellent for pimples, rashes, eczema, ulcers, abscesses, sores, cuts, wounds, burns, scalds, insect bites, sore aching feet, muscular pains and bodily chills.
Agent: Messrs. KEMP & CO., LTD. P.O. Box 937 BOMBAY

STUBBORN FIGHT BY SHIVRAM PANDLI

Wrestling At Azad Maidan

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The wrestling exhibition organised by the Akil Bharatia Sarirk Vikas Sangh provided its supporters with quite an interesting days programme.

Quite the best fight of the evening was provided when Shivram Pandli of Matunga agile and quick not so well built faced a muscular well built Kashinath Dandewalla and had his stronger opponent well in hand, but the tide of power changed and Kasinath gained the advantage for three minutes only after which time Shivram again dominated but failed to pin his heavier opponent and after a very hard fought fight the referee stopped the fight after it had passed only fifteen minutes of the scheduled 20 minutes fight.

The following were the results:—

Krishna Bhiwa (Currey Road) drew with Gunga Aboo Karim Saheb (Baulker) in a ten minute fight.

Vithoba (Satara) beat Nabhoo (Pundliwadi) in 8 minutes of a scheduled 15 minute fight.

Vishnu Yerupeker (Kaliwada) beat Tatoba Nana Narain (Bhubowar) in 4 minutes of a scheduled 7 minute fight.

Nlirti Pahelwan (Kalekar) drew with Gyance Atrekar (Chudamim) in 10 minute fight.

Krishna Releker (Bazargate) beat Luxman (Kumbhargaon Satara) in 5 minutes of a scheduled 10 minute fight.

Antoo Belekar Baboo (Rahmanabhai) beat Shanker Dawoo (Chhopulal) in 5 minutes of a scheduled 10 minute fight.

Bhagwan Masuli (Azad Hind Karad) drew with Bhagwan Sudlikar (Karim Sahebjibenker in a 15 minute fight).

Babu Beleker (Satara) beat Abaji Kamalgaoker (Matunga) in 6 minutes of a scheduled 10 minute fight.

Mahedeo (Mazagoan Ramoowastad) beat Sunderdadasaheb Baneker within 3 minutes of a scheduled 10 minutes fight.

Shivram Pandli (Matunga) drew with Kashinath Devidas Papabhai Dandiwalla in a scheduled 20 minute fight.

Shivaji (Rahmatker) beat Gyaun Bholekar Bhayaji (Bamchhipeth) in 2 minutes of a scheduled 10 minute fight.

Kasinath Maharaj (Patna) beat Govind Wakurde (Damoo Chhotalal) in 10 minutes of a scheduled 15 minute fight.

Bombay Colleges Team To Tour Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, October 20.

A Combined Colleges Cricket Eleven will arrive here from Bombay on the morning of the 31st. instant. The Bombay team is scheduled to play three matches during their short stay here. The first match will be played against the Entertainers, which will be followed by one against the Combined teams of the Entertainers and the Baronet Club. The third and the last match will be with the Combined Ahmedabad Colleges Eleven.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel:
3 p.m. B.E.S.T. S.C. vs. Goan S.C. 'B' (Junior Rovers)
4 p.m. General Motors vs. Indian Culture League (Junior Rovers)
5 p.m. Khatau S.C. vs. St. Francis Goans 'B' (H.V.M. Cup Final)

Brabourne Stadium
5-20 p.m. Cuncolim Union vs. St. Michael's Anjuman (B.G.A.A. Championship).

TABLE TENNIS

Times of India Sports Club, Hornby Road
4 p.m. onwards: Second and third rounds of first half of Herbert Smith Shield Team Championship.

WRESTLING

Azad Maidan
4 to 7 p.m. Evening Session
8 to 11 p.m. Night Session
(Akhil Bharatiya Vikas)

BOMBAY BILLIARDS LEAGUE

Results Of Matches Played During Last Week

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The following are the results of the matches played in the Bombay Billiards League during the week ended 16th October 1949.

SOUTH ZONE

P J. Hindu Gymkhana 'A' beat A.C.C. Sports Club 840-695

Islam Gymkhana 'A' beat Parsee Gymkhana 690-491

The results of the match played between Bombay Gymkhana 'A' and the Cricket Club of India are not yet received.

WEST ZONE

City Police Club 'A' beat Islam Gymkhana 'B' 770-585

Tata Sports Club beat Merchants Club 853-666

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana beat Bombay Gymkhana 'B' 782-750

CENTRAL ZONE

Y.M.C.A. Byculla beat Y.M.C.A. Proctor 653-600

Bombay Port Trust Sports Club beat P. O. Recreation C. 840-836

Times of India Sports Club beat City Police Club 'A' 869-719

NORTH ZONE

Bandra Gymkhana beat G.I.P. Parel 850-719

Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana beat Dadar Parsee Col. Gymkhana 860-625

Dadar Club beat G.I.P. Byculla 813-810

The results of the match played between Mysore Association and the Matharpacady Club are not yet received.

Inter-Railway Hockey Attracts Many Teams

MADRAS, Oct. 19 (PTI)—The M. and S. M. Railway, hocky team, last year's runners up, left for Delhi tonight to participate in the Inter-Railway Hockey Tournament commencing from October 23. They meet the G.I.P. Railway on October 24.

The M.S.M. Railway team will be picked up from the following:—

H. Ascanlon (Captain), D'Silva, Rajgopal, Newman, Starr, Rozario, Thangaraj, Muthuraj, Janakiram, Blankley, Perumal, Garrett, Balkrishnan, Jones and Adichetty. Mr. Sarangapani is accompanying the team as its manager.

The other challengers for the Railway Hockey Championship are: South Indian Railway, Nizam's State Railway, B.B.C.I., East Indian Railway, O.T. Railway, East Punjab and Great Indian Peninsula Railways.

Frank Edwards To Play In National Championships

CALCUTTA, Oct. 20 (PTI).

Frank Edwards, British Amateur Snooker Champion, who is to take part in this year's All India Amateur Billiards and Snooker Championships to be held in Calcutta, will arrive here on December 1, it was learnt today.

The Billiard Association and Control Council of India, under whose auspices the championships will be held, announces that entries for the same close on November 5th and the draw will be made on November 7th.

The qualifying rounds will commence on November 15 and the championships proper on December 1.

Winners and runners-up since 1931, mence on November 15 and the provincial champions and foreign champions visiting India under the auspices of the Association are not required to compete in the elliminating rounds.

BURMAH-SHELL'S EASY VICTORY

Satiranjan Shield Soccer At Parel

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Burmah-Shell a first division team who acquitted themselves creditably in the recently concluded Rovers Cup Tournament reaching the semi-finals where they lost to East Bengal and claimed the Gossage Cup for the losing semi-finalist, experienced little difficulty in accounting for the combined schools XI by three goals to nil this evening in the Satiranjan Shield Tournament at the St. Xavier's ground Parel.

Burmah-Shell took matters lightly and although their approach work was good they failed miserably at the all important end. Ganesh their centre-forward was alone guilty of missing four positive sitters and had the other forwards taken their chances they would have won by an imposing tally.

The Combined Schools goalkeeper L. D'Silva gave a good account of himself and had it not been for his smart work his team would have suffered badly. He brought off several grand saves from positive sitters.

Burmah-Shell held the whiphand throughout the game without unduly exerting themselves. Immediately after the kick-off Ganesh opened their account by scoring from a pass by Peter and soon afterwards A. P. Fernandes strengthened their position by netting from close in but this was as far as they got in this half and after the break they were able to add only one more through Rego.

DAS CUP

Earlier in the evening H.M.I. Dockyard 'A' qualified for the final of the Das Cup Tournament by defeating Kohinoor Mills 'A' by three goals to nil.

Dockyard lead by two goals in the initial half scored by Ivor Abraham and Kenny Lefebour. After the breather Ivor Abraham added the third goal to complete the tally five minutes before the end of play.

entered the third round of the Das Cup

On the G.I.P. Railway ground R.I.N. at the expense of Blue Wizards whom they beat by four goals to one.

The Navy opened their account in the first period through Sahi but Martin equalised for Blue Wizards a little later and the teams retired for the break on even terms.

In the second session when it seemed that there would be no decisive result the Navy played more forceful soccer and within the last three minutes of play they scored 3 goals to emerge victorious. Mohommed two and Sahi were responsible for these goals.

Herbert Smith Shield Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Six matches were decided in the first round of the "Times of India" Herbert Smith Shield Team Championship which commenced this evening at the Times of India Sports Club.

Most of the matches resulted in easy victories for the winning teams except the game between G.I.P. Railway Institute and Godrej Staff Club where the former were taken to full five games before they were able to overcome their opponents by three matches to two.

The following were the results of the first round ties played this evening:—

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA "C" beat Times of India S. C. "C" 3 — 0

C. K. Velkar beat K. L. Sankar 11-21, 21-11, 21-9; V. V. Prabhu beat T. S. Naidu 21-11, 22-20; C. G. Velkar and V. V. Prabhu beat K. L. Sankar and T. S. Naidu 7-21, 21-12, 21-7.

TATA SPORTS CLUB beat Dadar Parsi Colony "B" 3 — 1

S. N. Motiwalla beat S. R. Khambata 21-7, 21-13; P. Daruwalla lost to P. D. Hilloo 17-21, 21-16, 15-21; S. N. Motiwalla and P. Daruwalla beat S. R. Khambata and P. D. Hilloo 21-8, 21-18; S. N. Motiwalla beat P. D. Hilloo 21-6, 21-7.

G. I. P. RAILWAY INSTITUTE beat Godrej Staff Club 3 — 2

V. Ranganath lost to F. S. Bode 19-21, 17-21, beat E. P. Modi 21-10, 21-10; V. Jagannath beat E. P. Modi 21-11, 15-21, 21-12; beat F. S. Bode 21-17, 21-13; V. Ranganath and V. Jagannath lost to H. R. Mehta and F. S. Bode 18-21, 17-21.

BOMBAY CENTRAL RAILWAY INSTITUTE "A" beat Burmah-Shell S. C. 3 — 0

P Abraham beat M. Srinivas 21-18, 21-18; H. M. Khanchand beat H. Rozario 21-5, 21-14; P. Abraham and H. M. Khanchand beat M. Srinivas and H. Rozario 21-15, 21-14.

NEWCORD SPORTS CLUB beat Times of India S. C. "B" 3 — 0

B Surendra beat J. McNab 21-15, 21-5; A. V. Remedios beat J. Ramkrishna 21-14, 21-17; B. Surendra and A. V. Remedios beat J. McNab and J. Ramkrishna 12-21, 21-18, 21-18.

STUDENTS Y. M. C. A. "B" w.o. Bombay City Sports Club

MELBOURNE GAMES IN 1956

September Or October Chosen As Probable Dates

SYDNEY, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter): The 1956 Olympic Games in Melbourne will almost certainly be held during the month of September or October, according to Mr. W. Verge-Phillips, member of the Australian Olympic Federation.

Speaking at a meeting of the New South Wales Amateur Swimming Club here tonight, Mr. Verge-Phillips said that in arranging the date first consideration would be given to competing nations from the northern hemisphere.

He added that previously it had been suggested that the games should be held in January or February, but United States critics had objected to these months.

His First Tittle

Eighteen-year-old college boy, Yatin S. Vyas who won the men's open singles of the Student Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis Championships on Tuesday. Last year this youngster had sky-rocketed to fame by defeating A. H. Khan, one of Bombay's leading players.

NAVELIM WIN BY SOLITARY GOAL

Ave Maria Cup

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Navelim S.C. beat St. Michael's Anjuna S.C. by a solitary goal in the Ave Maria Cup Tournament at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday evening and thus qualified to meet St. Joseph's Arpora S.C. from Goa on Sunday.

Anjuna were not the same team today. They played a lifeless game and were Navelim not to put pressure throughout, the game might perhaps been a dull one. Navelim played with confidence and were always more faster than their opponents, and showed much brilliance and good team work. C. Rebello scored Navelim's only goal.

Young Aryans who had previously drawn against Volkart Bros. in the Bombay Goan Athletic Association Championship, obtained a walkover the latter, as only a few men of Volkart turned up.

Ahmedabad Players For Bombay 'Varsity Trials

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, October 20.

The following four players have been selected to represent the Ahmedabad Group at the Bombay University Cricket Trials to be held in Bombay on the 25th. and 26th. October:—

Dinesh Medh (Law College); Dipak Shodhan (Gujerat College); Prabodh Pandya (Gujerat College) and Walter D'Souza (Law College).

The four players will leave for Bombay on the 24th. Dinesh Medh and Dipak Shodhan have already played for the Combined University's Eleven against the Commonwealth team, while Prabodh Pandya, a new comer is also welknown to the Bombay crowds, for during last September, he had come down with the Ahmedabad Combined College team and had captured seventeen wickets at the comparatively small cost of 87 runs during his short stay here.

TOURISTS WELCOME INDORE'S CLIMATE

Teams For Today's Match Against Holkar

INDORE, October 20 (P.T.I).

FIFTY-FOUR-YEAR-OLD C. K. Nayudu, India's former captain, will lead the Holkar Cricket Association Eleven on Yeshvant Club's matting wicket here tomorrow.

The match, which was scheduled to be a three-day affair, has been extended by a day at the request of the Holkar Association and will now be played on October 21, 22, 23 and 24.

The tourists welcomed Indore's temperate climate with a two-hour practice at the Daly College ground this morning.

The Commonwealth Team will be selected from the following twelve:

L. Livingston: (Captain and wicket-keeper) F. Freer, C. G. Pepper, G. Tribe, D. Fitzmaurice, H. Lambert, W. Alley, W. Langdon, F. Worrell, J. K. Holt, George Pope and Ray Smith.

The Holkar Cricket Association Eleven: Lt.-Col. C. K. Nayudu (Captain), C. S. Nayudu, Mushtaq Ali, M. N. Jagdale, C. T. Sarwate, G. M. Bhaya, Hiralal Gaekwad, Salim Mohammad Khan, N. R. Newasarkar (wicketkeeper), Ishtaq Ali Khan and G. N. Kunzru.

Reserves: Sule, Sonnar and R. Pratap Singh.

Delhi Cloth Mills Football Tourney

DELHI, October 20 (PTI).

In the quarter final of the Delhi Cloth Mills All India Football Tournament today D. S. A. Kanpur defeated Kalighat Club, Calcutta by three goals to nil.

Raisina Sporting Union, Delhi also moved into the semi-final by defeating Delhi Mughals by odd goals in three.

CANADIAN CHAMPION IN THE LEAD

"News Of The World" Snooker Tournament

LONDON, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter):—George Chenier, champion of Canada, led Peter Mans, South African champion, by four frames to two at the interval on the first day of their heat in the News of the World £1,500 sterling professional snooker tournament today.

Mans had a break of sixty in the fifth frame of their thirty-seven frames match in which he receives three points in each frame. Scores during afternoon session (at Chenier first) were 62 to 50, 69 to 52, 51 to 36, 39 to 77, 22 to 99, 67 to 42.

Powerful play vied with the South Africans delicacy to provide a distinct contract in styles. Mans made a nervous start but later found his true touch and played immaculate snooker.

ALBERT BROWN BEATS MANS

'News Of The World' Snooker

LONDON, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

Albert Brown of Birmingham won his match against the South African, Peter Mans in the "News of the World" 1,500 sterling snooker tournament at the Leicester Square Hall, tonight. The final scores were 22 frames won by Brown to 15 of Mans.

During the final session today Brown won four frames out of seven, the scores being (Brown first) 83 to 37, 85 to 28, 28 to 80, 36 to 97, 59 to 50, 139 to 7 and 39 to 91.

Kingsley Kennerley, who had made sure of his qualifying round for the world professional snooker championship by gaining a winning lead over his opponent John Barrie of Wisbech ran out with the final score of 21 frames to 14. Barrie claiming four of the five frames played during the evening.

Kingsley Kennerly now meets the winner of the second qualifying match played between Willie Smith and W. A Withers.

Brown won the match when he took the first frame in the evening session and he eventually ran out the winner by 22 frames to 15.

During the evening session, Brown won four frames to Mans's three the scores being (Brown first) 83 to 37, 85 to 28, 28 to 80, 36 to 97, 59 to 50 139 to 7 and 39 to 91.

Kennerly eventually beat Barrie by 21 frames to 14.

Barrie won four of the five frames played during the evening. The scores were (Kennerley first) 87 to 25, 19 to 111, 53 to 65 43 to 80, and 54 to 56.

Passmore Is Leading Goal-Scorer Of Season

LONDON, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter)—Leading goal-scorer in the football league at present is W. Passmore, the Gateshead (Third Division, Northern) centre-forward, with 16 goals.

Passmore, who has scored only one goal less than all the other members of the Gateshead team, broke a bad patch when he beat the Carlisle Goalkeeper last Saturday. Before that he has been struck on the 15 goal mark for nearly five weeks.

Closely pressing him for the leadership is Tommy Briggs, six-feet tall leader of the Grimsby (second division) attack, with 15 goals out of a team total of 25. Briggs finished well up in last season's final table with 28 goals.

Top of the first division scorers with ten goals is Jackie Milburn, Newcastle United and England centre forward. Milburn's international attrick for England against Wales is not included.

Four players are on Milburn's heels, each with nine goals. They are the Arsenal Pair, Goring and Lewis, with Bentley of Chelsea and Clarke of Portsmouth.

Walter Ardron 30 years-old Nottingham Forest centre-forward, leads the third division, southern list with 11 goals. With Rotherham United last season, he finished top of the third division, northern table with 31 goals, only one less than the leading goal-getter of the leagues, Charlies Wayman of Southampton.

IRAQ-SYRIA MERGER

Strong Opposition

CAIRO, Oct. 20. (PTI-Reuter): Strictest security measures were taken and a tense atmosphere prevailed as Delegates to the Arab League Political Committee prepared for today's meeting with an Iraqi-Syrian merger plan on the agenda.

Outside the Committee, the Syrian and Iraqi Delegations were maintaining the closest liaison on the merger plan which was openly opposed by Egypt, Saudi Arabia, the Lebanon and Yemen.

The Lebanese Prime Minister, Riadel-Solh Bey, would, it was understood, introduce counter-proposals for the political, economic, cultural and military alliance of all member States.

LEAGUE MEETING

The League Council, meeting yesterday, had referred to a Special Committee for studying Iraqi proposals to reshape the League into "a more effective useful organisation and powerful tool for Arab action".

The proposal envisaged, among other things, the substitution of the post of Secretary-General by a Council of seven Secretaries, one for each member State, with Chairmanship in rotation.

The Council adjourned till Saturday.

The Political Committee is composed of three members, Egypt, Iraq and the Lebanon.

ELECTION RIOTS NEAR TEHERAN

3 Killed: Six Injured

TEHERAN, Oct. 20. (PTI-Reuter): Marshal law was today declared in Lar near Teheran, after election riots in which three people were killed and six injured.

A Persian Government spokesman said that while opposition leaders were discussing polling procedure with a Government delegate, a crowd invaded the Government offices, breaking furniture and killing three members of the Electoral Committee.

The spokesman said, several arrests were made.

West Germany Keeps Reds Out

BONN, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter): The West German Bundestag (Lower House of Parliament) today voted to exclude Communists and right-wing extremists from all Parliamentary Committees handling international relations. This includes relations with the occupying powers, the Soviet zone Berlin and the European Recovery Programme.

World Pentathlon Championship

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter) Captain Peter Duckworth (Fifth Royal Inniskilling Dragoon Guards) had fallen from ninth to eleventh place when the third day of the World Modern Pentathlon championship ended here today.

He had 41 points. Flight Lieutenant Jack Lumsdaine, R.A.F., however, claimed twelfth place with 43 points, while Lieutenant Geoffrey Brooke R. N. moved from eighteenth to nineteenth with 59 points.

Bjurefei (Sweden) remained first with 18 points. Britain fell from fifth to sixth place in team placings with 52 points. Sweden led with 12 points.

In tonight's 300 metre swimming contest Hall (Sweden) was first in 4 minutes 5.1 seconds; Lumsdaine was fourth in 4 minutes 34.7 seconds.

Duckworth was thirteenth in 5 minutes 52.4 seconds and Brooke sixteenth in 6 minutes 30.5 seconds.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20. (PTI): "Miss ameal a week" movement will be launched on a "country-wide basis" in the first week of December, Mr. Jag Parvesh Chandra, Chief Organiser of the Movement, said in a statement here todayy.

Three World Boxing Titles In London Before Summer ?

DEVALUATION OF STERLING DOES NOT DETER PROMOTERS

LONDON, October 20 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

THERE are prospects of at least three world boxing championships being staged in London between now and next summer in spite of fears that the devaluation of the sterling would make this impossible.

The most important will, of course, be the defence of the lightheavyweight title by Freddie Mills against the American, Joey Maxim, which is now almost certain to take place in the spring. Then comes a return tussle between Rinty Monaghan, of Belfast, and Terry Allen, of London, who fought a draw in a world flyweight title fight in Belfast recently. London will bid highly for the second clash between these two boxers. Finally there is the much discussed bantamweight clash between Manuel Ortiz the Mexican holder, and Danny O'Sullivan, of London.

Whether or not the latter takes place depends on the British Boxing Board of Control. Efforts are being made to persuade them to forego their usual rule of not allowing a non-champion to fight for a world title. Stanrowan, of Liverpool, is the British title holder and as such must have prior claim over O'Sullivan, but Ortiz is in Britain and is prepared to place his title at stake now. Rowan goes to South Africa to defend his empire championship soon, so a fight him and Ortiz is out of the question for a long time. O'Sullivan states that if the board will waive the rule this once he will in the event of success against the Mexican, defend the world title immediately against Rowan. The possibility of a fourth world title fight for London is not too remote for Dave Sands, Australian holder of the British Empire middleweight championship will be back in March to continue his quest for world honours.

British Golf Champion Locke In Good Condition After Operation

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter)—Locke, British open golf champion, was today stated to be in good condition after an emergency appendix operation here. He was taken to a nursing home last night in a serious condition.

Big Alterations In Cambridgeshire Call-Over

LONDON, October 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter): There were some big alterations in the Cambridgeshire betting at the Victoria Club call-over tonight. The favourite Hyperbole, weakened half a point to fifteen to two.

Normal Bertie's candidates Scorned and Orphean, changed places in the betting. As a result of his success at Wolverhampton on Tuesday, Orphean came in from forty to one to twenty-eight to one. While Scorned was pushed out from twenty-eight to one to forty to one. At Bertie's stable tonight it was stated that both horses are well.

The five best backed horses were Yellow Idol, Meysey Hampton, Hornet Third, Good Taste and Orphean.

Four points were slashed off Yellow Idol's price while although Good Taste was heavily backed, there was strong opposition to him, and he weakened seven points to close at forty to one. Normanton was also weak in the betting. He closed at forty to one as compared with his opening price of thirty-three to one.

Prices were fifteen to two Hyperbole, one-hundred to seven Stormy Petrel, one-hundred to six Ballymacad, eighteen to one Yellow Idol, twenty to one Meysey Hampton, twenty-five to one Hornet Third, Welsh Honey, Persian Book and Sterope, twenty-eight to one Val De Lair, Silver Gate and Orphean; thirty-three to one Bear Dance, Roc De Diable and Signalman; forty to one Scorned, Good Taste, Normanton, Brink, Courier, Guadelupe, Moondust, Kilbelin and Starpoint, fifty to one Three Weeks.

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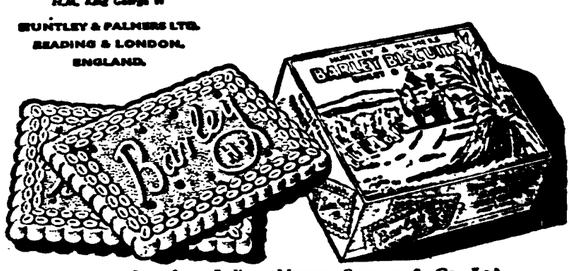

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The Bombay Chronicle

STRIPPING PROHIBITION

The Madras Government has by Ordinance exempted the armed forces and the medical and other staff attached to them from all the provisions of the Madras Prohibition Act. Coming as it does so soon after the Madras Premier's broadcast claiming that his province enjoys Total Prohibition, this will be a surprise to the public. Apart from that, it is obvious that the army requires more than any other section of the public to be fit and in good condition. One of the arguments for Prohibition is the ill effects of alcohol on the human system. Does the Madras Government believe that the health of the armed forces need not be guarded as carefully as the health of the general population? We know that an ordinance needs no reasoning behind it. But the Madras Government might have at least taken the trouble to explain this exemption to the public. The extension of the armed forces to "medical and other staff attached to them" makes it a fairly liberal subtraction from the totality of Prohibition. Although there is a reference to the conditions on which this exemption is granted, it might be said that this is nothing more than eye-wash. Presumably the exemption is not for individuals of the armed forces and persons attached to them, to be secured by each on personal application, but to the whole class. Though strong penalties are mentioned, it will be very difficult to apply them. There is, however, one consolation which might be noted for what it is worth: The loss of revenue which must come from Total Prohibition strictly enforced, will not be there when Prohibition is reduced and limited by concessions. But then the question is whether the heavy alternative taxation is necessary. To be saddled with "permissive Prohibition" on the one hand, and to be taxed heavily on the other to support Total Prohibition is an unattractive prospect for all except the ministry in power. The Madras Government is doing its best to get the best of both worlds. But the public might well ask if they are not in for the worst conversely.

The peculiar method adopted by the Madras Government of making the original law drastic and then cutting away large chunks of it by exemptions deprives the Prohibition policy of that Government of all moral meaning. Certainly what is left is not Prohibition but permission. The wide class covered by the exemption practically ensures that the permitted liquor leaks out to the unauthorised and that nothing can be done to stop it. If the permissions are availed of—and it is evidently meant that they should be—then entire families and their friends will be involved in the traffic. Another point that has to be noted, is the fundamental departure involved in the armed forces exemptions from the policy of Independent India of bringing the people and the armed forces closer together and cementing friendly relations between them. If anything is calculated to drive a gulf between the two, it is this policy of permissive Prohibition. We have been among the staunchest advocates of Prohibition but if this is the way we are going to set about implementing it, then we would far rather prefer the candid and open attitude of the Ceylon Premier, Mr. Senanayake, who has roundly declared that he will not launch on the policy until considerably more educational work is done among the people. Those Provinces of the Union which have begun flamboyantly and then let Prohibition disappear in a broadly widening stream of alcoholic permits, have antagonised many sections of the people, imposed heavy burdens of taxation on the public on the pretext of making up the lost Excise revenue, and lost the subvention from the Central Government—all with nothing to show for it. There has unfortunately been so much tub-thumping on the liquor question that no one has placed his finger on the crucial question: How much does a provincial government—say, Madras or Bombay—expect to net by way of liquor and permitted drinkers? We rather suspect that an investigation on these lines will reveal that the loss from excise revenue will be considerably below current estimates. So far as we can judge, the permissions extend to visitors from abroad, to railway dining cars, to the military and their attached staffs. If one considers the increase in liquor consumption consequent on the two World Wars in India, it will be surprising if these "permitted zones" of society do not account for a third of the total consumption, both legitimately and by way of leakages. Certainly, it is not going to be a total loss of liquor revenue as would result from Total Prohibition. Yet we are all arguing on that assumption, solely because of claims still persisted in by the Government. It is time the real position is clearly understood.

Our Spotless Industrialists

Industrialists and businessmen in this country have developed a peculiar technique of finding fault with everybody else so as to try and get off with it. They do not, of course, hesitate to take the fullest possible advantage of the "blunders" of Government, difficulties of transport, the ignorance of labour, and the needs of consumers for reaping a rich harvest themselves. For instance, every industrialist nowadays blames Government, labour, transport, middlemen and merchants, shareholders, and even the consumers for the ills of industry.

To take a concrete instance, both in the textiles and in the sugar industries, wherever there has been a racket (as in January| April, 1948 in respect of cloth and, for the last four months, in respect of sugar), while the manufacturers have been blaming the merchants for hoarding and speculation, the merchants have been blaming the manufacturers for charging "on" and premia over the schedule prices and for creating artificial conditions of scarcity in order to exploit the consumer. It is an apt case of the pot calling the kettle black. Again, manufacturers and merchants have been blaming what is popularly called the transport "bottleneck" for the difficulties in industrial production. Indeed, at one time it appeared as though the principal culprit was Dr. John Matthai, the then Transport Minister, and the constructive criticism which Big Business offered was to have him removed in order to speed up production! But such arguments become even self-contradictory and preposterous. For instance, wagon shortage has been continuously blamed for difficulties in obtaining raw materials, coal, fuel oil, etc., or in despatching finished products; but now, the anti-climax has been reached, when the sugar industrialists have been blaming railway transport for sending too many wagons which, they allege, led to very rapid despatches of sugar and thereby created scarcity conditions! Witness the speech of the Chairman of the Indian Sugar Syndicate, Mr. D. R. Narang, who, instead of thanking the railways for provision of adequate transport, has considered it fit to make a complaint that the diversion of wagons in excess of the needs accentuated the sugar shortage. So that sugar scarcity is created by too few wagons carrying too much sugar and also too many wagons spiriting away too little sugar! In other words, Government and railways are to blame whether they supply enough wagons or not.

To take another concrete example, the Chairman of the Steel Corporation of Bengal, who at any rate, is expected to speak with some restraint and dignity, also tried to hit out against all Government authorities and agencies. And to the long list of blameworthy people who bring about the downfall of industries in this country (except, of course, the industrialists themselves), he added even the poor consumer. For, he condemned the "excessive zeal" of Government for "the improvement of the condition of labour" or "for the somewhat imaginary protection of the consumer". The speech, indeed, was a sad contrast to the sober and dignified manner in which Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Chairman of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, dealt with the whole question of steel prices.

It may be recalled that the Tariff Board on the Glass Industry many years ago gave as its considered opinion that "the inferior quality of much of the glassware made is due not so much to lack of skill on the part of the workmen as to lack of organising ability on the part of the management." This may be a one-sided view, because, as has been aptly put by a writer in the September issue of "The World To-day" "measured in terms of productive capacity and world prices, the Indian workman is not worth what he is paid today. He was never particularly efficient, but since the war he has caught the spirit of the age and now produces even less than before." Nevertheless, the fact remains that management is frequently as much responsible for wastage and even for maladministration as labour is for inefficiency. And it is the consumer who suffers.

It has now become axiomatic in our country that the industrialist is "never" to blame and is always a victim of circumstances beyond his control! Like the Pope, he is infallible, and like the King he can do no wrong. This may seem very clever tactics on the part of industrialists and businessmen, but it is not likely to endear them either to Government or to the consumers. And the "peril point" is being fast reached. And before it is reached, it is well for all concerned to be reminded of Sir Stafford Cripps' plea which he made recently for renouncing "that easy-going get-rich-quick attitude to life that in all levels of society has found its post-war devotees."

Thought For The Day

Possessing liberty, striving for equality, men forget fraternity, the greatest of the three.

—VISCOUNT SAMUEL.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

LAKE SUCCESS: M. Vyshinsky served notice that the Soviet Union will not recognise Yugoslavia as a member of the Security Council if Marshal Tito's Government succeeds in defeating Czechoslovakia for a Council seat. He said that Russia would not consider the Council election scheduled for Thursday as legal if Yugoslavia is elected.

★ ★ ★

The President of the U. N. General Assembly has announced that the Balkans Conciliation Committee has after 29 meetings reported failure of its efforts to secure a settlement between Greece on the one hand and Albania, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia on the other.

Anybody could have told the U. N. that even before the first meeting.

★ ★ ★

In the recent Norwegian elections, the Communist Party, says an Oslo report, has failed to win any seat.

Which clearly is not an expression of democratic freedom of choice enjoyed by the people, but a convincing proof of rampant Anglo-American tyranny in Norway.

★ ★ ★

Saigon, October 15: Forces of the Indo-China revolutionary movement, Vietminh, fired four 60 mm shells on Saigon, causing some damage and injuring four people, one seriously.

But—but—but—but they have got as close as that !?!!!.

★ ★ ★

According to a Budapest report, Laszlo Rajk, former Hungarian Foreign Minister and two other defendants in a recent espionage and high treason trial were hanged on Friday following rejection of their appeal.

"Confession" doesn't pay.

★ ★ ★

The West Bengal Government has declared as illegal the proposed strike of Corporation employees to begin from midnight of October 21-22.—P.T.I.

The strike is, of course, illegal. But it is ideological too. Which, therefore, overwhelmingly rules out its illegality.

★ ★ ★

Pakistan would have her first census in 1951, it was reliably learned in Karachi on Wednesday.

—News Item.

Very good, very good. But, by the way, when will Pakistan start having the first beginnings of her first constitution?

★ ★ ★

We are very interested to learn that among those who have joined the Pakistan Civil Liberties Union just formed in Lahore is — Malik Feroz Khan Noon.

Need we say more? (unless, of course, you don't know Malik Feroz Khan Noon, in which case, you are a pathetically hopeless ignoramus).

★ ★ ★

Conferring a degree on the U. S. Ambassador, Mr. Winston Churchill, Chancellor of the Bristol University, declared: No world power has shown itself "more devoid of selfish ambition than the United States."

Whereby Mr. Churchill, you might feel, was unexpectedly degrading his well-loved Imperial Britain. But you would be slightly mistaken. Mr. Churchill's approach to the Great and mighty United States is invariably reminiscent of the performances of British Empire Indians trying to qualify for a tile etc. from the Imperial Britain.

DEVALUATION IN RETROSPECT

By Shankerrao Deo

Now that the Government has taken the step and devaluation is a "fait accompli", the best that we possibly could do is to assess the circumstances which led us to the "unhappy condition" and to devise steps by which we can extricate ourselves out of the impasse in the shortest period. The Finance Minister admitted that devaluation is a defensive step. The very fact that it is a defensive step implies that it cannot be a permanent one and it should at best be the means of preparing for an attack on our unhappy economic situation so that it may be ended and might ultimately lead to success. The unhappy situation, according to the Finance Minister's statement, was due to our spending more than what we earned. We must, therefore, spend less and earn more.

Devaluation is an artificial process by which prices are reduced in markets abroad and is a temporary respite. The real remedy should be through a nation-wide drive to produce more and consume less. One year ago the problem of the country was to tackle the situation of too much money pursuing too few goods. There was purchasing power in the hands of the people. Today the situation has changed a little. While the price index crossed 392 points higher than the peak point in the worst days of decontrol, there is congestion of stocks in mills. As a matter of fact it is a paradoxical economic situation in which prices are high and mills are closing and the menace of unemployment is striding the country like a colossus. It is not enough that we produce more, we must produce at a price within the purchasing power of the people. Production can expand limitless only when the market of goods expands simultaneously. The limit of the market is set by the amount of the purchasing power in the hands of the people. The best way of doing it is by reducing the cost. Therefore, the slogan should be "Produce more at reduced cost".

FOOD AND CLOTH

Immediately after the parliament debate on devaluation, the representatives of the provinces and the states met in a conference. An attempt was made to reduce by 10 per cent the food prices either by reduction of the procurement price or by reduction of distribution cost and incidental charges or by both. There was a stiff opposition from the representatives of the Provinces and States to the proposal of reduction of procurement price of foodgrains without a simultaneous reduction of prices of commodities entering into the cost of cultivation. The conference ended without taking any definite decision on the subject.

To bring down the price level our attack must be concentrated on the price of food and textiles. A lower statutory price should be fixed for these two articles but at the same time to keep up the incentive to production on the part of farmers as well as owners of mills, integrated reduction in prices has to be enforced on articles which enter into the cost of production of these two articles e.g. food and cloth. It is heartening to note that the Industries Minister's negotiations with the Central Textile Advisory Board to reduce prices by 10 per cent. has been comparatively more successful.

RATIONALISATION

But such statutory reduction of prices cannot be in effect for long unless there is a genuine reduction in the cost of production through rationalisation. As stated earlier, the Finance Minister pins his faith in an honest and efficient administration to resolve the economic problems. In the resolution of the economic crisis an honest and efficient bureaucracy is indeed an essential condition but neither more nor less than that. The 'economic crisis', however, has to be faced in its entirety and tackled at its root. The issue of Rationalisation can be shelved only at the peril of an ultimate collapse of our economic structure. Therefore, Shri K. M. Munshi was right when he observed in course of the debate that the country was on the verge of an economic collapse. The Industries' Minister referred to the travails of rationalisation

The capitalists want more profits, the labourers more wages and the consumers a cheaper price. And the Industries Minister was at a loss to cut through this conflict of interests. Let us once for all decide that the State has to shoulder this responsibility and must step in to resolve the stalemate on the economic front. In fact, devaluation has underlined the need for increasing state interference, so long as we have to adhere to the present economic structure. Devaluation has created a circumstance in which the State can ill-afford to be neutral and is urgently pressed into a series of positive actions to minimise the clash of interests and to maximise the welfare of the community.

Our Industries' Minister in a recent conference of the employers observed that rationalisation should not be of labour alone but of all factors. So far as I can see rationalisation must mean an arrangement in which all elements and practices in agriculture, industry, trade and the administrative frame-work of the Government, which do not make any real contribution to the fund of socially necessary goods and services are eliminated and the resources of the country are developed according to a plan of optimum utilisation. It is the society which should define the socially necessary character of these goods and services.

Rationalisation in every sector of our economy would in the beginning involve a net amount of retrenchment and throw off persons from their present jobs. But in the social structure we aim at, the right to work is a fundamental right. Therefore, simultaneously with the programme of rationalisation there must be a plan of production under the auspices of the State in which the displaced personnel may be absorbed and a scheme of social insurance has to be devised for the unemployed persons till a new equilibrium point of employment is reached.

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT

Rationalisation either in agriculture or in industry would also imply the replacement of the worn-out and antiquated capital equipment. While in agriculture, mechanisation is not to be advocated as a general rule, mechanised farming has to be resorted for collective farms and co-operative farms specially on lands to be brought under

(Continued on Page 9)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

UNCONVINCING

The explanations advanced by the President and General Secretary of the Congress for the dropping of Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar are unconvincing. They have failed to explain why the ministers of the Composite Ministry who worked against Mr. Sachar, were not reprimanded and told to observe discipline and act with due regard to joint responsibility. It is more difficult for a party leader to cope with internal revolt than to fight against a regular opposition. Mr. Sachar, considering that he had to contend against the Bhargavian clique, did a good job as Premier of East Punjab. He set his hand to the task of eradicating corruption and from all accounts he succeeded in putting down the steel intrigue. Much is made of his having sought the verdict of the Assembly and later taken up his case in the press. But why did not the Congress Working Committeee itself come out with the facts in time so as to give the public all the facts? Does the Congress President justify Dr. Bhargava's conduct in the whole proceedings? Being a member of the Ministry and working against the Prime Minister is not a creditable act. If the practice spreads, it will make stable administration an utter impossibility. The manner in which the responsible Congress officials have answered Mr. Sachar without going into the matter of the disruptionist Ministers, bodes ill for parliamentary rule in this country.

BETWEEN TWO CAMPS

Close on the warning of Marshal Tito that an armed confict in Yugoslavia will lead to another world war comes the news of Communist troop movements on that country's border. It is reported that Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria and Albania are re-disposing their troops and digging trenches, building pill boxes and wire entanglements. This opens up another phase of Russia's war of nerves on Yugoslavia. M. Vyshinsky has threatened at Lake Success that an attempt to put Yugoslavia into the vacant seat on the Security Council would cause "serious deterioration in East-West relations" Though the Yugoslav crisis has been brewing for sometime it is unfortunate that it should come to a head when the Berlin problem was settling down and the announcement about the Russian atom bomb had neutralised the threat of atomic conflagration. Interested politicians have been assuring the world that Russia cannot afford a war but the Yugoslav issue questions their prestige and teaching a lesson to Marshal Tito may be necessary for Moscow to maintain discipline among her satellites. It is only a strong and united western Europe that can resist the onslaught of Communism and that can be done not alone by military aid but by making it possible for western Europe to stand on its economic legs. By what thin thread hangs the fate of peace can be judged by the explosive situation in the world. While Russian Communism seems to have gained in the east in China, it seems to have been halted in the west. There is still an attempt on both sides to win nations to their particular blocs. This "muscling in" on each other's spheres of influence and other neutral nations is adding to the tension in the world. Both sides cannot imagine that there can be a third point of view or any one daring to be neutral. This springs from fanatic belief in one's own opinions and absence of respect for other people's points of views. Both the sides are so much obssessed with their differences that they fail to see the many common points on which they can agree to consolidate peace and freedom in this world. By remaining neutral the role which India hopes to play is to make these blocs forget their diferences and remember their points of agreement and do something to implement them.

AUSTERITY AGAIN

The news that the British Premier, Mr. Attlee is meeting the King to place before him the proposals for cutting down expenditure in Britain will not come as a surprise to those who have been following the gallant attempts of that country to survive an economic crisis forced on her by events on which she had largely no control. Britain during the war made austerity a national code, and she is forced to continue the self-imposed programme. This has naturally given a handle to the Conservative opposition and they have not been remiss in pointing out that the "chaos" is the result of Labour's nationalisation policies. It is a moot point whether unbridled private enterprise would have faced the situation any better. In India, where private enterprise had its own way in almost all things, it has not acquitted itself too creditably, and at times of national stress, it is apt to put private interests above those of the public, if it brings in quicker profits. The British people are shrewd in their appraisal of men and things and it is not likely that they will be taken in by Mr. Churchill's innuendos. They threw the Conservatives out of power though Churchill came to them with the halo of a man who had saved the country from Hitler. Whether they will put up with inconveniences, no doubt very irksome, to give the Labour Government a chance only time can tell.

SIKH DEMAND

Master Tara Singh has responded to Sardar Patel's appeal to the Sikhs to shed their separatist tendencies with a demand for the creation of a province with a Sikh majority. The demand betrays an attitude of mind which the Sardar wants to eradicate. No community in India of today need be afraid of its interests being jeopardised. The Government of this country have ceased to think in terms of any community, and the days when the loaves and fishes of office were distributed as favours to minorities as a prize for their recalcitrance are over. It is true that Scheduled Classes have been given some assurances for the next ten years, but it is because it will be unfair to ask a community which has been kept back by vested interests to fight it out with people who have had a flying start over them. The Sikhs, as the Sardar said, are a virile people and not even the tragedy of the partition can keep them back. Many of them have already seen the wisdom of throwing in their lot with the larger interests of the country and it is difficult to see any popular support to Master Tara Singh's separatist slogans. The Sikhs were the first to suffer from the separatist demands of Muslim Leaguers and Master Tara Singh cannot forget recent history.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Fluorescent Lights

May I bring to the notice of the public the danger of broken fluorescent tube lights? Some days back I learnt that these tube lights contain highly poisonous substances, and that serious injury may be inflicted on anyone, who carelessly mishandles a broken tube. Tube lights are all the rage today since they give better light for less current and have a remarkably long life. It would therefore, be in the interests of the users of such lights if any expert clarifies on the matter.

—MAKRAND DEHEJIA

Memorial By-Elections

Just a few weeks ago, the Congress had put up its four candidates for four seats in Love Grove and other areas. Unfortunately, the results of these elections went against the Congress. As it was, the constituencies were entirely under the sway of Communists so far. The results of these elections could not be taken as an adequate indicator of the increasing prestige of the Socialists. Of late, it has been the tendency of the average man in the street to criticise the Government in power. It is as a result of the 175 years tutelage that we in India have developed the mentality of looking up for the Government for everything and anything. And if we are disappointed, we start cursing the Government. As citizens of a free country, we should now be aware to our rightful duties to our nation. We would be rendering greater service to ourselves and our nation by extending to it the greatest cooperation in our capacity as citizens. Working on our sentiments, the oppositionists are trying to win their game for seeking power and the only attraction they offer to us is a score of assurances. In view of these things, I would appeal to the electorate not to be guided by these assurances. The voter should not allow mere sentiments to prevail at an issue like the elections but should give a little thinking to the facts as they are, and exercise their right to vote in the interest of the nation. Today, it is an undisputed fact that the only organisation, that is anxious to strengthen the freedom of this land is the Congress.

—R. M. P.

Parks And Gardens

It is an unfortunate development that in our country a tribe of disgruntled critics has developed in the post-Independence era which specialises in hitting at everything emanating from Government. The latest victim happens to be the innocent, cool and green Parks and Gardens.

Who does not know that there is a food shortage? Who is not aware that sufficient number of houses still remain to be constructed? Who is so callous as to say that we do have sufficient cloth? All this is but too well known. The shortage of these necessities are the outcome of a general world shortage and would take their own time for effacement. Till then, what harm is there in keeping the blueprints of normal and healthy development? Surely, parks and gardens are, like Rome, not built in a day. That would mean a lot of spade work, organisation and execution. And keeping this in mind if our enthusiastic and nature-loving Premier has this in his mind and speaks it out, I cannot possibly see any harm in these optimistic notes.

After all, parks and gardens constitute the very anti-thesis of atomic civilisation and what is more dear to our hearts than to have to nestle in the green foliage with a gay, holiday abandon, even if that comes within our reach after a few years?

B. K. KAPADIA

Hemp Substitutes

Pakistan has forced India to search for substitutes for Bengal hemp, by refusing to devalue her rupee. India until now has responded with dignity to Pakistan's tactics and has managed without Pakistan cotton because she can get it from other sources. But hemp India will have to buy from Pakistan, unless substitutes are discovered. Some of the things worth investigating as substitutes for hemp are,

1. Bannanas in the jungle.
2. Ketki leaf fibres.
3. Khakhar tree, which is famous for "kesunda" inflorencence, called the "flame of the forest". It blooms in March and April. The thick long roots of the tree give a better fibre than the Bengal hemp and it is obtainable easily.
5. Cultivation of Indian hemp where there is ample water.

In addition to these there are several creepers, which are known for their good fibres. There are also fibres in the palm leaves, which would be useful if some way is found to soften their bittleness.

If immediate search is started there is no doubt that we shall be able to overcome the shortage of Bengal hemp.

—K. L. SWADIA

Postal Vagaries

It was published in the newspapers that the special cancellation mark, which was to be used for marking the Universal Postal Union commemorative stamps, was to be used in Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and Delhi only.

I am a philatelist myself. Hence I required a First-day-cover of these stamps, cancelled by the special mark. So on the 2nd inst. I wrote a letter to the Presidency Post-master of the Philatelic Bureau of the Bombay G. P. O. inquiring whether they would send me such a cover. I received a reply on 7th stating that they would, if they receive the cost of stamps and covers to be used, before 10th inst. when they were to be issued. Accordingly, I sent a remittance on the same day by M. O. from the Alkapuri, Banch-post office. My M. O. "No" was 66. Another friend of mine also sent a M. O. from the same post office on the same day. This M. O. "No" was 67.

I was expecting my first-day-cover on 11th. But, unfortunately, it did not arrive. Then on the same day I went to my friend and there to my surprise I found that he had received his First-day-covers. I waited anxiously, day after day, when on the 13th. I got my M. O. back, saying that it reached late to send the First-day-cover. That means my friend's M. O. had reached in time and mine did not. That is to say that "the M. O. sent earlier reached later than the one sent later."

Secondly letters posted in Baroda are delivered in Bombay on the very next day and vice versa A.M.O. sent on 7th did not reach Bombay G.P.O. even on the fourth day i.e. 10th. This surely, can not happen, unless the staff of the Postal department is inefficient and careless.

This made me loose a valuable addition to my collection. Now, if I want to have the first-day-cover, I have to spend more money unnecessarily and due to the inefficiency and carelessness of the Postal staff.

Will the authorities take notice of the fact and arrange to compensate the loss to my collection?

RANGANATH BHAT.

Baroda.

BEVIN RESISTS CUTS IN ARMS EXPENDITURE

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 20:— Mr. Ernest Bevin joined the service Ministers today in resisting cuts in Military expenditure, on which the Prime Minister Mr. Attlee has been insisting. Mr. Bevin seems to identify largeness of expenditure with power and feels that the proposed reduction would weaken Britain's position internationally.

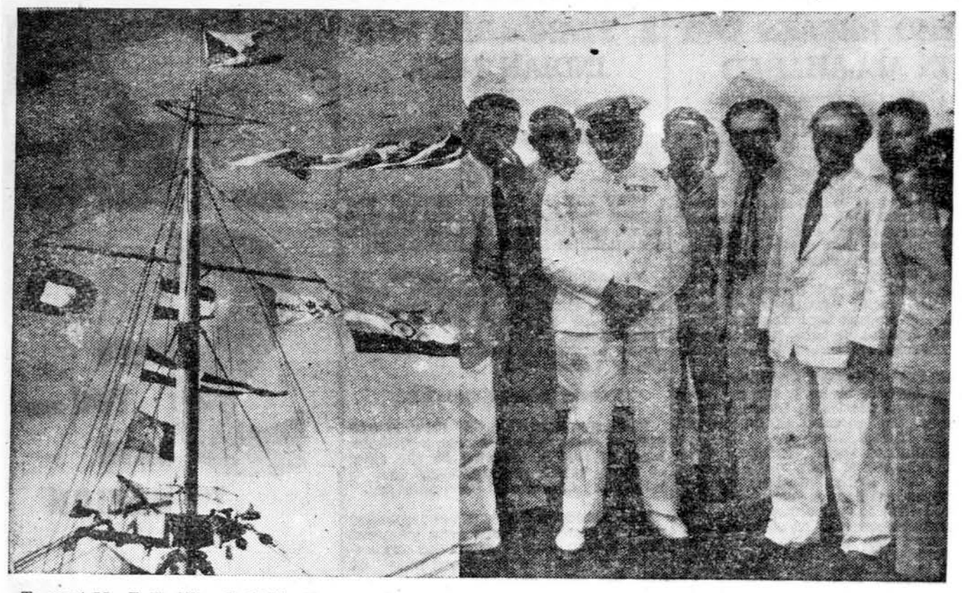
Some of the members of the Cabinet favour the abolition of conscription while others prefer announcement that it will end at a date not too distant.

With these controversies, a political crisis is fast developing along with the economic crisis. Hope is entertained that a compromise will soon be reached.

OPEN AIR

Figs, berries and succulent fruits of all descriptions abound in Matheran now. We found one tree in particular, called in Marathi the Bokde, which bore very attractive fruits. They were bright orange in colour, scimitar-shaped and grew in pairs at the ends of the stems, where they showed up vividly against their background of dark green, glossy leaves. With such an ample provision of natural fruits for the birds, squirrels and monkeys, we wonder that the latter are not satisfied. However, the Matheran monkeys apparently live by the maxim, "Stolen fruits are sweetest," for they haunt the hotel compounds, and no sooner is a meal served on the verandah than there is a pattering of footsteps on the roof, and bright enquiring eyes peer, and if we relax our vigilance even for a moment, our fruit and biscuits are snatched up from under our very eyes! The Black-faced Monkeys, which are fewer in number, seem more restrained in their behaviour, and I have not seen them joining their brown cousins in their thieving, though we frequently saw them during the course of our walks.

—D. R.



To meet Mr. E. E. Allen, Publicity Manager P. & O. S. N. Co., Capt. D. M. Stuart called a press conference on board R.M.S. "Himalaya" on the occasion of her maiden voyage on Thursday.

INDIA TOO SHOULD BE CONSULTED

Postponement Of French Referendum

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (UPI)—"The resolution adopted by the French Indian Municipal Congress about the postponment of the referendum fixed for December 11 next to determine the future of French settlements in India, is only in the nature of a recommendations. The issue as to whether there should be any postponement or not will have to be decided jointly by Indian and French Governments and not by Government of Frannce alone", observed a competent official source, in the course of informal talks on this subject.

It was revealed that the most important point connected with the referendum, namely selection of "neutral observers" for supervising all preparations relating to it, had already given rise to a sharp difference of opinion between the Governments of India and France. It is understood that the French Government had some weeks back informed the Government of India that out of 12 persons who are to serve as "observers" for the proposed referendum in South India, they (French Government) had selected as many as eight, all Europeans. While not committing themselves as to the suitability of those persons, the Government of India is understood to have suggested that the remaining four observers at least should be selected from among Asiatics, but the French Government have not so far replied to this point, it is gathered.

Besides this point, there are many other questions relating to procedure which have to be thrashed out of the satisfaction of both the Governments, before the referendum can actually take place, it is learnt.

14 World Pacifists Leave For India

LONDON, Oct. 20, (PTI): Fourteen influential and "one-hundred per cent reliable" Pacifists from Europe and the United States leave Liverpool on Saturday for a World Pacifists meeting in India on the lines suggested by Mahatma Gandhi before his assassination writes PTI Correspondent in London.

They represent 11 countries and a further party will fly to India on or about November 24.

Stop Press

KHER'S VISIT

POONA, Oct. 20 (PTI): Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, visited a number of villages in the Mulshi Taluka in Poona district today.

AID TO BURMA

LONDON, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter): The report of the Commonwealth Four-Power Committee for aid to Burma was received today in London from Rangoon, it was officially understood tonight.

R

BAN ON MANUFACTURE OF BATTASHAS

According to an order issued by the Government of Bombay, the manufacture of Battashas has been banned in the Province of Bombay including the Bombay Rationed area which includes the 47 villages, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the District Magistrate of the District concerned and the Director of Civil Supplies in respect of the Bombay Rationed area.

Government have also fixed a maximum sale prices of Battashas at the rate of Rs. 0/7/- per lb., throughout the Province.

P. & O. LUXURY LINER IN BOMBAY

Last Thing In Roomy Comfort

BOMBAY Thursday.

BOMBAY, for the first time after the war had an opportunity today to see a luxury liner of a type which the City had missed during the seven years of the war and the five post-war years, in the R.M.S. "Himalaya".

The magnificent 28,000 tonner immaculate white luxury ship attracted many of Bombay's prominent citizens, both from the mercantile class, and the elite of society.

The ship is a classical performance in nautical architecture and is virtually a floating palace comparable to the costly habitations of any Indian princely potentate. In fact from the point of view of cost and convenience even better.

The "Himalaya" can carry over a thousand passengers comfortably. There is more moving space, less jostling in the corridors, than on the footpaths of Bombay and on the whole more room than any populated area in the Urbs Prima Indies.

That is the R.M.S. "Himalaya", a floating township, It beats the briny beauty of its pre-war confreres in the "Strath-Line" boats and the Italian luxury liners of the Coent Verdi type.

Miss Australia, who incidentally, is not a beauty queen, but, a typical accomplished Australian lassie, was on board the "Himalaya" sailing home.

She told a reporter of this paper that it was not her charm or good looks that got her the title. In Australia, the test for Queenship, did not depend on Sex-Appeal, but upon accomplishments, which a good Aussie girl, was expected to possess. She said that she had been selected as Miss Australia, not because she was the most beautiful girl in Australia, but because of homely and housewifely qualities which go to make an ideal wife.

Among the distinguished passengers aboard the "Himalaya" which sailed for Australia, was Mr. G. W. Quilter, Deputy Commissioner of the Bombay C.I.D. who is on a four-months tour of the Kangaroo continent. Mr. Quilter is accompanied on the voyage by his wife and only son. He will be returning to India after his furlough, either, to resume activities as Bombay's ace detective or to retire after a well discharged full span of service. He was seen off by Dy. Commissioner Nagarwalla.

MOURNING BOMBAY'S EMINENT DEAD

Citizens' Meeting

BOMBAY, Thursday: In accordance with a requisition signed by hundreds of Bombay's citizens and submitted to the Sheriff through the Mayor's Committee appointed for the purpose, the Sheriff has convened a public meeting to be held at the Sunderabai Hall on Monday, 24th October 1949, at 6 p.m. to mourn the deaths of Messrs. K. F. Nariman, S. A. Brelvi, B. G. Horniman and K. P. Khadilkar. The Honourable the Premier of Bombay will preside.

Among the speakers on the various resolutions will be His Worship the Mayor of Bombay, Mr. S. K. Patil, Sir Benegal Rama Rau, Mr. M. R. Masani, Sir Chunilal B. Mehta, Mr. Bhwanji Khimji, Jehu, Mr. S. Sadanand, Mr. K. Gopalaswami, Mr G. L. Mehta, Mr. M. N. Cama, Sir Fazal Rahimtoola and others.

B.O.A.C. CONCESSION TO STUDENTS

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20, (UPI):—B.O.A.C. and Qantas Empire Airways have introduced a special 50 per cent fare reduction for students making return air journeys between India and the United Kingdom, the Middle East, the Far East and Australia.

The concession applies to school children and students of colleges and secondary schools up to the age of 21.

Students can also travel on B.O.A.C.'s North Atlantic services at specially reduced rates. The concession over the London-USA and Canada route amounts to 35 per cent.

TRUSTEESHIP PACT FOR SOMALILAND

Indian Proposal To Be Taken Into Account

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 19, (PTI-Reuter): Constitutional principles proposed by the Indian delegation will be taken into account when the proposed trusteeship agreement for Italian Somaliland is drawn up, the 21-Nation Political Sub-Committee considering the colonies questions, has decided.

The Sub-Committee had earlier voted 12 to eight, with only India abstaining, that Italian Somaliland be placed under Italian trusteeship.

The Sub-Committee then approved by 14 votes to one with abstentions, the principle that there should be annexed to the Trusteeship Agreement, a declaration of constitutional principles guaranteeing the rights of the inhabitants of Somaliland, and establishment institutions designed to ensure th einauguration, development and subsequent establishment of self-Government.

Mexico and the United States then suggested that, in drawing up the trusteeship agreement for Eritrea, the Trusteeship Council and Italy be asked to take into account the constitutional principles submitted by the Indian delegation.

Reds Kidnap And Kill Village Employee

CALCUTTA, October 20 (U.P.I.): The dead body of a kidnapped employee of a Jotdar of the village of Loyalpore under Kakdwip Police Station in 24 Parganas was recovered by the local police from Tamluk Char on Monday last, according to information received here.

On enqniry it is revealed that on the night of October 11 last a Communist inspired mob numbering about 30 raided the "Kacharibari" of Jotdar in the village Loyalpore in Kakdwip area. The mob it was stated, looted a large quantity of paddy from the "Gola" and other domestic articles and while going away with the booty they kidnapped an employee from the "Kacharibari" whose body was found later in the Tamluk Char.

The Superintendent of Diamond Harbour accompanied by other officials proceeded to the spot and made enquiries. Five arrests have been made in this connection investigation is proceeding.

Woman Minister In Red China Cabinet

HONGKONG, October 20, (P.T.I-Reuter): The widow of China's famous "Christian Beneral" Feng Yu Hsiang was appointed Minister of Health in a Cabinet list announced by the Chinese Communist Government at Peking today.

Former Nationalist North China Commander Fu Tso Yi was appointed Minister of Water Conservancy in a list of four Deputy Premiers, 21 ministers with portfolio, and numerous Ministers without portfolio.

Disturbance Near Ajmer

AJMER, Oct. 20, (UPI):—A riot broke out on Tuesday in Nasirabad, near Ajmer.

It is alleged that a ball, with which a boy was playing, was snatched away by another, and as a result, a clash took place among the rival parties.

On receipt of information, Mr. S. D Kaushik Additional Superintendent of Police, Ajmer-Merwar sent sufficient police to bring the situation under control.

A number of persons have been arrested.

FOSS WESTCOTT DEAD

Metropolitan Of India

DARJEELING, Oct. 20 (PTI): Rt. Reverend Foss Westcott, former Metropolitan of India, Burma and Ceylon, died here yesterday morning. He was 86.

Born in England in the year 1863, Dr Foss Westcott was the fourth son of the great scholar and theologian, the Rt. Rev. Brooke Foss Westcott, for many years Professor of Divinity at the University of Cambridge, Canon of Petersborough and later Bishop of Durham.

Rev. Dr. Westcott came out to India in 1889 and joined the Society for the Propagation of Gospel Mission at Kanpur. In 1905, on the death of Rev. Dr. Whitley, the first Bishop of Chhota Nagpur, Dr. Foss Westcott was chosen to succeed him. On the death of the Most Rev. Bishop Lefroy of Calcutta in 1919, Dr. Foss Westcott became the Metropolitan of India and Ceylon and Bishop of Calcutta on August 1 the same year.

PUBLIC ACTIVITIES

On account of his knowledge of Indian affairs he was chosen a member of the Committee appointed to settle the prevailing communal dispute in 1926. Two years earlier, when Mahatma Gandhi undertook his memorable fast as an act of penance for the communal strife which was threatening to destroy all hope of unity and progress in the political life of India and the Hindu-Muslim Peace Conference was summoned to meet at Delhi, Dr. Westcott was among those invited to the conference.

It was during this conference, one evening at Mahatma Gandhi's prayers, and at his special request that he and Dinabandhu Andrews sang the hymn "As I Survey the Wondrous Cross".

In 1944-45 Dr. Westcott served on the Sapru Conciliation Committee, a non-party organisation working for the solution of the Indian political deadlock.

Despite his age, the Metropolitan played a very active part in combating the evils which beset Calcutta and Bengal during the past few years, never grudging his service on any committee when desired.

Dr. Westcott retired in 1945 as Metropolitan of India, Burma and Ceylon.

Burma Ban On Liquor At Official Functions

RANGOON, Oct. 20, (PTI-Reuter): Burma has banned alcoholic drinks at official functions, it was officially announced here today.

The announcement said exceptions would be made when more than 50 per cent of the guests were foreigners. The ban was imposed at the request of the All Burma Buddhist Society, the announcement added.

Relaxation Of Age Limits

SIMLA, Oct. 20 (UPI)—Relaxation of age restrictions for persons who took part in the national movements shall also apply in the matter of recruitment or selection, says a press note.

It was announced some time back that age restrictions for such persons for entry into Government service would be relaxed as they were prevented fro mavailing themselves of the normal opportunities for such entry in service.

BAIL REFUSED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 20 (UPI)—Eight men and four women, arrested during last evening's violent demonstration in front of the house of West Bengal Premier Dr. B. C. Roy, were refused bail and sent to jail custody as division I undertrial prisoners. They were arrested under charges of attempt at murder, abetment and offences under the Explosive Substances Act.

Sarvodaya Workers To Meet On Nov. 5

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (UPI)—The Sarvodaya constructive workers from various parts of the country will assemble in a conference at Wardha on November 5 to discuss ways and means of meeting "the present crisis as well as to build up a permanent socio-economic order" and also to place before the country a "blue print" of a concrete programme for developing the country's economic resources.

COMMUNISTS ACTIVE IN EAST JAVA

"Black Cat Brigade" On A Campaign Of Chaos

BATAVIA, October 20. (P.T.I.-Reuter)

A GUERILLA Band calling itself "Black Cat Brigade" and led by a Communist, known as Abidin Effendi is mainly responsible for the present disturbed situation in East and Mid-Java, usually reliable military sources said tonight.

The sources stated that the "Black Cats" numbered about 2,000 men, possibly more, some of whom had deserted from the Indonesian Republican Army for political and personal reasons.

The Republican forces, the sources stated, were unwilling to deal drastically with Black Cats for internal political reasons.

Dutch informed sources said local Dutch commanders had established close co-operation with regular Republican commanders in the disturbed area, but the Black Cats were "a secret group, Communist inspired and seeking chaos".

Indonesian political circles tonight declined to comment.

COLLECTIVISE FARMS, NOON PLEADS

SINGAPORE, Oct. 20, (PTI-Reuter): Sir Feroze Khan Noon, Pakistan delegate at the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far-East, today called for the introduction of collective farming and nationalisation of new farmland in Asian countries where holdings were too small to be economic.

This, he said, was necessary for the raising of living standards.

Sir Feroze was unanimously elected Chairman for this session of the Commission on the proposal of Britain, the Soviet Union and Thailand.

British Exports Go Up

LONDON, Oct. 20, (PTI-Reuter):—British exports last month totalled £142 million—£4,900,000 more than in August and £300,000 more than in July, according to final figures published today by the Board of Trade. The figure was £10,800,000 higher than in September 1948.

The Board specified that the figures did not reflect the effect of devaluation, since there was a time lag between shipments or arrivals and the inclusion of the relevant figures in the monthly accounts.

Travelling Via E. Pakistan To Be Restricted

KARACHI, Oct. 20, (PTI-Reuter):—The Government of Pakistan propose to seal East Pakistan against permitless travellers from India to West Pakistan via East Pakistan, it was reliably learnt here today.

The Government of India have already introduced this system for intending travellers from West Pakistan to India via East Pakistan.

At present there is no restriction on the movement of travellers coming to West Pakistan from India via Dacca.

"Air Exercises" In Poona

POONA, Oct. 20 (UPI)—The interception of "enemy raiders" by "friendly aircraft" some distance away was part of the "Air Exercises" carried out by the R.I.A.F. at Poona this morning. These "Air Exercises" were controlled from the operations room and watched by Air Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst, Chief of the Air Staff and Commander-in-Chief R.I.A.F. and Air Commodore A. M. Engineer, D.F.C., Air Officer Commanding R.I.A.F. Operations Command.

Benaras Reds On Hunger Strike

BANARAS, October 20. (P.T.I.): About Twenty Communist detenus in the Banaras Central jail have gone on hunger-strike today. Mr. Amrit Rai, a member of the Jail Aid Committee in a press statement said that the hunger-strike was in sympathy with the Communist prisoners detained in the Agra Central Jail who were on hunger-strike for the last forty days.

Bad Quake At Rabaul

MELBOURNE, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter).—A bad earthquake lasting about one minute was experienced in Rabaul, New Britain, and surrounding districts today. In the Kopoko District, less than five miles from the proposed new capital site, many houses were moved off their foundations and nearby roads were blocked by landslides.

SUGAR POSITION IN MADRAS IMPROVES

MADRAS, Oct. 20 (PTI): An improvement in the sugar position was reported in the city of Madras today following the release of about 1,500 bags of sugar.

The Government of Madras has appointed the Director of Agriculture, Madras to be the sugarcane Commissioner of the Province under the Sugar Factories Control Act, 1949, it was officially announced today.

WOMEN DEMONSTRATE

JUNAGADH: The fair sex of Junagadh staged an angry demonstration yesterday in front of the Collector's office, as a protest against the acute shortage and high prices of sugar, oil and other commodities of daily use.

The demonstrators marched in procession to the Collector's office, shouting slogans and singing songs. They, however, dispersed peacefully when the Collector assured them that he would look into their grievances.

Sugar Tension In Kanpur

KANPUR, October 20 (P.T.I.): Armed police pickets have been posted day and parties of policemen at strategic points here to-accompanied by magistrates are patrolling the city as a precautionary measure following public agitation against acute shortage of sugar on the occasion of Diwali festival.

During the last four days several protest meetings were held in different wards of the city to express resentment against the sugar shortage.

INDIA'S AIR PACT WITH PHILIPPINES

Equal Sharing Of Traffic

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (UPI)—A bilateral air transport agreement was signed today by the Government of India and the Government of the Republic of the Philippines. Mr. V. K. R. Menon, Secretary to the Ministry of Communications signed on behalf of the Government of India while Mr. V. Madamba, leader of the Philippine Air Delegation, on behalf of the Government of the Republic of the Philippines.

At the conclusion of this signing of the agreement Mr. Lucas V. Madamba observed that this agreement was of historical significance as it was the first treaty to be signed between the two countries.

The agreement is based on the principles of predetermination of capacity, that is to say accommodation to be provided on services to be operated by the airlines of the two countries and equal sharing of traffic between them.

It provides for the operation of an air service by the airlines designated by the Republic of the Philippines from Manila with Calcutta as the terminal without any limitation of frequency, a transit service from Manila to Calcutta upto London via Madrid on a frequency of once a week and in addition a similar transit service on a frequency of not more than two per month.

The carriage of traffic between India and Karachi is excluded and that between London or Cairo or Bangkok and Calcutta is subject to special provisions in the agreement. The route for the Indian airlines when it starts operating is to be settled by agreement between the two governments at a later date.

OTHERS ARE MORE EFFICIENT

Warning To British Workers

GLASGOW, Oct. 20, (PTI): Sir George Christopherson, former President of the British Chamber of Shipping, said here today that ships were "turned round very much more quickly in the terribly war-scattered ports on the Continent than they are in Britain".

Sir George, Chairman and Managing Director of the Hain Steamship Company, was speaking at the launching of steamer "Tregilsson". He said there might be other factors besides labour to account for this but it should be "a warning, to British workers."

"If the Continent can do these things in discharging ships, they—and incidentally Japan also—may very well become most serious competitors in building and repairing ships when they get into their stride," he added.

R

BAN ON MOVEMENT OF SUGAR

The Government of Bombay have issued an order whereby movement of crystal sugar, crushed sugar, sugar candy, lissa sugar and burra sugar, into or out of, any district or rationed area within the Province and export out of the Province of Bombay is prohibited except under a licence issued by the Director of Civil Supplies, Secretariat, Bombay.

No person can, therefore, export from the Province of Bombay any quantity of the above varieties of sugar except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay. Likewise no person can bring into or take out of any district or rationed area in the Province of Bombay any quantity of the above varieties of sugar without a licence issued by the District Magistrate of the district or the Rationing Officer of the rationed area, as the case may be. In respect of the Bombay Rationed Area, the Director of Civil Supplies is the authority for issuing the licences.

A person may, however, carry with him for bonafide personal consumption sugar to the extent of one lb. only.

R

CONTROLLED PRICES OF SUGAR

Government have issued an order enabling fixations of the wholesale and retail sale prices of crystal sugar in the Province of Bombay. Under this order the following wholesale and retail sale prices of sugar have been fixed in the Bombay Rationed area including the 47 villages of the Thana District:—

Wholesale rate (inclusive of gunny bag) per bag of 2 3/4 Bengal Maunds of 82 2/7 lbs. each (exclusive of Sales Tax) Rs. 91/13/-.
Retail Rate per lb. inclusive of Sales Tax Rs. 0/7/-.

The same order makes it obligatory for a dealer in sugar to display in a conspicuous position at his place of business a board showing the wholesale and retail sale prices of sugar as laid down by Government.

It is an offence on the part of a dealer to withhold or refuse to sell sugar to any person on demand and offer of a price at the rate fixed by Government, subject to such orders regarding the quantity to be distributed to a person as may be fixed by a competent authority from time to time.

R

DECLARATION OF STOCKS OF SUGAR

According to an order issued by the Government of Bombay, it is obligatory for a person holding stocks of sugar to submit, in prescribed form on every Monday a full and correct statement of the stocks of crystal sugar, crushed sugar, sugar candy, lissa sugar and burra sugar, held by him on the Saturday immediately preceding such Monday, if the stocks held by him amount to or exceed one Bengal Maund of 82 2/7 lbs. In case the stocks are held jointly or in partnership with, or on account of any other person, full name and address of such a partner or such person on whose account stocks are held, should also be submitted along with the statement.

The statements should be submitted i) to the Director of Civil Supplies (statistical section) Secretariat in respect of stocks held in Bombay Rationed area including 47 villages of the Thana District within the Bombay Rationed Area, ii) to the Rationing Officer concerned, in respect of stocks held in the areas where Bombay Rationing Order is in force and iii) to the Mamlatdars concerned, in respect of stocks held in the other areas of the Province.

GOVERNMENT TO EXPAND B C G PROGRAMME

Amrit Kaur On Need For More T. B. Clinics

BAREILLY, October 20 (P.T.I.).

RAJKUMARI AMRIT KAUR, India's Health Minister, speaking on the occasion of the Seventy-fifth Anniversary celebrations of the Clara Swaine Hospital here today, said that the Government of India intended to expand the B. C. G., programme (vaccination against tuberculosis) as much as possible.

Six foreign teams were working in India at present and so far over 200,000 people had been tested and over 60,000 vaccinated. It was anticipated that the international organisations would continue to give substantial help in furthering the vaccination scheme in India.

The Health Minister added: "But however, much we may press on, as we must, our anti-tuberculosis scheme, these can be of little help if we are unable to raise the standard of living of our people. A disease such as tuberculosis must spread and continue to take an ever-increasing toll of victims if we cannot provide the people with enough food and milk and proper housing".

A TRAGEDY

It was a tragedy, she went on, "that we have today only about 10,000 beds to offer to patients suffering from a disease which claims two and half millions as its sufferers. Another deplorable aspect is the number of sufferers who are released from hospitals or sanatoria but who, because of no follow-up and often because they have to take to manual or other labour beyond their physical capacity, fall victims again and not only die but become a potent cause of the further spread of infection.

"I am convinced that colonies on the pattern of Papworth in the United Kingdom must be established, preferably in the countryside, for discharged patients".

Despite the difficulties that had to be overcome, she was confident that with the concerted action of the Government, the people and voluntary workers, "we shall be able to battle successfully on all fronts against this growing menace".

OUR MADRAS NEWSLETTER:

GOVERNMENT FACES A RIDDLE ON THE FINANCIAL FRONT

Want Of Central Grants To Promote Food Drive

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MADRAS, (By Air Mail).

THE Madras Government are evidently confronted with a difficult financial conundrum by the refusal of the Government of India to make the promised grants for the execution of their capital works programmes, particularly those works which come under the category of grow more food schemes.

The Madras Government's finances are no doubt inherently sound, and they are not in any particular financial straits so far as the normal expenditure is concerned. But schemes which they have formulated for grow more food purposes, apart from other schemes, are likely to be held up by the recent refusal of the Government of India to give them a loan of Rs. 6 crores for general reconstruction purposes and at the same time curtailing the grants for food schemes from Rs. 5 to Rs. 4 crores. To finance the schemes, the provincial Government have of course the right to sell treasury bills or raise a loan from the Reserve Bank or sell their Government of India securities valued at Rs. 43 crores, or raise a loan in the open market or from the public compulsorily. They do not, however, seem to favour the idea of selling treasury bills nor are they sure of getting long-term loans from the Reserve Bank. At the same time they cannot sell securities without the approval of the Government of India. The raising of a loan in the open market is also not a course which they can adopt with any hope of success. On the other hand, they want to tap what are called "indigenous sources" because they seem to feel that there is quite plenty of money with the public, and that the best way of drawing it out is to request them to subscribe to loans to the extent required to carry out the necessary irrigation and other schemes in their respective areas.

LOCAL PROJECTS

The Madras Finance Minister, Mr. Gopala Reddi, in a press interview, pointed out the possibility of the Government resorting to this last mentioned mode of raising capital for local works, as that would be beneficial to the local population by enabling them to get some important local projects essential to the ryots executed without much difficulty and would also facilitate the Government's programme of going ahead with the schemes already formulated without financial embarrassment and without unduly raiding the revenue balances. Two suggestions that seem to be receiving the Government's consideration in this connection are first that they should treat as a loan part of the amount to be paid as price to the ryots for foodgrains procured from them and secondly, that they should levy a surcharge on land revenue and treat that surcharge amount as a loan. The Government are also considering a proposal that the cost of giving connections for electric supply to the cultivators, for example, should be treated as a loan, failure to agree to which would mean refusal to give the connection.

It is necessary for the Government to arrive at some definite plan in regard to the matter as they have not only to get along with the schemes they have in hand, but also have in the near future to raise money for payment of compensation in part to the zamindars to which they are now committed unless of course they are prepared to draw from the revenue balances, a course which, as already stated, they are disinclined to follow.

INTENSIFYING PROCUREMENT

Food Advisory Body Discussions

The food situation in Madras, vis-a-vis the Government of India's plan of food self-sufficiency by the end of 1951, and the connected questions of intensifying procurement and production of food and popularisation of subsidiary food among the people and so on were discussed at length at a meeting of the Madras Provincial Food Advisory Committee, presided over by the Madras Premier, and attended by a number of Ministers, food officials and non-officials.

Two questions specifically discussed at the conference were firstly, whether the present method of intensive procurement should continue or should be substituted by another method, the principal feature of which would be the imposition of a grain levy on a whole village or on individual cultivators; and secondly, whether rationing should be extended to the surplus areas in the province also.

The Premier seemed to prefer the continuance of the existing method of procurement through the Government machinery, whereby such cultivator is required to surrender his surplus produce after deducting from it the grain required for his family consumption, for seed purposes and payment to servants etc. This has the advantage of ensuring maximum procurement of foodgrains and of being equitable, though on the other hand it has led to complaints that smaller cultivators are subjected under it to harassment by procurement officials, while the bigger ryots are allowed to keep more grain than what they require.

The grain levy system, it is argued, may not facilitate maximum procurement, as a number of smaller cultivators have necessarily to be left out of it, and it may lead in the ultimate analysis to a good deal of blackmarket sale of grains by those who have grain on hand. There are advantages and disadvantages in both systems, and members of the Food Advisory Committee were stated to be equally divided in their opinions on the question.

Similarly, on the question of introducing rationing in the surplus districts, opinion was reported to be divided, though it was stated that if procurement was not affected adversely, the extension of rationing to the urban areas in these districts might be postponed, but informal rationing might continue in the rural areas.

ALLOTMENTS

A press note reviewing the work of the Advisory Committee says "inter alia" that mechanical cultivation, improvement of irrigational facilities, reclamation of waste lands, supply of improved varieties of seeds and utilisation of subsidiary foods like tapioca, banana etc. loomed large in the discussions. It was disclosed that a sum of Rs. one crore was allotted by the Government for improving the irrigational facilities. As regards the supply of iron and steel implements for agriculturists, it was revealed that an additional quota of nearly 3,500 tons was allotted to Madras by the Government of India, for use as cart tyres.

The proceedings of the committee revealed that it served as a useful agency for exchange of views between officials and non-officials and served the purpose of a clearing house of information. The question of intensifying production of foodgrains and of enlisting the co-operation of the public in that task occupied a prominent place in the deliberations and proposals for the constitution of taluk or district committees, after the British model, consisting of experts to advise the ryots in improved methods of cultivation were put forward. It is expected that the Government will shortly announce their decisions on the various points made by the members.

The Madras Premier's speech inaugurating the proceedings of the Committee outlined and underlined the urgency of the need to make the grow more food scheme a success, as the Government of India's allotments of food to this province will become progressively less in the next two years.

PUBLIC SAFETY ACT
Fresh Ordinance

A Madras High Court judgment, pronounced last week, declaring the notification issued by the Madras Government prolonging the life of the Madras Maintenance of Public Order Act of 1947 invalid, has led to the latter promulgating a fresh Ordinance reenacting in full the 1947 Act, which provides for preventive detention, imposition of collective fines, control of meetings and processions and of essential services in the province. The ordinance declares that "it shall be deemed to have come into force on March 12, 1948," on which date the life of the original Act actually expired.

The Preamble to the Ordinance states that the "Governor of Madras is satisfied that circumstances exist which make it necessary for him to take immediate action for the maintenance of public safety and to prevent and put down disorders involving menace to the peace and tranquility of the province," and that the Ordinance is intended to serve that purpose.

There is no disguising the fact that the Ordinance has been necessitated by the continuing need to provide for the presentation of peace and order in the province and against their being menaced by the Communists and other disturbing elements. The life of the original measure was restricted to one year from March 12, 1947 to March 12, 1948. Subsequently, instead of re-enacting the measure or extending it by legislative process, the Madras Government simply issued an Executive notification followed by another Ordinance extending the life of the measure. Arrests and detentions of Communists under the notification were, however, held invalid by a High Court bench in the course of a hearing of 'habeas corpus' applications presented by some detenus arrested after March 12, 1948.

The present Ordinance, therefore, specifically provides that "any rule or order made, any notification issued any direction given, any action or proceeding taken or anything done under any provision of the Madras Maintenance of Public Order Act 1947, and in force immediately before March 12, 1948, or after that date under Ordinance 111 of 1948 be deemed to be order, rule or notification, direction or action etc. done under the corresponding provisions of this Ordinance."

A BLACK RECORD

Justifying the ban issued against the Communist Party, whose activities were the principal reason for the re-enactment of the Public Safety Ordinance, the Chief Secretary to the Madras Government said in a weekend broadcast from Madras A.I.R. that "a black record of murder, torture, arson, pillage and loot catalogued in every district over many months bears grim testimony to the fanatic faith of these elements (the Communists) that out of chaos and anarchy systematically engineered by them they can emerge triumphant in power." He gave a list of the "atrocities" perpetrated by the Communists in various districts and pointed out that these "anti-social forces seek to make themselves felt in three spheres in particular, the college students, industrial workers, and agricultural ryots." The Chief Secretary likened the action taken by the Madras Government against the Communists to police action taken against a crime wave, and "on no account as an attack against the politics of the party."

It has been stated officially that the ban against the Communist Party has more than justified itself by the fact that more and more Communists are coming forward to make a disawowal of their faith and are surrendering the police by being prepared to give undertakings about their future good behaviour.

"PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE"

A system known as the "Pre-trial Conference" for the speedy disposal of suits was introduced in the original side of the Madras High Court by Mr. Justice Mack. Explaining the system, Mr. Mack stated that the purpose of the experiment was to clarify the issues involved in the cases before going to trial. It is a system widely prevalent in America.

Incidentally if the presiding judge could do something to help the parties with any suggestions for settlement, so much the better for all parties concerned. "We have got the germs of this American system in our own Code of Civil Procedure" further explained his Lordship; but this Rule and other rules are honoured more in the breach than in the observance. The result is that a judge cannot get any contact with the case before issues are framed and after they are framed by the Master of the court, the case comes up before the judge in the ordinary course and will have to proceed in the usual way. Mr. Mack said that his object in calling up the cases before the issues are framed was to see that the matter was clarified and the area of conflict narrowed down. and, by letting in evidence on points on which there is conflict, to shorten the actual trial.

The experiment, which is intended to bring the parties together for a settlement with a view to avoid a protracted trial and waste of time for the court, will not lead to any diminution in the renumeration of the advocates. "In any settlement effected in a pre-trial procedure," Mr. Mack said, "after or before the framing of issues, the Advocates need not be afraid of not getting their costs." The experiment it is generally felt, will prove to be a success and would benefit the litigants, speed up the disposal of cases and reduce the cost of suits. The Madras Advocates seem to welcome the scheme.

SUGAR DISTRIBUTION IN CITY

After the debacle that overtook sugar distribution in Madras last week, whereby, sugar stocks were sought to be sold to the public through licensed dealers and ration shops without much of a check, the Government of Madras have decided that sugar received hereafter will be distributed to consumers on the basis of ration-cards at the rate of one viss per week per card-holder. An endoresement will be made on the ration cards every week when purchase is made so that there can be no unauthorised sales or heavy purchases by consumers. It is expected that this informal rationing of the commodity will result in better distribution thereof and complaints of profiteering by dealers and panicky purchases by the public will be avoided.

LOAN OF SIKH RELICS FROM WEST PUNJAB
Educational Conference Exhibition At Patiala

AMBALA, Oct. 19 (PTD): The West Punjab Government has agreed to lend Sikh relics from Gurdwaras in Pakistan for the exhibition to be held at Patiala from October 21 along with the Sikh Educational Conference, it is learned here tonight.

The Patiala and East Punjab States Union Government is sending a motor truck to Wagah, on the Indo-Pakistan border, to collect the relics from the officials of the West Punjab Government.

GUARANTEE

According to Sardar Mohan Singh General Secretary of the Sikh Educational Conference, the Pepsu Government had approached the West Punjab Government for the loan of the relics. The West Punjab Government agreed to loan the relics on a guarantee from the States Ministry, Government of India. The necessary guarantee was given by the States Ministry, it is learned here.

RELICS

Among the sacred relics to be exhibited are some of the cloths worn by Guru Gobind Singh, the 10th Guru of the Sikh, and some of the arms used by him. These have been lent by the managements of the Gurdwaras Ghudani. These along with other sacred relics from Paunta Sahib, Bhai Roopa and Dam Ama Sahib Gurdwaras will be on display gor the five days only. Sardar Mohan Singh told the PTI.

The managements of these gurdwaras have deputed armed guards to protect their respective relics.

THE PUBLIC REACT

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 19 (UPI): A story of public reaction against blackmarketing and smuggling of foodgrains comes from Medak district. A lorry load containing 58 bags of paddy was intercepted by the police with the help of villagers while an attempt was being made to smuggle it from Chanpur village to Bidar district.

The offenders were prosecuted and were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 each and the grains worth Rs. 832 were confiscated to Government.

For their co-operation, Government have given a reward of one thousand rupees collectively to the inhabitants of that village.

I.N.A. OFFICERS TO MEET IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Oct. 20, (PTI): A meeting of former officers of the wartime Indian National Army and officials of the provisional Government of Azad Hind in East Asia, will be held at Jinnah Hall (near the Congress Huose) on Sunday, October 23, at 10-00 a.m.

This meeting of former I.N.A. personnel in Bombay and suburbs will discuss the programme of the I.N.A. Convention to be held on November 10, 11 and 12.

J. K. Bhonsle, Major-General of the I.N.A., Chairman of the I.N.A. Advisory Committee, will address the meeting.

"Tales Of Woe" Recited In French India Assembly

PONDICHERRY, Oct. 19 (U.P.I.): Mr. Jean Chambon, Commissioner of French India said here today that he had received several representations from the inhabitants of the communes in the enclaves of Pondicherry about the hardship caused to them by the working of the Customs Regulations and added that he had forwarded these representations to the French Embassy at Delhi.

Mr. Chambon added that the embassy was taking up the matter with the Government of India.

During the proceedings of the French India Municipal Assembly session yesterday serious allegations were made by several members against the manner in which the Land Customs Regulatibns were being enforced by the Government of India on the borders of Pondicherry.

During discussions on the resolution urging the French Government to take up the question of customs enforcement with the Government of India, member after member hailing from communes in the conclaves of Pondicherry narrated what they characterised as "tales of woe", the hardships and sufferings that were being undergone by the people of their respective communes under the Customs Regulations. They also alleged that the Customs Convention was being enforced against all cannons of international law and asked the Government of France to move the United Nations, if necessary, for getting justice done to French India in this connection.

PARTIALITY ALLEGED

The speakers further alleged that the authorities enforcing Customs Regulations were extremely partial, one kind of treatment was being afforded to citizens of Indian Union entering into and going out of the French Indian territory and another kind of treatment to French Indian citizens. Indian Union citizens, they added, were being allowed to enter into and go out of the territory and also transport things without difficulty whereas the French Indian citizens were being subjected to unbearable harassment.

ADVISERS TO REPLACE PEPSU MINISTRY?
Early Elections Likely

AMBALA, Oct. 19 (PTD)—Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry who was on a visit to Patiala for the last three days, left Patiala this afternoon for Delhi by air. He was accompanied by Jathedar Udham Sardar Gian Singh Rarewalla, Prime Singh Nagoke, MLA. East Punjab, Sardar Pratap Singh Kairen, member of the Congress Working Committee, Minister, Mr. M. R. Bhide, Regional Sirdar Gian Singh Rarewala Prime Commissioner Pepsu.

CONSULTATIONS

Mr. Menon, it is gathered from political circles, had long consultations with the Rajpramukh, Sardar Gian Singh Rarewala, Prime Minister, Mr. Brish Bhan, President of the Pepsu Provincial Congress Committee and Mr. Bhide. Mr. Menon met the President of the Pepsu Congress twice.

It is believed that Mr. Menon discussed the issue of holding early elections, the setting up of Advisers' regime in place of the present ministerial setup or the reconstitution of the interim Ministry. No decisions are reported to have been taken yet.

F. A. O. Technical Body Meeting

LUCKNOW, Oct. 19 (UPI): The F.A.O. Technical meeting on co-operation in Asia and Far East will be inaugurated by Sir H. P. Mody, Governor of the U. P. in the Government House, Lucknow, on October 23. The foreign delegates will be the guests of Government of India during their stay here.

POLIO BREAKS OUT IN ALLAHABAD

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 20.

Cases of poliomelitis (infantile paralysis) have started in Allahabad city. A number of cases occurred in September and October, five of which were taken to hospital. The worst case was that of a 25-year-old woman suffering from high fever who had lost consciousness. But, with the application of the iron lung she is improving.

The local authorities have banned matinee shows in certain cinema houses which do not possess exhaust fans and proper ventilation arrangements. If exhaust fans are not fitted within a reasonable time, their licences to run cinema shows will be cancelled.

WHITHER VINDHYA PRADESH?

There appears to be a tug of war between rival parties in Vindhya Pradesh over the question of its merger with the Indian Union.

A deputation from Vindhya Pradesh is reported to have met a spokesman of the States Ministry of the Government at Indore recently, but it was told that it was a matter of all-India importance and no decision had been taken yet. There appear to be two parties, one for and the other against merger. And both parties have been spending lavishly on their objectives, the pro-merger movement being financed from the Central Provinces.

Narmadasingh, ex-Revenue Minister, Vindhya Pradesh said "the anti-merger movement is being financed in the same manner as the Congress movement was financed in the past. All those who had the interest of Vindhya Pradesh at heart were out to support the anti-merger movement.

PROMOTE MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING
Friendship Association's Plea To The People

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19 (PTI)—Acharya Jugal Kishore, President of the Indian Pakistan Friendship Association, has in a statement today appealed to the peoples of India and Pakistan to promote better understanding of each other to help foster friendly relations between the two countries.

He says "If India and Pakistan want to raise the standards of their people and play their due part in promoting international peace and co-operation they must learn to live in peace, develop the friendliest of relations with each other and stop questioning each other"s motives.

The peace and prosperity of the two countries is very much inter-dependent. A strong and peaceful Pakistan will be an asset to India and a strong and peaceful India must likewise necessarily be an asset to Pakistan. The people of both the countries must therefore develop a genuine desire to promote each other's welfare and happiness.

"The present tragic circles of distrust and suspicion which strain the relations between the two sister countries and stand in the way of many pressing problems seriously being attended to must disappear.

A dispassionate considerations of each other's views must be attempted to promote mutual understanding."

2 STANDARDS FOR INDIAN MICA
Ensuring Uniform Quality

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19 (PTI): The Indian Standards Institution has published two standards on mica to ensure uniformity of quality of Indian mica.

If these standards are adhered to, it is expected that consuming countries like America would have no ground for complaints that they are being forced to look for substitutes owing to the uncertainty of the quality of Indian mica.

EARNS HARD CURRENCY

India produces annually about 150,000 cwt. of mica valued at Rs. 3,00,00,000 Most of this is exported in the form of films, blocks and splittings and a large part of it earns hard currency.

The standard for grading processed mica is stated to have been prepared after taking into account the requirements of users of processed mica all over the world and the existing grading procedures prevalent in the major mica-producing areas.

The other standard for classification of processed muscovite mica provides the requirements for classifying mica on the basis of quality.

Prince Aly Khan

KARACHI, Oct. 19 (UPI): Prince Aly Khan and his wife, formerly the Hollywood star Miss Rita Hayworth, will not visit Karachi this winter as the Princess is expecting her baby during the cold weather, well informed Khoja circles said today.

The foundation-laying ceremony of the Prince Aly Khan Khoja Colony in the Agha Khan estates behind the Gandhi Gardens may therefore, it is expected, be performed by His Highness the Agha Khan who is due to visit Pakistan towards the end of January, 1949.

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YET ANOTHER STAR, BHARATI DEVI, ADMIRES THE NEW LUX TOILET SOAP PERFUME

She says...

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THE BEAUTY SOAP OF THE FILM STARS

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DEVALUATION IN RETROSPECT

(Continued from Page 6)

the plough for the first time. Tractors and bull dozers have to be either manufactured in the country or imported from outside. In Industrial production, while the emphasis would be mainly on decentralised production through village industries, centralised industries will have to be so equipped as to make the decentralised industries more efficient. In order to improve the technical efficiency of the centralised large-scale industries machines or if possible machine-making machines will have to be imported. Devaluation will certainly create bottle-necks by raising the prices of imports from the dollar area and even from the sterling area due to concentration of demand and sometimes by making such capital goods comparatively scarce because in the sterling area all energies will be directed to boosting up the exports in the dollar area.

I feel, therefore, that if the Commonwealth is not merely a concept but an association of free nations pursuing the common aim of mutually beneficial and expanding economy, an arrangement should be made, if necessary, through another conference of the Commonwealth Finance Ministers, so that capital goods for the rehabilitation of the industrial and agrarian economy of the undeveloped members of the Commonwealth, would be available on a priority basis and at the pre-devaluation basis.

REALISTIC PLANNING

It became clear in course of the debate in the Parliament that at last a realisation has dawned that the plans of production of the Government were to a great extent faulty in conception. The Prime Minister admitted how the grand plans had to be abandoned one after another. I sympathise with the Prime Minister's disappointment. Of course, the Industries' Minister described to the House how the country would be self-sufficient in a year or two in the production of cables and iron and steel which we are importing heavily today. In his assessment of two years' planning of production, the common man would naturally question how far his economic condition has been bettered. It is psychologically inaccurate to assume that a man, who is hungry and shivering in cold, would not be angry with the Government in the hope that after some years he and his children would be fed sumptuously and clothed luxuriously. Further, the production plans were not primarily based on the resources of the country. The plans were paper plans in as much as they were formulated to a great extent on the expectation of foreign money, capital and technical man-power. The time has come when this paper planning should be replaced by realistic planning and we must learn to reply on our own resources. The time has also come for shifting the emphasis in the economic policy of the Government so that a change-over from centralised large-scale production to decentralised village industries might take place within a definite period.

DECENTRALISED ECONOMY

I know there is a lot of loose thinking about the Gandhian conception of decentralised self-sufficient economy. In such an economic pattern, the essentials of life should as far as possible to produced on the basis of self-sufficient regions by co-operatively organised agriculture and village industries. To make these village industries efficient and adequate for the requirements of the society, there would certainly be centralised large-scale industries. The key industries would also be organised on the basis of centralised large-scale production with small-scale cottage industries as auxiliaries. This is a pattern of economy in which the centralised and decentralised industries are held in creative co-operation and supplementary complementary relationship. This is exactly the pattern of industrial economy recommended by the Congress Economic Programme Committee's Report.

PSYCHOLOGICAL CRISIS

The production plans of the Government suffered also from the lack of enthusiastic co-operation of the people. The present economic crisis is fundamentally a psychological and moral crisis in the affairs of the nation. No doubt, the Industrial Policy of the Government of India, 6th April 1948, lays down "as the immediate objective to provide educational facilities and health services on a much wider scale and to promote a rapid rise in the standard of living of the people by exploiting the latent resources of the country, increasing production and offering opportunities to all for employment in the services of the community." Today the mere assurance that the living standard of the people will rapidly increase sounds as an abstraction in the face of successive doses of reliefs to the capitalists without any corresponding material benefit to the common man. This suspicion of the people about the Government's economic policy, I am afraid, may be further deepened by the Finance Minister's cryptic statement while winding up the debate on devaluation that the present level of direct taxation is uneconomic and that the general policy of the Government should be to bring it down. The study of the profit figures of 103 industrial concerns (coal, engineering, jute, sugar companies etc.) reveals a rising trend inspite of the uneconomic level of direct taxation. These concerns made net profits of Rs. 21.06 crores in the period of Jan.-April 1949 as against Rs. 12.45 crores and Rs. 16.56 crores in the corresponding periods of 1948 and 1947 respectively.

In the tax structure of the country (the budgets of the Centre, Provinces and the States taken together) during the last few years there has been a shift towards indirect taxation increasing the burden on the common man. The Finance Minister has remarked that the present level of direct taxation is a projection of war-time and therefore it requires modification in the light of normal economic conditions. The common man looks round and hardly finds in his day to day life the slightest sign of normalcy. His real income according to the latest official and unofficial estimates of national income has gone down though his money income might have gone up.

The 9-Economists who were consulted in connection with the anti-inflation measure of the Government of India in October 1948 and the Economists of the Government of India recommended in unmistakable terms that the level of direct taxation should not be lowered under any circumstances. In Britain, Sir Stafford Cripps announced a 5 per cent. increase in the Business Profits Tax as a measure to tackle the economic situation arising out of the devaluation of the pound-sterling. It is, therefore, not unnatural if the common man doubts the soundness of the Government of India's Economic Policy. Under the circumstances a mere assurance that the nation will correspondingly benefit with the increase in production will hardly enthuse the nation in the Government's programme for Recovery. To restore the confidence of the people, it is, therefore, necessary to offer a more positive indication of the equalitarian character of the economic order which we propose to build by establishing a classless society.

EQUALITY OF SACRIFICE

Recovery should come not only by producing more, but by consuming less. Let planned austerity lead us to prosperity. That way we can restore the balance in the accounts of the nation's economy which has been disturbed by living beyond our means. It is high time that the Government should, instead of relying on the scheme of voluntary national savings, resort to a scheme of Compulsory Savings on a graded scale.

A scheme of Compulsory Saving was recommended by the Economists, a Sub-Committee of the Congress Legislature Party in the Parliament and the Standing Economic Committee of the A.I.C.C., as a measure to combat inflation.

In fact by making the people sacrifice equally we can assure them that our objective is to build an economic order on the basis of equality and security. If the burden today is shared by all alike — and I am sure the people will not shirk sacrifice, the glow of a national effort so far absent in our production drive can be restored. In fact the progress of recovery will vary in direct proportion with the Government's readiness to formulate and work out with justice a scheme of Compulsory Savings.

"WELFARE STATE"

Finally the Government has decided to plan and work out the scheme of Recovery through an "Ad Hoc" Committee assisted by an honest and efficient civil service. How ineffective these Boards are in the matter of planning and development can be well illustrated by the operation of the Government of India Cottage Industries Board. The appointment of the Cottage Industries Board was mooted in 1947 December in the Industries' Ministers' Conference. It took 12 months to get the Board appointed and in the last ten months the Board passed a few resolutions. It is true that the cottage industries have at least one merit of producing quick results but of what avail they might be, if they are made the victim of bureaucratic procrastination. In fact the bureaucracy, however, efficient and honest, may not be so useful and helpful in the work of planning and development, and the fault is not theirs. Until yesterday they served a Police State and the men who have been trained for decades to maintain the status quo will naturally find it difficult to conceive and put through a plan of a new social order for the security and liberty of the masses.

I think it is high time that we should make a definite attempt to build a service imbued with the ideology of our Revolution and equipped for the tasks of a Planning State — "a Welfare State". The ablest officers in a police state without the requisite training and mental make-up are the worst misfits, like the square peg in a round hole, in a Welfare State. We have talked long about an Economic Civil Service. If we really mean business we must make a start. Let us be true to our responsibility to which we have woken up, as the Prime Minister and the Finance Minister admitted during the debates on devaluation, and begin to build a Social order with a fresh determination and a definite policy and against the background of 25 years' struggle against an imperialist order under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi.

LAW BREAKERS WILL BE PUNISHED

E. Punjab Premier On Misuse Of Permits

SIMLA, Oct. 20, (PTI): Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, East Punjab Premier, said here today that he would allow no interference with the trial or investigation of cases arising out of the alleged misuse of iron and steel permits.

Any one found guilty for infringement of law in this connection would have to suffer the punishment, he added.

He made it clear that use of any third degree methods in the course of investigation would not be permitted.

Dr. Bhargava who was addressing tonight his first press conference after becoming Premier announced that the High Court would be made to shift the capital to the plains as early as possible "even if we have to build a capital of humbler model".

INDIA'S OFFER TO ECAFE

SINGAPORE, Oct. 19 (PTI): India has offered all facilities for the establishment of an office of the International Union of Official Travel Organisations (I.U.O.T.O.) in the E.C.A.F.E. region."

The offer was made by the Indian delegate at the meeting of the E.C.A.F.E. ad hoc sub-committee on travel.

The sub-committee recommended the setting up of an office of the I.U.O.T.O. in the region to foster and coordinate the development of tourist travel. A drafting committee was formed to put into shape the various recommendations of the sub-committee.

In the course of a general discussion the Pakistan delegate, Mr. S. Majidulla, took exception to a sentence in a travel pamphlet which mentioned that many races in Singapore lived in harmony under the control of a handful of whites'. He thought that such observations should not be made in travel literature.

India supported Pakistan's view.

Mr. L. R. McIntyre (Australia) took note of the Pakistan and Indian delegates' remarks (the pamphlet was issued by an Australian company).

BOGUS GRADUATE TRAPPED: ATTEMPT TO GET JOB

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A youth who is alleged to have posed as a graduate of the Bombay University and who under false credentials is alleged to have sought a job at the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay was arrested two days ago at Poona.

Balasahe Markhande Deshpande the youth who is alleged to have many aliases, and who is reported to have stolen the University certificate of one S. K. Desai with a very to securing a job as probation assistant at the Imperial Bank, has been absconding for the past ten days. He is reported to have continued his exploits at Poona where he was boarding with a rationing inspector, having told the latter that he was the personal assistant to a Minister of the Bombay Government.

The rationing inspector was sceptical, but to convince him Deshpande is alleged to have attended a meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council. This proved to be proof enough to the rationing official, and he accepted Deshpande as his guest.

In the meantime the Bombay Police had sent out a call to all local police stations to keep a lookout for the alleged impersonator. The call was trasmitted to the Railway and mofussil police stations. Deshpande, however, managed to elude the dragnet spread by the police, and reaching Poona adopted fresh alias.

It was only early this week that the Poona Police got scent of his whereabouts, and Deputy Superintendent Khot who was handling the case at the Poona end apprehended Markhande, who believed that he had cleverly covered his trail.

FATAL STING

BANARAS, October 20 (P.T.I.): The sting of a wasp on the neck seems to have caused the death of a taxi driver here last evening.

The 45-year-old taxi driver felt the wasp's sting while his taxi was near the infectious disease hospital.

He stopped the vehicle, took out his shirt, informed the passengers that a wasp had stung him on the neck, and dropped down unconscious.

A doctor from the hospital, after examining him declared that he was dead.

NO REAL JOY TO PEASANTS

GAUHATI, Oct. 20, (PTI):— Mr. Asoka Mehta, the Socialist leader, said here today that the Congress Government in India was pursuing a policy which while doing" immense good to the monied classes" ignored the interests of the poor and middle classes.

Mr. Mehta, who arrived here this morning on a four-day visit to Gauhati was addressing a public meeting at the Church Field.

Referring to the land policy embarked by the Congress in various provinces Mr. Mehta said: "The abolition of Zamindaris on payment of huge amounts as compensation to the landlords will bring no real joy to the peasants because the burden of compensation will heavily fall on them. This process will ultimately make the peasants poorer, though apparently they will be owners of land."

Custodian-General Of Evacuee Property

NEW DELHI, Oct 20 (PTI)—Mr. Achhru Ram, retired judge of the East Punjab High Court, has been appointed by the Government of India to be the Custodian-General of Evacuee Property in India.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, October 20.

Previous closing	29.76
Today's opening	29.74
Difference	— 2
Today's closing	29.76
Difference	+ 2

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, October 20.

Silver forward Kartak	Rs.	109 6
Gold forward Kartak	Rs.	113 6
Silver Bullion	Rs.	107 12
Silver Mint	Rs.	107 12
Gold ready	Rs.	115 0
Sovereign	Rs.	76 8

NEW YORK STOCKS

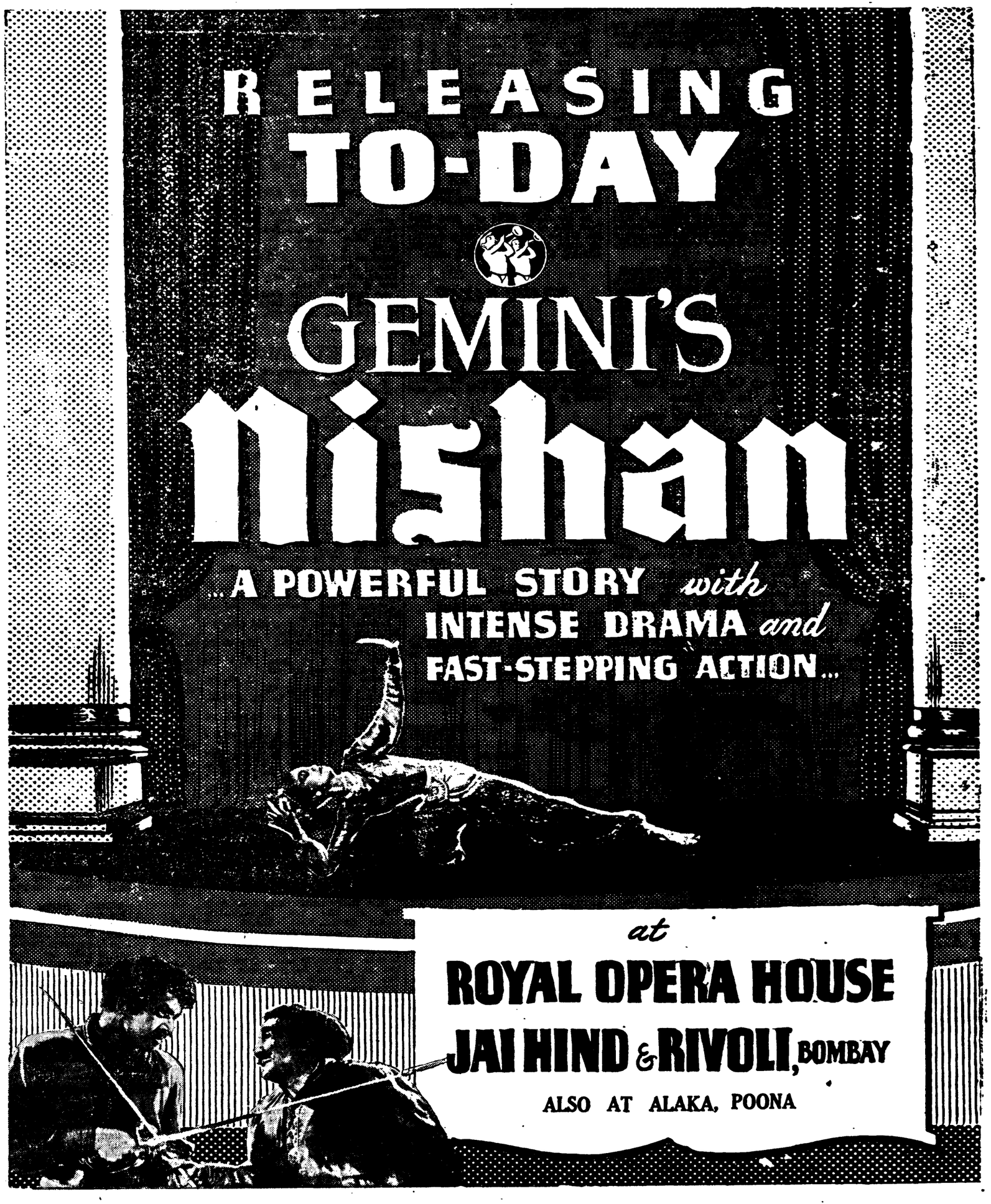
NEW YORK, October 20.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining 26-3/8.
General Motors 65-7/8.
United States Steel 34-1/4.
United States steel preference unquoted.

Calcutta Corporation Workers To Strike

CALCUTTA, October 20 (P.T.I.): A tripartite conference for a peaceful settlement of the dispute between the Calcutta Corporation and its workers held today failed to produce any definite results and the threat for a general strike stands.



Trade Buying In N. Y. Cotton Market

WALL STREET MAINTAINS EARLY IMPROVEMENT

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.

COTTON:—Opening gains were extended under the leadsrip of next crop positions influenced by aggressive buying based on anticipated congressional approval of 90 per cent parity loans and prospects of 1950 acreage and marketing controls. Mills were the best buyers of old crop positions which finally reacted on increased profittaking and technical considerations. Prices rallied somewhat in the afternoon finally closing steady. Operations were featured by trade support and renewed buying based on anticipations of 90 per cent price supports and crop control measures. The cotton goods markets are reported to be strong. Sales were approximately 300,000 bales

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 19.	
December	29.76+05
March	29.66+02
May	29.63+03
July	29.26+02
October	27.82+17
Middling Spot	30.36+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct. 19.	
December	29.73+03
March	29.65+03
May	29.60+03
July	29.17+02
Middling Spot	29.25—

New York Cotton Dec. Highest 29.76 at 10.20 a.m. Lowest 29.71 at 10-00 a.m.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS:—Accompanies by increased activity, Wall Street this morning registered gains upto one dollar under the leadership of steels, aircrafts, radio televisions, papers oils, minings and tobaccos. The main support appeared to emanate from confidence that the government will take strong action to end strikes before serious damage is done to the national economy. The averages were industrials 186.43 and rails 49.14.

In the afternoon most sections continued at around earlier levels in moderate activity. Selected industrials responded to good earnings reports and dividend announcements. International paper advanced nearly one dollar on persistent talk of the possibility of a stock split. Douglas aircraft gained three dollars reaching a new high level for the year. Late profittaking cut down advances in a few groups, notably rails but most of the other sections maintained the earlier improvement. The session closed very steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.

American Telephone and telegraph	144-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	33-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	28-3/8
Chase National Bank	35-3/4
Firestone Tyre	46-1/4
General Electric	37-5/8
General Motors	65-7/8
Ingersol Rand	66
International Nickel of Canada "A"	29-5/8
National City Bank of New York	43-3/8
New York Central Rail Road	10-1/2
Sinclair Oil	23-7/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	17-1/8
Texas Corporation	63-1/4
Union Carbide	40-3/8
U. S. Smelting and Refining	37-7/8
U. S. Steel Common	24-1/4
Western Telegraph	18

The Highest and Lowest U. S. Steel trading prices were 24-1/4 and 23-1/2 respectively.

The volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 1,370,000 shares.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Oct. 19

Grains advanced sharply higher in active dealings on a continuation of yesterday's buying movement based on prospets for high price supports next year as a result of the house senate conferences agreementw on the ne farm bill. The rise attracted scattered profittaking and hedging with the latter noticeable in maize and soyabeans due to the recent spell of idea, weather for harvesting. Howeved these offerings were readily absorbed.

CHICAGO WHEAT

December 2.13-1/2.
March 2.14-3/8.
May 2.09-1/4.
July 1.94-1/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 19.

	£
2-1/2 p.c. British Consols	69-5/8
3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	93-1/2
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960/90	106-1/2
3-1/2 p.c. War Loan	93-3/8
Chartered Bank of India	9-15/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	85-1/2
National Bank of India	32-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,410.

LONDON BULLION

London, Oct. 19.

London Silver both Spot and Forward 64d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £12-8-0.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 19.

T. T. London on:—

New York 2.7987 to 2.8012; Montreal 3.0775 to 3.0825; Zurich 12.23 to 12.26; Sweden 14.47 to 14.50.

LONDON WHEAT

London, Oct. 19.

Australian Wheat New Crop 128 Dec.-Jan.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 20. (PTI-Reuter): Fresh falls were recorded in London Stock Exchange today. Political and economic situation continued to be disturbing factors and the trend in all sections was to lower levels.

Some resistance was shown by British Funds but even this proved short lived. Bear covering in initial stages produced fractional gains in medium and long dated stocks but these were lost when support ceased. Closing prices were occasionally easier on balance.

Falls of six-pence to one-shilling were again widespread among industrial issues. All classes were affected by small selling and marking down. Shipping shares were particularly a market. Oils were again on offer and moved fractionally lower.

Dull spot among overseas issues was provided by Anglo-Argentine Tramway stocks. Selling by tired holders followed Parliamentary revelation that the question of compensation for British shareholders was still without a satisfactory solution.

South African minings followed the general trend and were mainly easier. There was however no selling pressure.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

Business on the Bourse was very quiet. Many prices hovered narrowly around last night's closings. Rubbers were steady and colonials well maintained but the general attitude was to await fresh incentives.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

The possibility of a government led by Rene Mayer was received favourably and all domestics took on a far more cheerful appearance. Banks, textiles, electrical and engineering made good progress and the setback in gold prices held other issues. Gold shares lost further ground but the firmness of coppers was a minor feature of the session.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

Movements on the stock exchange were rather mixed but about equally devided. Indonesians about one point higher on more favourable news regarding solution of the military problems over Java. Industrials were mostly quietly well maintained while shippings hardly fluctuated. Investments were weak.

Drop Of 30 Per Cent In Daltons

(By Reuters Financial Editor)

LONDON, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter)

British Government securities and industrial shares on the London Stock Exchange set several new low records today in anticipation of the Government's post devaluation expenditure cuts to be announced next Monday. Treasury 2-1|2 per cents—called daltons' after Mr. Hugh Dalton, who was the Chancellor of the Exchequer when they were issued early in 1947—fell to their lowest point ever, £68-1|2. This represented a capital loss of more than thirty per cent to holders who bought them on issue.

Index of British industrial shares today fell to its lowest level in several years, slightly below the worst point during last June's balance of payments crisis.

On the other hand, South African gold shares, particularly those of some of the Orange Free States developing mines, had several good features. In marked contrast to British industrials, South African industrials also showed occasional good features.

N.Y. PEPPER FIRM

NEW YORK, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

BLACK PEPPER.—Black pepper displayed a continued firm to strong undertone particularly for distant positions. Spots were unchanged with asking levels at 1.37 a pound. One contrast of October Black Pepper was traded at 1.37—five cents over yesterday's closing bid. Following are today's closing prices: Spot 1.37 asked October 1.33 bid, December 1.27 bid, January 1.22 bid, March 1.09, May 1.00 bid, July 0.88 bid, White pepper spot 2.00 asked.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

The pepper market was quiet but reflecting the higher quotation at Singapore. The black lampong market was up to 12sh. 6d. and white muntok and white Sarawak up to 15sh. 10½d. a pound c.i.f. basis ports. Sellers of Malabar October asked 1,075sh. cwt. while there were possible buyers at 1,060 c.i.f. United Kingdom.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

Firmness was maintained in pepper at Singapore with prices again higher. Black lampong and white muntok were both quoted 15 dollars higher at 675 and 850 dollars per picul ex-godown respectively. About one ton of black loose was done at 656 dollars

N.Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter)

SILVER.—Demand is still buoyant and approximately 300,000 ounces were sold at unchanged rate of 73-1/2 cents an ounce. Continued price stabilisation is expected at the current level because of the policies during the past eleven months in which Banco Mexico was supplying additional quantities when silver was short here and alternately purchasing all Mexican production unsaleable in New York when demand retarded. Local bullioners are satisfied with the manner in which Banco Mexico is controlling the silver market.

City Markets

SILVER SALES TO CONTINUE IN NOVEMBER

Sharp Decline In Price On Aggressive Selling

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

In view of unfounded rumours to the effect that the Bank will sell now 100 bars in place of 200 bars of Silver, it was announced officially that during November 200 bars of Silver will be offered daily.

This statement influenced many selling in Silver which declined over Rs. 2 per 100 tolas.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 200 bars of Silver at Rs. 169-14 and 10 thousand tolas Gold at Rs 114-9

The market opened steady and Kartak Silver was quoted at Rs. 170-2. There was scattered buying in the market improved at Rs. 170-8. At this time the official announcement stating daily sales of 200 bars during November was known in the market. This was followed by aggressive selling and Silver after declining at Rs. 168-2 steadied at Rs. 168-8. Ready Silver was offered at Rs. 168-6.

Kartak delivery Gold opened at Rs. 112-12 and after improving at Rs. 113-2 declined at Rs. 112-10 but improved at Rs. 113. Spot Gold was offered at Rs. 15-8 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 77-4.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	167	12	0
Kartak dely.	168	0	0
Ready Gold	115	0	0
Kartak dely.	112	14	0
Sovereigns	76	8	0

SALES OF GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

The Reserve Bank today accepted tenders for 10,500 tolas of gold at prices ranging between Rs. 114-9-0 to 114-12-0.

The Bank also sold 210 bars of silver at prices of Rs. 169-4-0 to 170-4-0.

Today's sale of gold and silver was higher than the announced figures of 10,000 tolas and 200 bars of silver daily.

So far 30,000 tolas of gold have been sold at prices ranging between Rs. 114-8-0 and 114-12-0 since October 10, when the Reserve Bank started offering 10,000 tolas of gold daily.

SHARE BAZAR

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

The Bombay Stock Exchange remained officially closed today. Nominally Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 4447/8. The market will open tomorrow for Moorat business at 6-15 p.m. and close at 7-30 p.m.

The market will open for Moorat business tomorrow at 5-30 p.m. and closed at 11 p.m.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

The local produce market was closed today.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 19.

KARNAK,	
Nov.	69.40—20
Jan.	67.70+17
Mar.	66.75—10
ASHMOUNI:	
Oct.	59.85+10
Dec.	58.25—05
Feb.	57.65—10

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 14th October:—

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	630,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Banks, Current and other Accounts	264,49,99,000
Sundries	1,67,10,000
Total Rs.	278,09,59,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	130,53,22,000
Other Authorised Investments	11,70,82,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	20,81,58,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	64,39,55,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,06,13,000
Dead Stock	1,59,63,000
Sundries	1,84,13,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	40.46,55,000
Balances with other Banks	13,67,98,000
Total Rs.	278,09,59,000

In the absence of fixed exchange rates between India and Pakistan for Pakistan rupees, figures in respect of Bank's Pakistan branches have been entered at par in the above statement.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Oct. 20

120	Ready Japan	3 11	0
150	Ready Japan	3 14	0
120	Ready Italy	3 7	6
150	Ready Italy	3 13	6
150	D. Box Oct.	761 0	0
150	D. Box Nov.	771 0	0

TRADING IN COTTON MARKET

The local market was entirely closed today. It will remain open on Friday, the 21st inst. from 1 p.m. to 2 p.m. and also from 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. and on Saturday, the 22nd inst. from 1 p.m. to 2 p.m.

TATA LOCOMOTIVE AND ENGINEERING CO. LTD.

Fifth Annual Report

The Directors of the Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd. have issued the following fifth report for the year ended March 1949:—

	Rs.
The net profits after providing for taxes and Managing Agents' Commission and setting aside Rs 11 lakhs to the Depreciation Fund, amount to	1.07.452
After adding thereto the amount of	3.73.152
Brought forward from last year's account the amount available for disposal is	4.80,604
The Directors have, out of this sum, appropriated to the Reserve Fund an amount of	4.00,000
leaving which the Directors recommend to be carried forward.	80.604

A Demand Cash Credit arrangement was made with the Imperial Bank of India during the year upto a limit of Rs. 80 lakhs against the hypothecation of stores, spare parts and work-in-progress. The amount drawn against this account upto 31st March, 1949, was Rs. 22.63 lakhs.

LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS

The rate of output of locomotive boilers, showed some improvement during the year under report. The average output increased from 1.83 boilers to 4.08 boilers per month, the highest output in any one month being 8 boilers in March, 1949. Considering the difficulties and delays arising from the rearrangement of plant and machinery for the development of the locomotive project and the uneven flow of materials and components purchased from outside, this improvement may be regarded as satisfactory. Out of total orders for 217 boilers of various types placed on the Company by the Railway Board, 71 boilers were delivered or completed and ready for delivery upto the close of the year under review.

STEAM ROAD ROLLERS

Regular output of road rollers commenced in May, 1948. A total of 152 road rollers manufactured from parts made partly in the U. K., partly in Government Ordnance factories and partly at Tatanagar was turned out during the year. The maximum output in any one month was 18 road rollers.

An incentive bonus scheme was introduced with effect from 1st June, 1948, to speed up output.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4, Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 474 3/4. Montreal 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2. Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 1/2.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2.

New York/London Cross Rate $2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8, London/Afghnistan Cross Rate Afghani not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 7/8-1/2 31/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20 London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35. London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65. London Montreal Cross Rate $3.07 3/4-3.08 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate $2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141. London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4-2/4 1/8. London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23-12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c

London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money: Call 3/4 per cent. 3 Mos 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent. 12 Mos 1-1/2 per cent

Tone: Easier.

POOR OFFTAKE OF YARN

Improvement In Art Silk Prices

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

The quiet feeling in the yarn market in all kinds of yarns continued during the week and, whilst prices have nominally remained unchanged the undertone has remained weak, especially on account of continued slack demand from all important consuming districts. There has been also no settlement so far of the muddle that has been recently created between Pakistan and Indian Union on account of Pakistan not having agreed to devalue her rupee in consonance with the 30 p.c. devaluation adopted by almost all other sterling area countries including India. It is no wonder therefore that business between Pakistan and India has been at a standstill from 18th September and both the neighbouring countries have been hard hit on account of the continued absence of business between them for the last four weeks. As regards art silk yarn, after prices having declined to Rs. 745/- or thereabouts on the local exchange, they have improved by about Rs. 30 to Rs. 35 during the week on account of continued reports from knowledgeable circles emanating from New Delhi to the effect that the Government of India is not likely to grant any licences even to consumers for imports of Japanese rayon yarns at least during the current half year, viz from July to December 1949. Furthermore, details of the Japanese trade agreement are not yet available but it is reported that they are expected anv moment. On the whole, trading during the week has been very restricted and the future tendency has continued to remain uncertain.

Indian Yarns: Export enquiries in popular counts have continued to remain satisfactory during the week under review but even for export no business of importance has been possible, because exporters and the overseas buyers have been awaiting further decline in prices of yarns which is anticipated and which is likely to come into force from 1st November 1949. As far as local demand, is concerned almost all consuming districts report that the offtake has continued to remain poor, the main reason being that handloom weavers as well as powerloom factories are not able to sell their stocks at anything like profits. The future cutlook continues to remain unsatisfactory.

FOREIGN YARNS: The raw cotton commission in United Kingdom has further raised the prices of several types of cotton and consequently the prices of yarns have also been raised. In spite of all this news there has been hardly any effect on the prices & demand of Manchester yarns on the other hand prices have been showing a declining tendency. Madras has reported further cut in prices whereas stocks are reported large in every port as well as in consuming districts.

ART SILK YARNS: Prices both in ready as well as in forward delivery have continued to show improvement and at the moment prices have remained steady at about Rs. 775 on the local exchange. In case of staple fibre yarns, there has been rapid improvement in prices mostly due to speculative purchases during the week and on the whole there has been an improvement to the extent of about 4 to 5 annas per lb. It may be noted that whereas the stocks of rayon yarns for speculative deliveries are quite enough increasing scarcity is being felt by powerloom factories all over the country for quality yarns which they have been regularly using and prices for such yarns have gone up unreasonably high with the result that they have been incurring continued losses in the sales of their cloth.

Calcutta Share Bazar Steady

CALCUTTA, October 20. (P.T.I.-Reuter): The market ruled steady and unchanged for the speculative counters and a limited business was put through.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three Per Cent Loan 1986 97/5 S Lots Three Per Cent Loan 1953/55 101/13 S Lot Three Per Cent Loan 1970/75 99-14 S Lots Four Per Cent Loan 1960/70 110/4.

BANKS: Calcutta National 12/4 Imperial Bank Conty 417/8 S O Lot Punjab National 26/8.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textile 8/9.

COALS: Burrakur 12/13 Equitable 45/7 Raneegunge 11/6 West Jamuria 35/4.

JUTES: Angloindia 199/- Caledonian 178/- Kanknarrah 179A New Central 250/- Ct Barnagore 204/- Belxedere 25/2 Naihati 112/- Reliance 21/4.

ENGINEERINGS: Britannia Eng. 12/- Odd Lot Kumardhubi Eng. 8/8 National Iron 4/14 Indian Iron 29/- Steel Corp 20/11 Textile Machinery 7/12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp 2/8 Consolidated Tin Annas Fifteen Indian Copper 2/8 Tavoy Tin Annas Eleven Sone Valley Cement 5/10 Bathgate and Co 2/12 Alluminium Corp 5/10 BIC 8/7 P and C Osler 5/4 Indian Cable 39/12 Indian National Air Ordy 4/6 Jardine Henderson 146/8 National Safe Deposit 3/12 Welford Transport Ordy 1/14 British Burma Petrol 1/8 Shree Gopal Paper 10/1 Titaghur Paper 32/14.

SUGAR: Cawnpore 23/6.

TEAS: Banarht 276/- Sl. Dhunseri 7/6 Singell 50/- Tengpani 17/2.

SHIPPING COMPANIES: Indian General Navgn 111/- India Steamship 8/2 Port Shipping 14/-.

Territorial Army Week In Patna

PATNA, Oct. 19 (PTI)—Sardar Baldev Singh, India's Defence Minister, and General Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, will attend recruiting rally to be held here on November 7 in connection with the Territorial Army Week.

Mr. M. S. Aney, Governor of Bihar, willl inaugurate the week on November 6.

Huge Surplus Stocks Of Grains In U. S. A.

INDIA CAN RECEIVE AS LOAN OR GIFT

(By SYDNEY CAMPELL, Reuter's Financial Editor).

LONDON, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter).

British grain experts were interested in Pandit Nehru's overnight remark in New York that India would like some of America's surplus wheat for a stockpile to keep down prices in India.

For several months some well-informed quarters have canvassed the possibility of India obtaining a bulk supply of United States grain without immediate payment

The United States could spare it with the greatest ease and indeed to its own advantage, since it has a real surplus grain problem.

In India the bulk supply would be in invaluable "masse de manoeuvre" to combat inflation. Even if none of it were ever sold, it would overhang the market and help to keep down prices of Indian grain by frightening hoarders into sending their hoards to market.

RECORD SUPPLY

Supplies of food grain in the United States this season are the biggest on record, and wheat supplies are very big. Supply of maize, a record last season, is still bigger this season by the huge amount of ten million tons When more of the maize is harvested.

That wheat itself is a surplus is evident from the fact that the United States is trying to restrict the next crop. The controls which have been imposed, however, are the relatively ineffective "acreage allotments" instead of the less ineffective "marketing quotas" which are contemplated for the next cotton crop.

Even with these controls, American officials have already forecast that the next wheat crop will be almost as big as this year. If it materialises, that will add further to a carry over which already promises to be very burdensome unless the United States can arrange to unload a huge quantity on India. At present even by donating wheat as Marshall Aid and by unloading it on Germany and Japan with army funds, American wheat exports this season are shaping to fall at least 100,000,000 bushels below the target.

Sales under the International Wheat Agreement have been disappointingly small and are likely to remain so.

Importing countries simply cannot afford to pay such prices in any currency even though the agreement prices are below the socalled current market prices.

Prospects for maize exports are even worse. Importing countries do not need and could not afford to buy more than fraction of the American surplus.

Australias and Argentinas coming wheat crops promise to be large, and there is a looming problem of where they can find markets. Even if they suffered some last minute failure, world supply of wheat would exceed the market demand.

BIGGER STOCKS IN EUROPE

Europe has bigger stocks, and its own grain crops are exceptional in quantity and quality. All importing countries continue to restrict the use of the abundant supplies to save foreign exchange.

Broader advantages for the United States in the suggested deal would be to help the stability of Asia and to temper an important external source of inflationary pressure.

Any action that tends to reduce inflationary pressure in the East helps Washington's supreme objective of ending the world's division into high cost soft currency and low-cost hard currency areas.

It was not yet clear today how far the United States Administration could or would go in making a loan or gift of grain to India without specific Congressional approval.

If the administration wanted to make such loan or gift on general grounds of foreign economic policy, and to reduce the surplus and therefore the need for crop controls which are politically unpopular it might find legal opinion that its existing powers are adequate.

It could give away half the price as a subsidy with "section thirty-two" funds and the other half might be eligible for a loan from the Export Import Bank or from some other agency of the United States Government.

These "section thirty-two" funds are the substantial part of all United States customs receipts (levied on imports) which is earmarked for subsidising agricultural surpluses. Earlier this year they were used to send some of the tobacco surplus to Germany.

SHAH OF IRAN TO VISIT U. S.

TEHERAN, Oct 19. (PTI-Reuter): Shah Mohammed Reza Shah will leave for America on November 15 for a five week's visit, a Persian Government spokesman announced today. He will address the United States Congress and the United Nations and make 12 other speeches during his visit the Shah will also receive a doctorate of Columbia University from General Eisenhower.

WAR ON LOCUSTS

Six Countries And W.H.O. To Plan Campaign

KARACHI, Oct. 20, (PTI-Reuter): War on locusts will be planned by 6 countries and the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation at a conference opening here on Saturday.

Representatives of India, Pakistan, Britain, France, Egypt, and Iran will organise an intelligence system to gather news at a central headquarters where a "General Staff" can direct the "battle".

CAUSING INSULT TO WOMEN

Damage Suit Against Officials Decreed

SAMBALPUR, Oct. 15.

Sri P. C. De, Subordinate Judge, Sambalpur, has delivered judgement in two sensational suits brought by the husband and wife Dayanagar Panda and Mousamt Rohini against Mr R. S. Swann, I.C.S., Mr. S. K. Ghosh, I.P., Sri B. R. Das former Deputy Commissioner, Superintendent of Police and Deputy Superintendent of Police respectively of Sambalpur and four other Government officials decreeing the wife's suit for damages in full for Rs. 1,378 with cost and the husband's suit in part for Rs. 309-8-0 with corresponding cost.

Delivering the judgment the judge has observed. "It is the solemn duty of the Judiciary to afford protection to the people from the wrongs and excesses of the executive. However, powerful an official may be he has no right to encroach upon the right and liberty of the people at large. If the executive be left to have their own way there will be no meaning in the freedom of the people. It is not nothing that the people of India have all along voiced for an independent judiciary without which their very existence may be at stake some time or other. In the present case the high-handed action was done, if not at the instance of the two high officials like Deputy Commissioner and Superintendent of Police but suhely in their presence"

The story of the suits in brief is that there was a local agitation in May and June, '47 against the construction of Hirakud Dam. People of many villages supposed to be submerged offered Satyagraha There were trials followed by conviction in some cases. One Gour Chandra Panda, a young boy of 18 and a student of Sambalpur Zila School was fined Rs. 100 in that connection. A distress warrant had been issued to seize his articles in realisation of the above fine. The Sub-Inspector of Katarbaga scenting trouble wanted police help. So on 29-6-47 the former Deputy Commissioner, S. P. with an armed force had been to the locality to execute the warrant. The plaintiffs who are the uncle and aunt of Gour Chandra alleged that articles were seized and removed by the defendants from their house wrongfully as the defendants entered into it. She also alleged that she was subjected to various insult

The Court found that there was trespass and illegal seizures and that there was insult to the female plaintiff. The suits were accordingly decreed.

Sri Sradhakar Supker, Advocate appeared for the plantiff while Sri Gouri Shanker Misra, B.L., Government Pleader appeared for the defendants.—"A. B. Patrika"

PAKISTAN "ALIVE" TO DEFENCE

Liaquat Ali Khan's Assurance

KHULNA (East Bengal), Oct. 19. (P.T.I.-Reuter): The Pakistan Prime, Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan told a public meeting here yesterday that the Pakistan Government was "more than alive" to the question of Defence.

The Central Government, he said, would soon make a detailed survey of the possibilities for improving communications in East Pakistan. He assured the people of the province that the matter would receive every attention of the Central Government. The Prime Minister hinted at the possibilities of building up another seaport in East Pakistan which had been urged in a welcome address presented earlier.

Conference In P.E.P.S.U.

PATIALA, Oct. 19, (PTI): A tripartite labour conference has been convened here by the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Government on November 7 and 8. Representatives of labour, industry and Government will participate in the Conference and discuss problems concerning factory and agriculture labour and the ways and means to step up production in Pepsu and also to implement decisions taken at the various labour conferences organised by the Government of India.

The Prime Minister of Pepsu Sardar Gian Singh Rarewala will inaugurate the Conference. Mr. Lachhman Dass, Minister for Labour and Local Self Government will preside

Pak-European Trade Prospects

LONDON, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter): The High Commissioner for Pakistan, Mr. Habib Ibrahim Rahimtoola, said here tonight that there are distinct possibilities of greatly increased trade between Pakistan and European countries.

Mr. Rahimtoola has just returned from a visit to Vienna and Trieste. He is likely to go to Berlin soon, continuing his visits to allied occupied zones.

Reds Scorn Nehru

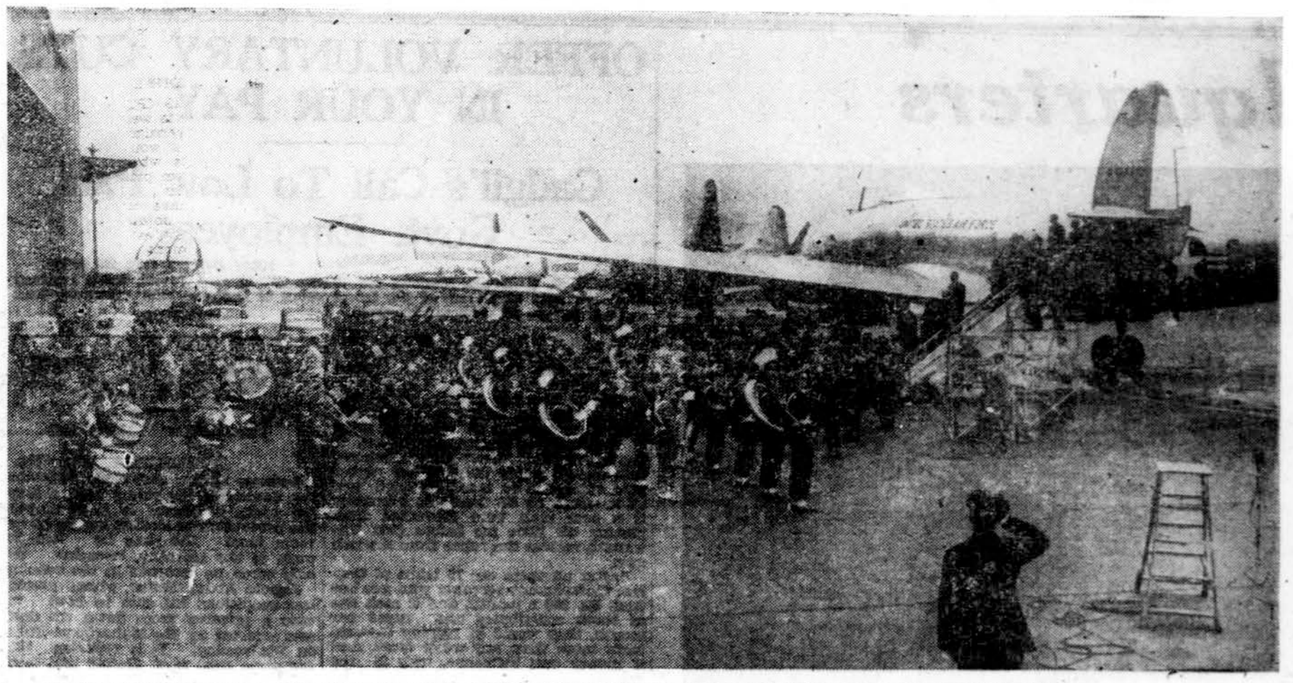
FAST TALKS LOOSE ABOUT NEHRU

NEW YORK, Oct. 20. (U.S.I.S.): Amidst the universal acclaim accorded Prime Minister Nehru by American newspapers on his first visit to the United States, there was one exception in the form of a letter appearing in "The New Compass" from Howard Fast, American writer and widely-known Communist.

Fast has long been associated with Communist movements and organizations in America and is one of the leading writers for Communist publications. He has been indicted by U. S. Government for contempt of Congress for refusing to divulge information on the so-called "Joint Anti-Fascists Committee", of which he is a member and which is listed by the Attorney General as a subversive Communist organization.

Fast's letter charged Pandit Nehru with "intolerable tyranny" in dealing with the Communists in India and referred to him as "this sacrosanct guest and his cheap talk of freedom". The Communist wrote that Pandit Nehru "is one with Bevin, Chiang Kai-Shek and Harry Truman" who "together make a pattern and a whole", and he added that "the gentlemen who prepare for atomic war are not to be phased by a little preparatory horror".

RECEPTION TO NEHRU IN NEW YORK



Pandit Nehru, arriving in New York, is greeted at LaGuardia field by an official welcoming party and a military band.

SOCIALIST SATYAGRAHIS GET A DAY'S S. I.

Defied Ban On Processions

BOMBAY, Thursday.

MR. G. G. MEHTA, Joint Secretary of the Hind Mazdoor Sangh and a batch of 49 Socialist workers who launched Satyagraha yesterday at the Kamgar Maidan and defied the Police Commissioner's ban on public meetings and processions, were sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Court today.

Mr. Mehta, Dr. S. M. Cheregaonker and Mr. Jagnnath Fadnis, in addition, were fined Rs. 25, in default one day's further S.I. while the rest were awarded in fine of Rs. 5 each or one day's S.I. Mr. Mehta and his colleagues refused to pay the fine. But, they were let off, immediately after the Court rose up.

Elaborate precautions were taken by the Police today at the Esplanade Court. More than 300 policemen, guarded the entrance to the Court, and lined on the stair case leading to Mr. Khambatta's court-room.

PERMISSION TO DEFEND

At about 12-45, the Socialist Satyagrahis were brought in the Court in batches. Two rows of benches were vacated for the accused. Leading Socialist leaders, including Mr. Moinuddin Harris, Mrs. G. G. Mehta, Mrs. Vasanti Shroff, Socialist Corporators, Mr. M. V. Dandavate and Mr. D. S. Nargolkar, Secretaries of the Bombay Socialist Party and a large number of workers of the Party were present in the Court.

Mr. G. G. Mehta, the first accused, who led the Satyagraha, pleaded before the Magistrate that he should be allowed to defend himself and his colleagues. He said that he was a lawyer, but as he was also an accused he was appearing in simple clothes. He added that all the accused would make a joint statement.

GRIEVANCES

At the outset, Mr. Mehta put forth before the Magistrate serious grievances of the accused against the Government executive. He said that they had refused food and were not treated as upper class prisoners, as political prisoners were usually classified. In the past, when they launched Satyagraha under the Congress banner, grievances of the under-trial prisoners were heard in the Court. The Magistrate asked Mr. Mehta to make a petition.

Opening the prosecution, Mr. M. G. Vyavaharkar, Chief Police Prosecuter read out the Police Commissioner's Order banning all public meetings and processions except marriage and funeral processions.

The Magistrate: Was it a marriage procession?

The Prosecutor: It had nothing to do with marriage or the funeral of anybody.

Continuing, he related what happened at Parel yesterday. He said that Superintendents P. R. Rane, S. B. Neale and R. R. Deshpande told the processionists at the junction of the Hospital Avenue and King Edward Road that procession were banned. But the accused did not pay any heed.

SUGAR PLACARDS

They were put under arrest after they moved five feet. He produced in the Court 11 placards in English and Marathi and five Socialist Party flags which were seized from the Socialists. The placards read: Citizens demand sugar, we want sugar, hang blackmarketeers, import sugar, Mummy, give sugar, give sugar or resign, give sugar through co-operative stores, give job and food or resign.

Superintendent Rane giving evidence narrated how the Socialist volunteers defied the ban.

Cross-examining Supdt. Rane, Mr. Mehta asked how peace and safety in the city would have been endangered by taking out processions and holding meetings.

Mr. Rane: In the present conditions, meetings and processions usually ended in disturbances. Present situation is inflammable. Many shops were looted and rioting took place in certain parts of the city. Situation in the northern part of the city was more serious than that of the South.

The Magistrate disallowed further questions put by Mr. Mehta as being irrelevent.

Mr. Mehta: Were any meetings or processions allowed by special permission?

Mr. Rane: Yes. I have no statistics. about 15 meetings.

CONGRESS MEETINGS

Mr. Mehta: Were any Congress meetings connected with the coming Municipal election permitted in the North of Bombay?

Mr. Rane: Yes.

Mr Mehta: Whether peace and safety of the city were endangered before during or after these meetings.

Mr. Rane: No.

Mr. Mehta: Is it true that permission was refused to the Socialist Party for holding a meeting because they were going to discuss the present sugar crisis?

Mr. Rane: I don't know.

Mr. Mehta: Was the Socialist demonstration peaceful?

Mr. Rane: Yes.

Mr. Mehta: Was any member of the Police force hurt?

Mr. Rane: No

Mr Mehta: Whether peace and safety were disturbed in that part of the city after the Socialist demonstration.

Mr Rane: No. Because, the Police were there.

Mr. Mehta, then submitted a written statement to the Court. He sought the permission of the Court to read out the statement. It was disallowed.

Mr Mehta said that in such important cases, the accused were allowed to present their point of views. He cited instances of the trials of Mahatma Gandhi and Lokmanya Tilak.

Mr. Mehta was later allowed to make an oral statement.

VITAL ISSUES

Two vital issues in the case, Mr. Mehta said were the economic policy of the Government and civil liberties. He appealed to the Magistrate to impress upon the Government the necessity of maintaining civil liberties. If civil liberties were curtailed, it would not be possible for the public to mobilise their opinion on grave issues like the sugar crisis.

Mr Mehta, Dr Cheregaonker and Mr Fadnis were awarded one day S.I. and a fine of Rs 25, in default one day S.I. The rest were sentenced to one day S.I. and a fine of Rs. 5 or one day S.I. The accused refused to pay the fine. All accused were later let off at about 3 p.m.

Closer Ties With America

Pandit Nehru Says Tour Has Opened His Eyes

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 (P.T.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru told a nation-wide audience last night that his visit to the United States gave promise of closer Indo-American relations.

He was guest of honour at a banquet given by four leading American associations connected with international affairs. More than 2,000 guests from many nations jammed the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel to hear him.

"The experience of the last eight days has convinced me that I was completely justified in coming here", India's Prime Minister said.

Declaring that it was essential there should be ever increasing understanding between India and the United States, Pandit Nehru said that his personal contact with the American people had given him an "emotional awareness" which transcended all his previous knowledge of America.

Pandit Nehru, who received a tremendous ovation before and after his address, seemed affected by the welcome.

He said, "During these eight days so much has happened that is of significance in my life. Experience and emotion have piled up on top of one another in such a manner that I feel I have been here for a long time."

Sometimes, he added, times seemed to stop, and at other times, it seemed to race on—as had happened during the past few days.

"These eight days have not only left a powerful effect on me, but have left a deep impression on me which I will carry with me for a long time."

A RICHER MAN

Pandit Nehru declared he would return to India richer than he came, "richer in experience and richer in an emotional understanding of the people of this great country".

Although, he said, complete agreement on every point could not be expected between countries with different emotional and cultural backgrounds, he was convinced that the material progress which the American people had achieved would have been impossible 'without a basic moral background."

He had found, he said, that Americans were hard-headed businessmen, but "I have also found among them a great deal of sentimentality, a great deal of generousness and friendliness".

Pandit Nehru apologised for speaking extemporaneously, but said that he had been encouraged, by his experience in America, to give them a "friendly talk" rather than a formal address. He spoke for 75 minutes and his speech was broadcast.

THANKS

At the outset, he thanked those American organisations and people who had given their active support, "in the struggle of our people".

"We were encouraged at that time to hear their voices speaking on our behalf an assuring us of their goodwill and friendship", he said.

He recalled that during the last term of his imprisonment friends of India had addressed a manifesto to President Roosevelt appealing to him to take some action regarding India. "All of use in India know what a great interest President Roosevelt had in our country's freedom and how he exerted his great influence towards that end."

Stating that he had wanted to come to the United States since his student days in Cambridge, the Prime Minister said that developments of later years had prevented him from fulfilling that intentions. It was now more than ever necessary that the people of India and the United States should know each other better and should co-operate in world affairs.

POTENTIALITIES

As a subject country India could not have co-operated with a great country like the United States to the same degree that it could do how. India was a poor country, by present-day standards, he said, but it had great potential resources.

Urging that the fear in international affairs should be removed, Pandit Nehru said: "If there is an armed conflict, we are weak. We have no atom bomb, and we repoice in not having an atom bomb."

MAGIC WORDS

Pandit Nehru said that Mahatma Gandhi had given the Indian people a great and simple message of "Don't be afraid." These "magic words" he said "had brought about a tremendous lifting of spirit among the Indian people and had created a complete revolution in the minds of even the poorest peasants in the country. Before Gandhi came on scene, the unarmed people were afraid even to look others in the face. "but Mahatma Gandhi had told them do not have fear. What can happen to you?"

"That magic message kept us going" Pandit Nehru declared," and we found there was really nothing to fear.

Pandit Nehru said India had no fear of external aggression.

"After 30 years experience of Mahatma Gandhi's leadership, we are not afraid of external aggression", he added. Continued apprehension of danger was bad for nations. If a man went unarmed in a jungle, it was very unlikely that an animal would attack him. Even animals attacked men only if they were afraid that they would be attacked. "Of course it is wrong to compare wild animals with men, but generally speaking the analogy holds good," he said amid laughter.

FEAR

"If one nation gets afraid, then others get afraid, and so this crescendo of fear rises and leads to deplorable consequences," said Pandit Nehru.

"I have not come here to teach anything, but to complete my own education, and to learn something about the Americans through American eyes", he said.

Referring again to Indo-American relations, he said it was natural for many Americans to think of the importance of India. Therefore, the question of India and the United States developing closer relations was a matter of great significance.

Just as America had come to occupy a close relationship with the countries around her, similarly India had been compelled to play a vital role in her relation with the countries of Southern Asia. Whatever happened in Western Asia or in South-Eastern Asia deeply affected India. India had no desire for leadership anywhere, Pandit Nehru said.

"So far as we are concerned, we wish to co-operate with other countries. We realise that we cannot exist in isolation. India cannot play a middle role. She has to play a distinctive role, or she fades out, but I think there is going to be no fading out for India."

PARTITION AND AFTER

The Indian people had been expecting great changes with independence, but with independence had also come partition and many problems of an overwhelming nature.

"We agreed to partition," he said, "but it proved to be far worse than we anticipated. It had disrupted the railways, the postal and irrigation systems and even the lives of between 12 to 13 million people on both sides, especially in Northern India.

"Energies which the Government could have directed towards plans of internal development had to be diverted to the solution of the problems created by partition."

He spoke of India's coming constitution and the progressive lines on which it was being constructed. India was bound to make good even in those material ways which count for so much "The whole course of history points to it," he continued "The time has come when we should look more towards the United States with some feeling of confidence."

TRIBUTE TO WOMEN

Pandit Nehru paid a tribute to the women of India.

"There is no doubt in my mind" he said, "that the part the women of India played in our struggle for freedom was not only a significant but of paramount importance."

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, widow of President Franklin D. Roosevelt, introducing Pandit Nehru to the audience, wished a more public reception could have been given to Pandit Nehru so that he could have had "a welcome from the hearts of the American people.

She said that the old and new civilisations of India and the United States were necessary to each other. While the United States had developed certain material values, India could give some of that spiritual leadership which Pandit Nehru represented.

DANGEROUS PERIOD

The world was passing through a changing and dangerous period, said Mrs. Roosevelt. "You have here a man who has no fear, who has the power to accept life serenely and who can be a practical leader of his people. He knows that they must have practical things to make their lives more worthwhile. This is where the practical and the spiritual can meet together for the good of both," she added.

When Mrs. Roosevelt introduced Pandit Nehru to the guests, the whole gathering stood up and cheered Pandit Nehru lustily for several minutes.

A SYMBOL

Mr. Philip C. Jessup, American Ambassador-at-large, said that Pandit Nehru was "a symbolic protagonist" of the battle between the forces of nationalism and internationalism. "All men must hope that the world has changed since the nineteenth century, and that the old states and new states can peaceably integrate their separate contributions to a common humanity. Here the quest leads to Pandit Nehru, for the nationalism he espouses, in the tradition of Masaryk and of Mazzini, is not in conflict with, but is conceived as a step towards the fulfilment of peaceful and democratic international order".

Sardar J. J. Singh, President of the India League for America, welcoming Pandit Nehru said, "He would have been welcome here at any time, but the more so today with one of the great missions in his life completed and with a new one begun.

"Mr. Prime Minister and friends, I bid you welcome and I ask you to look upon this great occasion as the beginning of a warm and fruitful collaboration between the two nations of the world that symbolize man's hope for self-fulfilment."

India's Desire To Get U.S. Wheat

BRITISH EXPERTS INTERESTED

LONDON, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter)—British grain experts were interested in Pandit Nehru's overnight remark in New York that India would like some of America's surplus wheat for a stockpile to keep down prices in India.

For several months some well-informed quarters have canvassed the possibility of India obtaining a bulk supply of United States grain without immediate payment.

The United States could spare it with the greatest ease and indeed to its own advantage, since it has a real surplus grain problem.

In India the bulk supply would be in invaluable "masse de manoeuvre" to combat inflation. Even if none of it were ever sold, it would overhang the market and help to keep down prices of Indian grain by frightening hoarders into sending their hoards to market.

Supplies of food grain in the United States this season are the biggest on record, and wheat supplies are very big. Supply of maize, a record last season, is still bigger this season by the huge amount of ten million tons. When more of the maize is harvested, the United States will probably have to store some grain in Canada, for lack not only of any immediate use for it but of anywhere to keep it.

That wheat itself is a surplus is evident from the fact that the United States is trying to restrict the next crop. The controls which have been imposed, however, are the relatively ineffective, acre allotments instead of the less ineffective "marketing quotas" which are contemplated for the next cotton crop.

Even with these control, American officials have already forecast that the next wheat crop will be almost as big as this years. If it materialises, that will add further to a carry over which already promises to be very burdensome unless the United States can arrange to unload a huge qnantity on India. At present even by donating wheat as Marshall aid and oy unloading it on Germany and Japan with army funds, American wheat exports this season are shaping to fall at least 100,000 bushels below the target.

Sales under the international wheat agreement have been disappointingly small and are likely to remain so.

Importing countries simply cannot afford to pay such prices in any currency even though the agreement prices are below the socalled current market prices.

Rival Claims For Admission To E.C.A.F.E.

BAO DAI AND HO CHI MINH SEND NOMINEES

SINGAPORE, Oct. 19 (PTI-Reuter): The French-recognised Government of Bao Dai and Ho Chi Minh's Republican "Government" will make rival claims for Vietnam's admission as an associated member to the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East.

Ho Chi Minh's representatives arrived here by air tonight for the Commission's Conference which opens tomorrow.

Tran Van Mai, Head of the Republican Information Service in Bangkok said he would base the Republican argument on the fact that Ho Chi Minh's "Government" represented 90 per cent of the population and controlled 90 per cent Vietnam territory.

He claimed also that his government had been duly elected by the majority of the population.

OTHER SIDE

Dguyen Phan Long, Foreign Minister in the Government which France recognised earlier in the year, denied tonight that Ho Chi Minh's Republicans controlled 90 percent of the population.

"Anyway 80 percent of the Vietminn movement are nationalists and they will support us after the French have transferred Government powers at the end of the year."

The Foreign Minister added that the constitution of the Ho Chi Minh "Government" was based on violence and terror. Therefore the claim that 90 per cent of the population supported them was false.

The State of Vietnam, which will have independence within the French Union, consists of Annam, Tongking and Cochin China.

A decree signed by Bao Dai, ex-Emperor of Annam, in July stated that free general elections for a Constituent Assembly would be held as soon as peace was restored.

BANQUET IN HONOUR OF PANDIT NEHRU

Nearly 2,000 Guests Attend

NEW YORK, Oct. 19, (PTI-Reuter): Nearly 2,000 guests attended a banquet in honour of Pandit Nehru in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf Astoria Hotel tonight.

It was sponsored by the Foreign Policy Association and East and west Association, the Pacific Institute and the India League of America. It was one of the most brilliant functions held in the mailroom of new York's 44-storey hotel on fashionable Park Avenue.

Every nook and corner of the hall, including the balconies were jammed with guests who paid the equivalent of 60 rupees for dinner.

Mr. Brooks Enemy, President of the Foreign Policy Association, Presided at the dinner at which other guests included Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to the United States Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Sir Girija Shankar Bajpai Mr. B. R. Sen, Minister Plenipotentiary at the Indian Embassy, Mr. R. R. Sakesena India's Counsell-Gen. in New York Sir B. N. Rau, Leader of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations Sir C. D. Deshmukh, India's Economic Ambassador at Large and Mr. Loy Henderson U. S. Ambassador to India.

Indian and the United States flags flanked the table at which Pandit Nehru and the Indian leaders were seated.

Mr. J. J. Singh President of the Indian League of America, and Mr. Philip C. Jessup, American Ambassador at Large welcomed Pandit Nehru and his party on their arrival.

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, wife of the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt, introduced Pandit Nehru to the guests.

NO TRUTH IN REPORT

NEW YORK, Oct. 19, (PTI): A spokesman for Pandit Nehru said today there was no truth in an American News Agency report that the Indian Prime Minister has urged on the United States for an early recognition of Communist China.

"We have urged nothing", the spokesman said.

He added that Pandit Nehru had said in Washington that (contrary to another earlier report) he had not discussed the recognition of China with Mr. Attlee when in London on his way to the United States.

NEHRU AT U. N. SECRETARIAT

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 19, (PTI-ter): Pandit Nehru met all the Indian members of the Secretariat when he visited the United Nations Headquarters today.

Of the staff of over 3,000, the Indian employees number about twenty-five.

Mr. Trygve Lie, the Secretary-General, and Mr. Andrew Cordier, Assistant Secretary General, Sir B. N. Rau, Leader of the Indian delegation with the other Indian delegates were with the Indian Prime Minister on occasion

The Indian Secretariat included Mrs. Laxmi Menon, chief of the women section of the Social and Economic Affairs Department. Mr. Goel Obhrai of the Radio section, introduced his Indian colleagues to Pandit Nehru.

The Indian Secretariat employees were seated around a horseshoe table and Pandit Nehru asked each in turn to which Department they belonged.

Mr. Trygve Lie said India was under-represented in the Secretariat and that steps would shortly be taken to increase India's representation especially in the higher grades.

Mr. Lie said a representative would go to India soon to help in the recruitment of the Indian staff.

Mr. Andrew Cordier, speaking on behalf of the Secretariat expressed the appreciation of the work of the Indian members and he said to Pandit Nehru "I am very happy to record that the Indian staff has made a very effective contribution to the administrative work of the united Nations."

Pandit Nehru showed interest in the nature of the work on which the Indian staff members were engaged and the tenures of their service. He was told that Mr. T. Raman, of the Department of Public Information, had the longest service in the United Nation.

Mr. Lie said some of the Indians were on a five-year contract and others on an indefinite contract which, more or less, meant permanent tenure in the United Nations service.

During the talks, Pandit Nehru asked how many members of the Indian staff could talk and understand Hindustani, and was told that all could do so. The Indian prime minister smilingly said "We shall have to make Hindustani one of the official languages in the United Nations". Mr. Cordier replied that the United Nations was considering steps to increase the number of languages in which U. N. literature was issued.

Pandit Nehru spent some time discussing the possibilities of making greater use in India of the Hindustani broadcasts that were being issued by the U.N. Radio section.

He instructed that a special note be made of the timings and other details of the broadcasts so that they could be relayed in India.

FRENCH TECHNICAL MISSION FOR INDIA

Ambitious Trade Pact To Be Concluded Shortly

PARIS. Oct. 19, (PTI-Reuter): Trade Negotiations between France and India were now on the point of resulting in the first trade treaty concluded between the two countries Mr. M. P. Mathur, Commercial Charge D'Affaires of the Indian Embassy in Paris said today

Trade exchanges between the two countries are expected to amount to several thousand million francs, he said. The Indian Union will buy especially 100,000 tons of iron and steel products, dyes, fertilisers, pharmaceutical products, machine tools, electrical equipment and cereals. France will import thousands of tons of mica, manganese, hides, edible oils, hemp manufactured jute and green tea for French overseas territories

TECHNICAL MISSION

Mr. Mathur also said that a French mission of technical experts (including representatives of Schneider and the French Nationalised Electricity Company) is to go to India to study plans for building hydro-electric dams there

The French photographic film company Lumiere has also been contracted to envisage setting up a plant in India to produce film. India is at present one of the world's biggest consumers of photographic film and wishes therefore to produce it herself

OTHER PROJECTS

The construction of the metropolitan railways of Calcutta, as well as the construction of a radio and radar plant and ship-building yards in India has been entrusted to French technicians Mr. Marthur added that French banks had participated in the realisation of these programmes aiming at the general industrialisation of the Indian Union.

RUSSIA IS THE CULPRIT

Britain's Reply To Polish Charges

LONDON, Oct. 20 (PTI-Reuter)—Britain, in notes published here today, told Poland and Czechoslovakia that the Soviet Union, and not Britain, as they alleged, had violated the Potsdam Agreement on Germany.

The British notes rejected Polish and Czechoslovak protests earlier this month, against the establishment of the German Republic at Bonn.

The Polish and Czech notes themselves followed a Soviet protest to the Western Powers which has already been rejected.

THE DANGER

In reply to objections to the decentralised and federal character of the Bonn Government, the note said that the Czechoslovak solution would lead to a revival of the policy of Hitler and Bismarck and to that type of highly centralised Government under the domination of one party which in the past has provided a convenient base for German aggressive aims with disastrous results to the Czechoslovak people and nation".

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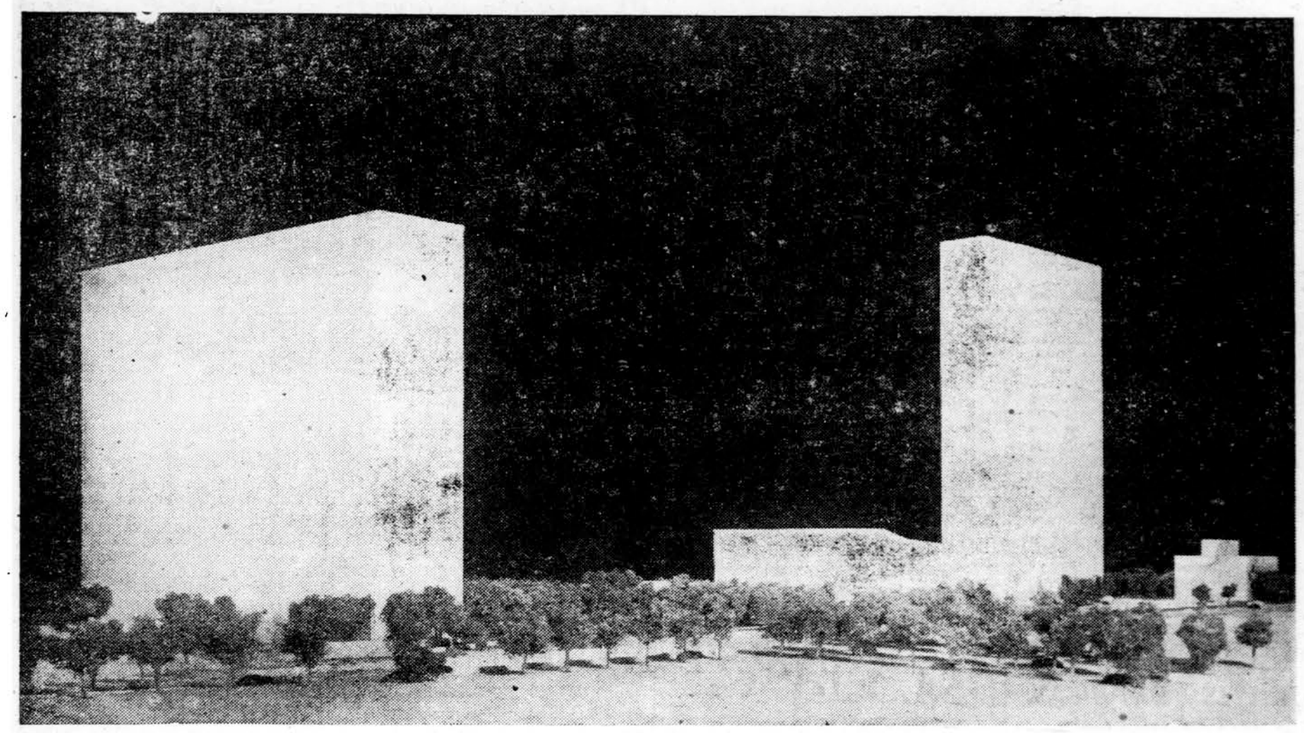
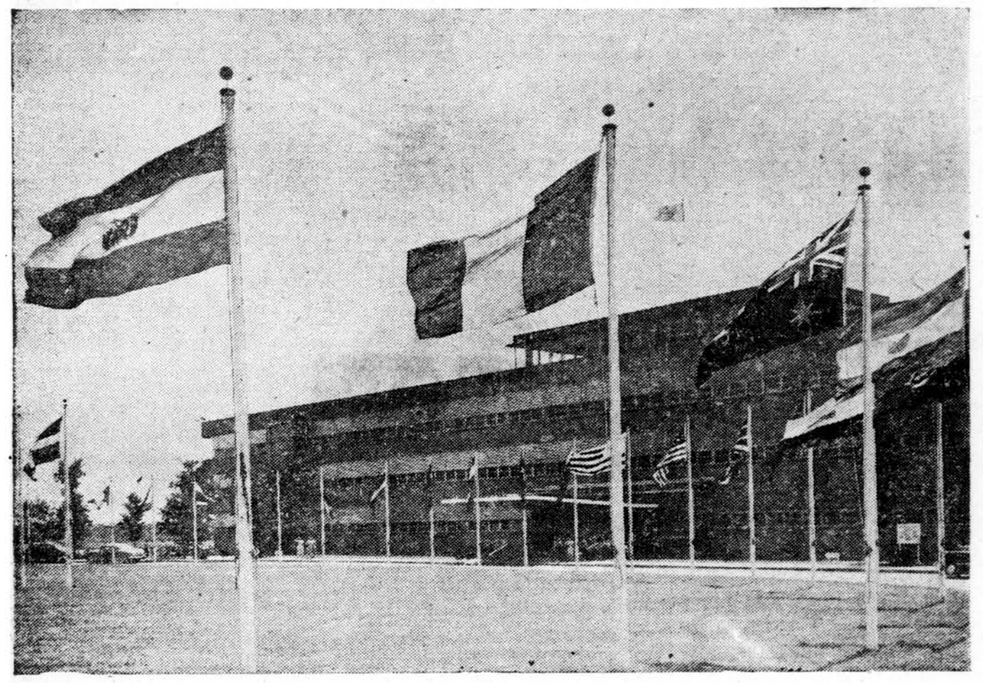
on 21 April, 2017

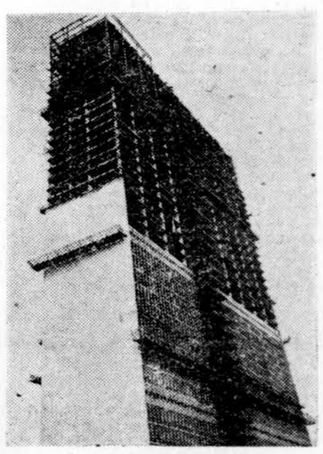
The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

U.N. Headquarters







(Top) Approved model of the permanent headquarters on the Manhattan site, New York City. (Bottom left) Flags of the 59 member States flying in front of the entrance of the interim H. Q. at Lake Success. (Bottom right) the completed steel framework of the 39-storey building for the permament H. Q.

GENERAL ELECTION PROSPECTS IN BRITAIN

The possibility of an early dissolution of Parliament and General Elections next month continues to be prominent although it is not yet certain what the Government's intentions are.

According to political observers, if the elections are to be held soon, the official announcement will be made possibly before Parliament reassembles on October 18: but if they are not to be held until the spring the announcement will be delayed until after Christmas.

Hitherto it has been assumed, on the basis of Ministerial statements, that the Government will continue until the end of the Parliament's five-year term, which expires next August. The basis of this reasoning is the Labour Government's emphatic view that the Socialist majority in the House of Commons should be enabled to legislate throughout the Parliament's full term without frustration by the Conservative House of Lords.

PARLIAMENT BILL

If Parliament were to be dissolved now, the Parliament Bill, which proposes to greatly reduce the period for which the Lords can delay Bills, would automatically have to be dropped. It would then be impossible for the Government to secure the passage next year of the Iron and Steel Bill to nationalise the steel industry —one of their key measures of socialisation —to which they have devoted great attention against strong opposition during the last 12 months.

Little more than two months ago the Government brought in the Parliament Bill for the third time in order to overcome the Lord's veto which, at present, can successfully be imposed twice on a Bill. Under the current procedure this Bill cannot have its third second-reading in the Commons before November 11, but then it can go forward very quickly and become law before Christmas. Once that is through the way is clear for the Iron and Steel Bill to be enacted before the present Parliament expires next summer.

A dissolution next month, such as is being advocated in some quarters and cautiously predicted in others, would undo all this parliamentary labour which would have to be gone through all over again.

ALTERED EXCHANGE RATE

There would need to be strong reasons for losing the two Bills, but the new exchange rate has brought about a situation which might make early elections advisable.

The national need for continued strenuous effort without extra reward is very much in mind as a result of Sir Stafford Cripps's speeches. It is recognised that some none too popular policies, such as wage restraint and public economy, have to be fairly pursued—and at a time when some rise in prices, as a result of the change in the exchange rate is inevitable.

Some Government supporters take the view that the Government should renew the electoral mandate to confront the new economic situation. Opposition writers observe that on the assumption that the situation is likely to become more difficult it might be wiser for the Labour Party to seek a renewal of the mandate now than wait till next year.

The fact that Mr. Churchill has called for early elections might be taken as evidence that the Government do not want to hold them now. There are voices on the left of the Labour Party also calling for new elections, but they do not necessarily speak for the bulk of the Party. Observers of the parliamentary scene have remarked that the House of Commons would be the better for a change, but that is usual in a Parliament's last year.

OFFER VOLUNTARY CUTS IN YOUR PAY

Gadgil's Call To Low Paid Govt. Employees

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (PTI).

MR. N. V. GADGIL, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, today advised low paid employees of the Government of India to offer voluntary cuts in their pay as an economy measure.

He was replying to an address presented to him and the Labour Minister Mr. Jagjivan Ram by 4,000 'Class Four' officers.

"Our democratic state", said Mr. Gadgil, "belongs to the poor, and the poor must come to its rescue in times of difficulty. Actually, to suggest to the lower paid officers that economy cuts should apply only to the higher paid officers is an insult to them, just as it would be an insult to humanity if a poor man were prevented from placing his little pie before God Viswanath besides the rupee from the rich man.

"After all there are 15 lakhs of Central Government servants who get less than Rs. 250 a month, and if each one of them contributes one rupee per month, they would be helping Government more than any other class. And if money can influence, here is the chance for the poor to influence the Government".

Mr. Gadgil made it clear that he was only making a suggestion for their consideration.

NOT INSIGNIFICANT

"Do not consider yourselves insignificant", he told them. "The machinery of the Government is no doubt huge, but even a huge machine cannot run if a little nut or bolt is not its place. You and I, we are all engaged in a huge co-operative effort in the service of this country. We must all work in that spirit.

"Whatever be your demands and grievances, we on our side shall try to meet them within the limits of availability of funds and propriety.

We welcome responsible criticism, however frank, of any of our actions. This is the democratic spirit, you are all now citizens of a free country, and you must speak and act always with dignity".

Mr. Jagjivan Ram said that in free India there must be equality of opportunity for all. It would be wrong any longer to say that a chaprassi's son must also serve as a chaprassi. Everyone, however humble, must have full freedom to grow spiritually and materially.

FLIGHT OVER THE HIMALAYAS

Geological Survey

NEW DELHI, October 20. (P.T.I): A party of geologists made an aerial flight for geological reconnaissance purposes over the Nepal ranges of the Himalayas from Lucknow on October 18, a member of the party, Dr. D. N. Wadia, disclosed in an interview here today.

Besides Dr. Wadia, who is Geological Adviser to the Government of India, the party consisted of Dr. Arnold Heim, the eminent Swiss geologist now in India at the invitation of the Government of India, and Dr. M. R. Sahni of the Geological Survey of India.

The flight was organised by the Government of India.

Giving an account of the flight, Dr. Wadia said: "the plane took off from Lucknow at 5 a.m. and flying for 185 miles over the planes entered the sub-Himalayan foot-hills at Butwal on the Nepal border and made for the Kali Gandak Valley which traverses the central axis of the Himalayas, right across the line of peaks.

Once the central snow range was crossed, the general aspect of the country was different—a zone of bare mountains, weathered, without the protecting cover of vegetation, forest or snow. As they went further, "the topography became greatly subdued", he said. The plane circled over the border zone, a little above the Mustang pass, and returned by the same valley route.

"The weather was clear and the visibility excellent and full advantage was taken in taking numerous photographs and film records". Dr. Wadia said.

The maximum altitude attained was between 16,000 and 17,000 feet and the whole circular traverse was about 610 miles, the plane touching Lucknow aerodrome a little after 9 a.m.".

LOCKED UP WIFE EVERY DAY

Husband Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Because of his suspicions regarding the fidelity of his young wife, a Muslim youth is alleged to have adopted the precaution of locking her up in her room from the time he left for work in the morning, releasing her only when he returned in the evening.

Husein Abdul Gaffar, whose groundless suspicions led him to keep his wife a prisoner from dawn till dusk, was arrested by the Maharbouri Police on Wednesday. It is reported that for some time now, Gaffar had made it a habit to lock his wife up in her room. He did the same yesterday morning. His wife Rabiya bore the humiliation meekly, but the neighbours are reported to have complained to the police about the treatment meted to his wife by Gaffar, and when the husband returned from work last evening he found that the room had been opened before his arrival.

No sooner had he set foot into his home the Maharbaouri Police who were in wait for him took Gaffar into custody.

BOMBAY NOT TO FOLLOW CENTRE

Unlike the precedent set by the Ministers of the Central Cabinet, who voluntarily effected a cut in their salaries, members of the Bombay Cabinet, it is learnt, are not in a position to follow suit, as their salaries are pretty low, even today.

In responsible circles, it was felt, that this was a happy bit of news, for it is presumed by the other cadres of Government employees, that the Popular Government, was very unlikely to effect any cuts in their salaries or allowances, in such circumstances, and that even if there was any need to introduce any cuts in salaries, it would affect only the highest paid employees and not the rank and file.

It is also learnt, that if and when measures of economy become necessary, Government's attention will be directed in the first instance only at Development programmes.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

SCIENCE marches on. I read the other day that a German scientist had confessed his belief in astrology. Professor Bernal created a stir by declaring, says Tass Agency, that Japan surrendered not because of the Atom Bomb but because of the victorious Russian armies — this although Russia entered the war against Japan almost after the Japanese capitulation. And men in Helsinki are studying the vocal chords of a woman who talks with two voices. The message adds that scientists know of only one other instance of a person talking with two voices, which by the way convinces me that we, ordinary unscientific mortals, have noticed things well in advance of the scientists.

In a little suburb of Bombay, some thirty years back, there was a man who spoke not with two voices but with, it seemed, ten. This is not a wisecrack against politicians but the sober truth. He was, as far as I could make out, a poet and nothing pleased him more than to gather us boys round him and recite his compositions. His masterpiece ran into some hundred stanzas, beginning well in the evening and going on far past the dinner hour when we were all summoned to our respective homes. We never heard the conclusion but it began with an invocation to Bhagwan and passed on to several well-delivered imprecations about ants. Ocassionally he varied it to "aunts" because one of us had an aunt who, besides standing on her head on the front verandah of her flat, harassed the bard by throwing water on to her flower-pots and letting the overflow fall on his head below, just when he was in the throes of composition. The only lines that I remember were something like,

Why did you put it there?

Because it bit my finger fair,

which recurred several times in different pitches. His voice was so controlled and so varied that he could pass from the whining of a wicket-gate to the croaking of frogs. He was much in demand with us and he never failed to give his imitations. But the peak of his performance was a dialogue between husband and wife (both known to us all), which faithfully represented petition and rejection.

That scientists should interest themselves in this simple matter we never dreamt. In fact, as the gentleman concerned had no particular talent for office routine, our elders were inclined to discourage us and warn us not to associate with him. And so we passed out of his orbit, leaving him to entertain other children and we, in turn, warned them with the solemnity of those who had learnt from experience. When I read that scientists are interesting themselves in things which amused us as children, it makes me feel that Science is moving on.

Drastic Reorganisation Of Society Needed

JAYAPRAKASH'S SOLUTION TO COUNTRY'S PROBLEMS

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (PTI).

MR. JAYAPRAKASH Narayan, the Socialist leader, today suggested conscription of all youngmen above 18 for compulsory training in the "Art of Citizenship".

Addressing a meeting organised by the National Council of Socio-Economic Research, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan said the problems of the country could be solved only by "drastically" reorganising the present society. The youth of the country, particularly students, he said, must be so equipped "physically and intellectually" as to be able to discharge successfully the responsibilities of free citizens.

DETAILS

Giving details of his plan which he described as "compulsory citizenship recruitment", the Socialist leader said youngmen whether in factory, workshop or office should be conscripted for training for six months.

In the intellectual sphere these youngmen should be taught the rudiments of history, country's politics and administration and given a working knowledge of political and economic situation in the neighbouring countries. In the physical plane they should be given training in drills, parade, shooting, marches, excursions, riding, driving and swimming.

After six months, the trainees, the Socialist leader said, might be sent to villages or towns for specific periods to do some constructive social work.

Asked to give his views on the controversy whether students should take part in politics, Mr. Narayan said, it was "impractical" to expect the students to keep out of politics when various political controversies were raging in the country. He, however, advocated a single all-India organisation for students which should deal with all subjects affecting students excepting politics. To express or propagate their political views students could do so through separate organisations formed for the purpose.

A national union of students to deal with cultural and other needs of students, he said, was expected to be set up on an all-India basis in November next. For political purposes, Socialist students' clubs or similar political organisations might be sponsored.

Reiterating that the Socialist economy was the only solution of the country's economic ills, Mr. Narain said, "a large scale social upheaval" was a certainty if the present Government continued to pursue its policy of appeasement of the capitalists.

"ANTI-SOCIAL"

Government's concessions to capitalists in matters of taxation, imports and investment of capital, he said, had not satisfied them. Even the assurance not to nationalise key industries for a period of 10 years although against the declared policy of the Congress had not elicited co-operation from the capitalists. The last "anti-social" act of the Government of condoning black-market money, if it was voluntarily declared before the income tax investigation commission, had left them cold. "The capitalists", Mr. Narain declared, "will not play the game even if there is a complete surrender on the part of the Government".

Mr. Narain said it was preposterous to ask the poorer classes in the country to live a simpler life. Austerity and plain living should be enforced on the capitalist class so that "the country may live and rebuild".

Huge sums of money were being wasted on "Grow More Food" and similar campaigns to produce more food, he said, it was impossible to achieve any increase in the yield per acre without reorganising agricultural economy on a co-operative basis. The state must enter the picture and increase production both in the industrial and agricultural spheres by chalking out definite plans and executing them within specified periods of time.

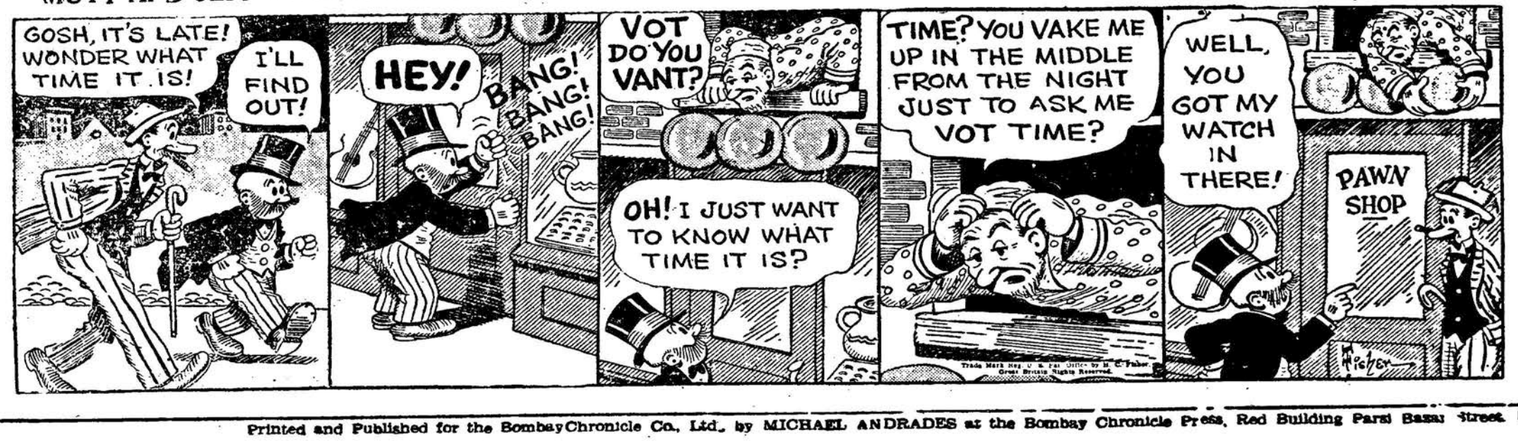
UNION PARLIAMENT TO MEET ON NOV. 28

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19: The Union Parliament which commences its autumn session on November 28 will hold twenty sittings according to present plans, the Session ending on December 23. November 30 and December 16 have been kept for non-official resolution and Bills respectively.

The Finance Minister's Eight Point Plan to implement devaluation is also expected to be discussed during the session. So also the sugar muddle.

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, It Wasn't Daylight-Service T ime Anyway — By BUD FISHER


GOSH, IT'S LATE! I WONDER WHAT TIME IT IS!
I'LL FIND OUT!
HEY!
BANG! BANG! BANG!
VOT DO YOU VANT?
OH! I JUST WANT TO KNOW WHAT TIME IT IS?
TIME? YOU VAKE ME UP IN THE MIDDLE FROM THE NIGHT JUST TO ASK ME VOT TIME?
WELL, YOU GOT MY WATCH IN THERE!
PAWN SHOP

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